THIS IS THE FIFTH AND LAST LOAN—SEE THE JOB THROUGH!

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Showers today; cooler at night; Tuesday fair and cooler.
For full weather report see Page 15.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,381 NEW YORK, MONDAY, MAY 5, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

GREAT LOAN RALLY AT HIPPODROME NETS $11,250,000

Cardinal Mercier's Autographed Photograph Brings $1,600,000 Subscription.

$2,060,000 BOX PARTY POOL

Marie Dressler, George T. Wilson, and Jack McGowan Prove Winning Auctioneers.

ADMIRAL SIMS SPEAKS

Tells How Men "Over There" Were Heartened by Oversubscriptions of Earlier Loans.

At a great Victory Loan rally held last night at the Hippodrome, under the auspices of the Theatrical, Motion Pictures and Allied Amusements Committee of the Advisory Trades Committee of the Government Loan Organization, $11,250,000 was subscribed. This was said by loan officials to be the largest amount raised at a meeting of the kind in any of the loan campaigns. The next highest figure was $7,500,000 subscribed at the Victory Loan rally in the Metropolitan Opera House.

An autographed photograph of Cardinal Mercier, the Belgian Primate, brought $1,600,000, the purchaser being William H. English, vice president of the Empire Trust Company. In addition Mr. English subscribed for a $1,000,000 note.

There were several subscriptions of $500,000 or more, the largest, next to that of Mr. English, announced in the course of the evening, being from a box occupied by Charles H. Sabin, Nicholas F. Brady, William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and other prominent citizens, who made up a pool of $2,060,000, which was announced by Frederic A. Wallis. The others in that pool included William H. Woodin, William Woodward, Judge Elbert H. Gary of the United States Steel Corporation, Chauncey M. Depew, the Metropolitan Trust Company, the National City Bank, and the Corn Exchange Bank and others.

The Hippodrome was crowded with an audience representing all elements of American citizenship, and not since that memorable meeting in the New Amsterdam Theatre in the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign, when with President Wilson present, nearly $1,000,000 was raised, has New York witnessed such a lively auction as that housed in the Hippodrome last night. The auctioneers were Miss Marie Dressler, George T. Wilson of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, and Jack McGowan, the actor. Miss Dressler carried off the honors as a seller of bonds, with Mr. Wilson and his actor colleague tied for second place.

The first subscription announced was for $500,000, the subscriber being Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr. Her subscription was immediately followed by that of Mr. English for $1,000,000. The third subscription, also for a $500,000 note, was made by Bernard K. Marcus, cashier of the Bank of the United States. Mr. Marcus's subscription was immediately followed by another $500,000 purchase, the purchaser in this instance being Walter E. Frew, the President of the Corn Exchange Bank. Henry K. Miller of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., also announced his subscription at $500,000, and then came the announcement of the big pool in the Sabin-Brady-Vanderbilt interests by Mr. Wallis. Five subscriptions, each for $100,000, followed. They were made by Miss Mabel M. Powvret of 410 Park Avenue, Jessie Nash, Mrs. Walter E. Frew, Charles W. Wilmot, and August Belmont.

Mr. Belmont's was the subscription that immediately preceded the auction of the Mercier photograph. Mr. McGowan advanced to the front of the stage. He held the framed likeness of the Belgian prelate in his hand.

"This," he said, "is a photograph of Belgium's immortal priest. It has been autographed by him and it is to be sold here and now for the benefit of the Victory Loan of the United States. The more it brings the happier will be the great man whose likeness it is. Cardinal Mercier belongs not alone to Belgium but to all the allied world. We don't intend that this photograph, which cost perhaps $3 or $4, shall go for a cent less than $1,000,000 and we expect it to bring much more than that. Now who will start the bidding?"

"I will," a man in an upper left side box instantly replied.

"How much?" asked Mr. McGowan.

"Fifty thousand," was the quick reply.

"One hundred thousand," came an announcement from another part of the house, and then suddenly from a front seat on the main floor came a bid for $500,000. So it was by $50,000 and $100,000 the bidding proceeded. Mr. English made the $1,000,000 bid. Then by a few thousands at a time the bidding proceeded until $1,500,000 was reached, when Mr. English again entered the competition with the successful bid of $1,600,000.

After the Mercier photograph had been knocked down to Mr. English the folks who had bought $50 and $100 and $1,000 notes had their chance, and they met the test. More than $200,000, it was es-

Continued on Page Three.

With ROSS'S BELFAST imported here again don't let them tell you—"You can't get imported ginger ale."—Advt.

For the Nation's Honor, Don't Let the Loan Fail, Secretary Glass Urges, Admitting Apprehension.

By Telegraph to The Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 3.—I would be lacking in frankness if I did not tell you that the Treasury Department is apprehensive concerning the Victory Liberty Loan. In view of this serious situation, as Secretary of the Treasury and as a fellow newspaper publisher, I appeal to you to help impress upon your readers the urgency of subscribing to this loan by publishing in your editions of Monday in a first page box, if possible, the following message:

The Victory Liberty Loan campaign is two-thirds over, but subscriptions have been reported for little more than one-third of the loan.

Is it conceivable that the American people, who with heart and soul waged the fight for freedom, will permit this loan of victory and thanksgiving to fail?

Our sons gave of their health, of their strength, and of their lives that freedom might not perish. There are one and a half million American boys in France and Germany. Now that the war is ended, it would be as reasonable for them to dishonor the nation by deserting the flag as for the nation to dishonor itself by deserting them. Is it a large thing that we are now asked to lend our money to pay the cost of victory? Is American money less willing than American manhood?

Let every one of the millions who have bought Liberty bonds buy Victory notes, and success is sure.

CARTER GLASS, Secretary of the Treasury.

WOOD'S NAME TO GO BEFORE CONVENTION

Senator Moses Says New Hampshire Will Propose Him at Republican Gathering.

PREDICTS HIS ELECTION

Says Sentiment for Him Is Developing in All New England States and in the West.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—In the opinion of Senator Moses of New Hampshire, a growing sentiment is spreading throughout the Republican Party for the nomination of General Leonard Wood as the party's candidate for President in 1920. Senator Moses says New Hampshire will offer General Wood's name at the Republican Convention as a favorite son, and he believes that the General, if nominated, would be elected.

Senator Moses says sentiment for General Wood is developing in all the New England States, as well as throughout the West. He finds "more sentiment of the kind that elects Presidents surrounding General Wood than any other who has been mentioned as a nominee in 1920." The only question, he says, is whether the demand among the party's voters can be "transmuted into the kind of sentiment that produces delegates and nominates Presidents."

Senator Moses says New Hampshire has prior claim to General Wood, as he was born in that State, but that Massachusetts also backs him, as he entered the army from that State, while Kansas has given him her citizenship.

"He will go to the convention," declares the Senator, "like Grant from Appomattox and its famous apple tree, supported by a nation-wide circle of friends and, if nominated, will be elected."

The drift in the Republican Party toward General Wood, the Senator says, "is readily explainable."

"The people," he said, "are turing away from Wilson, who will return home sadly diminished in spite of the League of Nations and its initial session to be held in Washington. A most significant feature of many public meetings which I have attended in New England was the readiness with which the audiences rose to any gibe at Wilson. This would have been impossible prior to the President's trip to Paris; and now it signifies the shift in public opinion.

"In turning from such a figure, the inevitable tendency of the public mind is to seek its antithesis. Colonel Roosevelt embodied this ideal to the last degree, and had he lived I think he would have been our candidate, named, perhaps, by acclamation. With him gone there is a demand for an inheritor of the Roosevelt legend.

"To many minds Leonard Wood seems the rightful heir, with the strawberry mark on his right arm, and all the other signs of full identification. With Roosevelt he sought to serve overseas, and that privilege was refused; with Roosevelt he accepted uncomplainingly the fate which jealous politicians meted out to him, and did his full duty at home, like the good soldier that he is. Like Roosevelt, he has an infectious personality which has baffled all the plans of the Administration to pocket him. Exiled to Charleston by the War Department, he infected the South—and nowhere has he more admirers than in that solid Democratic section. Sent then to the pacifist plains of Kansas as a safe hiding place, he inoculated that region with his genius—and now the prairies are ablaze with enthusiasm for him. Transferred now to cosmopolitan Chicago, he seems to be repeating there his experiences in the Democratic South and the pacifist Middle West—and his sturdy Americanism is already producing its inevitable reaction.

"General Wood's speeches, too, are of a character to attract attention. His thought is always for his country; and the controverted questions of acute momentary interest have not diverted him from the central idea that the United States must depend upon itself in the future, no matter how massive may be the international machinery which inventive minds are trying to set up for the manufacture of a millennium. This soldier as administrator and statesman has no illusions, and the constructive period which delayed peace will usher in will find him ready to help solve its problems."

FALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES Cork and Plain Ends.—Advt.

KILLED IN CHURCH AS SKYLIGHT FALLS

Window Weighing Half a Ton Is Shattered Over Trenton Congregation.

PRIESTS STAY A PANIC

One Woman Struck by Fragment of the Frame Dies and Many Are Injured.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 4.—One woman was killed, eight were seriously injured, and twenty others suffered slight injuries when a heavy stained glass skylight in St. Mary's Cathedral here fell upon the heads of the congregation today while an usher was trying to open it to ventilate the church. A panic among several hundred women attending the service of the women's mission was prevented by the priests, who called upon the congregation to remain in the pews.

The stained glass window, with its fixtures, weighed more than 1,000 pounds and for many years had remained secure in its place in the roof of the cathedral, more than seventy-five feet above the heads of the congregation. It was used as part of the ventilating system of the church and a heavy cord was part of the apparatus used in opening and closing it.

As the special service of the women's mission was about to begin yesterday under the direction of Vincentian Fathers from Germantown a request was made by several members of the congregation to one of the volunteer ushers that some of the windows be opened. He stepped into a room to manipulate the device to open the heavy window, and upon slight pressure the entire apparatus was demolished by the jerk of the falling window.

As the window parted from its fastenings in the roof, the heavy stained glass panes broke into large fragments, and, with the wood and metal casings, fell upon the heads of more than 100 women, who were sitting on the end seats of the pews near the centre aisle. Few of them escaped injury. Miss Mary Kennedy was killed instantly, when part of the heavy frame struck her on the head. Others who were injured so seriously that they had to be taken to hospitals were the Misses Edith Duffy and Emily Maxwell of 217 Bellevue Avenue, Mrs. Mary Maher, Miss Catherine Kelly, Mrs. Bridget McQuade, Miss May McLeroy, Mrs. Herbert Holmes, and Mrs. Frank McGuigan.

About 1,200 women were in the cathedral and all were so alarmed by the accident that they started for the doors. The Rev. H. E. Gunville, who was about to begin the services, saw that many of the women probably would be injured if they attempted to crowd out of the edifice, and he called upon them to remain in their pews. While the women were taking their seats he began the service, reassuring them that all danger was past. Physicians, ushers, and priests quietly began the work of assisting the injured women to the anterooms, where first aid was given. Many who had received slight cuts and bruises were taken to their homes in automobiles.

After Father Gunville had finished his sermon Mgr. John H. Fox, vicar general of the Roman Catholic diocese of Trenton, announced that Miss Kennedy had been killed in the accident. Several women fainted upon hearing his announcement and had to be assisted to the anterooms. An investigation of the accident has been ordered by Mgr. Fox.

WILL REMIND GERMANY

If She Forgets Allies' Generosity, Says Poincare.

PARIS, May 4.—President Poincaré, speaking today to the cadets of the Paris Polytechnic School, who have just returned to Paris from the front, said:

"The enemy laid down his arms only to escape danger. If he attempts to forget what the generosity of the Allies spared him we have the right and the means to recall that fact to him."

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

NAVY FLIERS READY FOR TRANSATLANTIC START TOMORROW

Three Seaplanes Will 'Hop Off' for Halifax on First Leg Soon After Daybreak.

TO TREPASSEY WEDNESDAY

Expect to Leave Newfoundland for Azores Ten Days After Leaving Rockaway.

SHORT FLIGHTS TODAY

Seven of Destroyer Patrol Fleet at Trepassey and Four More at Halifax, Bound for Stations.

Three United States seaplanes, weather permitting, will start tomorrow morning between daybreak and 7:30 o'clock on the first leg of their transatlantic flight, according to an official announcement made by Commander John H. Towers yesterday at the Rockaway Beach Naval Air Station. The first "hop" will be from Rockaway Beach to the harbor of Halifax, N. S., a distance of 540 nautical miles, and before noon Wednesday the airboats will fly on to Trepassey, N. F., 460 nautical miles.

Within ten days after leaving Rockaway the three American airships will attempt the flight to the same continent which Columbus sailed from with his three ships 427 years ago. Wind is of paramount importance at the start of a successful air trip to terminate in Europe, according to Commander Towers, but more important than the direction of the wind on the first two legs are local weather conditions at Newfoundland. If there is fog in the north the seaplanes will not attempt the flight tomorrow to Halifax.

"Nothing of importance," said the commander, "is left to be done, which would hinder the planes from leaving tomorrow. They are ready now, with the exception of fueling, to start for Newfoundland. The performances of the three seaplanes are so nearly the same on the low curve tests that we feel there is no necessity of testing out each for their high carrying ability."

"The engines of the NC-3 have had the five hour test; those of the NC-1 a one and a half hour test, and those of the NC-4 two hours. The propellers which have been determined upon are the regular type on the two tractor motors and the Olmstead propeller on the centre motors. We find that this arrangement does away with the difficulties encountered on account of the alignment of the centre engines."

The seaplanes will follow the coast line to Newfoundland and will not fly over land except a narrow strip at Mononoy Point, Cape Cod. During about 60 per cent. of the journey they will be easily seen from shore. The NC-3 and NC-4 are painted a battleship gray with cream color wings and the NC-1 is entirely gray.

There will be no change in the personnel of the crews as published several days ago, but it will be announced today which crews will man the different planes. Five gallons of drinking water will be carried in the hull, and each member of the crews will be allowed to carry five pounds in personal effects.

The greatest precautions were being taken yesterday to keep unknown persons from approaching the hydroplanes. The planes will start tomorrow without ceremonies, and an order has been issued that no "outsider" will be allowed to see the getaway. Newspaper men will be required to stand at a certain place well away from the craft.

The NC-1, which was badly damaged in a snowstorm and had been refitted with the wings of the NC-2, made a flight yesterday. It proved more airworthy than any of the other planes have on their maiden flights. In less than ten seconds after the motors were turned into the high speed the NC-1 literally jumped from the water. On one of her previous flights before being refitted she carried fifty-one persons. Yesterday she carried a crew of twelve, and was in the air just an hour. On the return trip, Commanders Richardson and McCullough, the pilots, appeared to have difficulty in keeping the big bird on the water. Three or four times on striking the water she bounced up again, and when she finally drew up to her landing place the smiling crew got out of the boat and paid a glowing tribute to the "wonderful demonstration."

Short flights will be taken in the three planes this morning and afternoon, "if," which is always added in giving flight orders, the weather permits. The betting odds at the station that the three planes will reach Newfoundland are 2 to 1; even money that one of the planes will reach Plymouth, England, 1 to 5 that they will all reach Lisbon, Portugal. No wagers have been placed at the station on the race for Europe between England and America, but the

Continued on Page Thirteen.

WASHINGTON'S NEWEST AND BEST. WARDMAN PARK HOTEL. Write for information. H. Albert, (formerly Mgr. The Homestead, Hot Springs, Va.) —Advt.

Remember VENUS PENCILS. Remember VENUS PENCILS.—Advt.

COUNCIL ASKS ITALIANS TO RETURN; BELGIUM NOW THREATENS TO BOLT AND REVISED OFFER IS MADE TO HER

OVERTURES SENT TO ROME

Reported to Have Been Couched in the Friendliest Terms.

ACCEPTANCE IS EXPECTED

Council Is Believed to be Paving the Way for a Territorial Adjustment.

ENVOYS WERE A VITAL LINK

French Ambassador and Lloyd George's Messenger in Conferences with Orlando.

PARIS, May 4, (Associated Press.)—President Wilson, Premier Clemenceau, and Premier Lloyd George, composing the Council of Three, today sent a communication to the Italian Government inviting it to resume its place at the Peace Conference.

The Council's invitation is of such a nature that it is believed Italy will accept it and that the relations temporarily broken by the recent departure from Paris of Premier Orlando and Foreign Minister Sonnino will be restored by the presence of Italian delegates at the conference before the treaty is delivered to the German delegates.

The Council of Three considered the Italian situation in its deliberations during the last two days, and finally determined upon an initiative of the friendliest nature. The terms of the communication to the Italian Government have not been disclosed, but it is believed that they seek to remove the personal element of the controversy and pave the way for a territorial adjustment when the relations are resumed.

Major Fiorello H. La Guardia, a member of the United States House of Representatives from New York, who is an Italian, said, after seeing Colonel House today, that he believed the entire Italian question could be settled within forty-eight hours. He added that he was urging that pride should not stand in the way of Italy's acceptance of the first overtures made from Paris.

Italy has been notified of the Allies' intention to call Austrian and Hungarian delegates to the Peace Congress.

Hint of France as Intermediary.

LONDON, May 4.—Telegrams from the Italian capital reporting the efforts being made by allied diplomats to heal the breach caused by the absence of Italy's delegation at the Peace Conference say that Camille Barrère, the French Ambassador at Rome, conferred with Premier Orlando yesterday from 11:35 A. M. until noon.

A conflict of opinion is apparent among the Italian newspapers regarding a possible settlement of the Adriatic question. One Rome message says the Epoca understands that a solution of the Fiume dispute will be proposed, with France acting as intermediary. Another telegram quotes the Giornale d'Italia as stating that there is no foundation for this report.

A dispatch from Rome says that Premier Orlando conferred at length yesterday with Ellis Jones Griffith, former Parliamentary Under Secretary to the British Home Office. The interview was regarded in political circles as connected with the departure of the Italian delegates from the Peace Conference. Mr. Griffith was understood to be communicating on the subject with the British delegation at Paris.

It was announced in Paris last week that Premier Lloyd George had sent a representative of his Government to Rome to open informal negotiations for the return to Paris of the Italian Peace Delegation.

ROME EXPECTED SETTLEMENT

Italians Believed and Hoped That a Reconciliation Was Coming.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, May 3.—"The Allies cannot make peace without Italy."

This phrase, which is spread across the front page of the Giornale d'Italia's midday edition, expresses not only the belief but the hope of the Italian peo-

Continued on Page Two.

INVEST IN VICTORY NOTES—HARTS-HORNE, FALES & CO., 71 Broadway.—Advt.

Completed Treaty Is Now in the Printer's Hands; Germans Are Likely to Receive It Wednesday

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 3.—The revising of the Treaty of Peace was finished tonight, and it goes to the printer. Further delays in presenting it to the Germans will be mechanical, according to an official statement, but nobody dares to be too sure that it will be ready to place in Brockdorff-Rantzau's hands at Versailles on Tuesday, according to schedule. Wednesday seems to be a safer date.

It is safer to be optimistic about the treaties with Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey, for they are farther off. So the official hope in the American group is that these treaties with the United States will be prepared in time for Wilson to sign them, as well as make a treaty with Germany, before he departs for America. There is a clause in the German treaty which commits Germany in advance to agree with all arrangements which the Entente and America may make with Germany's recent war allies.

American comment tonight on the Chinese protest against the Shantung agreement is that the protest was written before the Chinese had seen the text of the agreement. China's rejoinder is that no agreement should have been made without her representative seeing it.

GERMANS RESERVED ARGUMENT ON ITALY

Were Ready to Make Use of It if Their Credentials Were Questioned.

CYNOSURE OF SIGHTSEERS

But Barriers Keep the Sunday Crowds at a Distance—Delegates Attend Church.

VERSAILLES, May 4, (Associated Press.)—The question of Italian representation at the peace negotiations, so far as can be ascertained, has not been raised by the German delegates. Certainly it was not touched upon at the meeting of the Interallied and German Credentials Commissions here Thursday.

The Germans had this point in reserve and, according to indications, would probably have raised it had the interallied representatives at the meeting questioned their right to speak for Germany, with Bavaria in rebellion or enjoying semi-independence, but were so satisfied that Jules Cambon, instead, proposed an exchange of credentials for verification that they did not go out of their way to seek trouble.

There has been no meeting of the German and Interallied Commissions since then, but the Interallied Commission met today at the Quai d'Orsay in Paris to prepare a report, which will be submitted to the Germans in writing. Henry White represented the United States. It is understood that the Interallied representatives found nothing to question in the German documents.

Church goers among the German delegation were few in number, Baron von Lersner and Herr Giesberts, accompanied by several subordinate members of the delegation, attended the morning service in the Catholic church, while three German men and five women occupied reserved pews in the French Protestant church, where the pastor's sermon dealt with loving one's neighbor and repairing any wrong done him. The women, returning with bouquets which they had purchased during their walk, were attended in each case by French secret service agents.

The Germans planned a sight-seeing excursion for this afternoon to the Trianon and the Petit Trianon, and had requested permission to visit the historic apartments of Mme. de Maintenon and Marie Antoinette. The necessary permits were not received, however, and the project had to be abandoned.

A considerable holiday crowd came from Paris to catch a glimpse of the Germans, but the sightseers found the barrier arrangements in working order and were constrained to confine their promenades to the far side of the street, while the Germans took the middle road between the barriers.

Herr Giesberts and Herr Landsberg, observing a French artist sketching members of the German party at the entrance to their hotel this afternoon went over to him and asked him to make a sketch of them also. They posed patiently for the artist and then signed the sketches.

Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, head of the delegation, took a short stroll, and later remained outside his hotel chatting with the other members of the German delegation.

KAISER WANTS TO RETURN.

Asks Berlin Government for Leave to Go Back to Germany.

BERLIN, May 3, (Associated Press.)—Former Emperor William has requested the German Government to be allowed to return to Germany and reside on his estate at Kadinen, according to a semi-official statement issued here.

MAGNIFICO—the Different Cigar. Mild and fragrant. Manufactured in Key West. Exclusively at UNITED CIGAR STORES.—Advt.

REDS OF MUNICH CRUSHED BY GUNS

Last Important Communist Stronghold in Germany Fell with Capture of Capital.

LANDAUER CAUGHT, IS SHOT

Funds from Russia Cut Off—Government Train Blown Up, 300 Soldiers Killed.

BERLIN, May 4, (Associated Press.)—Government troops have captured the whole of Munich with the exception of the Ganhen quarter, where the Communists have made frequent attempts to negotiate in order to secure more favorable conditions. Premier Hoffmann, however, has reiterated his demand for their unconditional surrender.

The Communists made a bitter defense, but it proved ineffective against the Government's artillery. The dead are estimated to number 200. The Berlin Government has declared that its troops will be withdrawn as soon as order has been restored.

The failure of the Munich insurrection marks the collapse of the last important Communist stronghold in Germany, and for the time being the Ebert and Scheidemann Government is heaving a deep sigh of relief, once more thanking the fairy goddess who bequeathed them Herr Noske, their Minister of Defense.

The irony of fate decreed at the moment when Field Marshall von Hindeburg announced his retirement as chief of the army, that Noske, six months ago an unknown person of military calibre, should with the ragged remnants of former battalions, hurriedly recruited volunteer regiments, now be winning the nation's acclaim in the sordid internecine guerrilla warfare that is not wholly without its opera bouffe setting.

Munich, the gayest and best fed of the capitals, has been treated to an amplified dose of communistic antics, when compared with Bremen, Hamburg, Halle, Dusseldorf, and Brunswick. The Prussian, still mindful of the arbitrary export embargo maintained by Bavaria when Berlin went hungry, is today, with his customary dash of spitefulness, marveling at the vaunted intrepidity of the Bavarians and their utter impotence in the face of a handful of Bolsheviki.

Now that the latter have apparently been defeated and scattered, Government circles in Berlin are not expecting insurrections in other sections on an equally violent scale.

The reorganized political secret service which the Liebknecht Red Guards forcibly disbanded Nov. 9 are at work again and are keeping close scrutiny on Bolshevist machinations. In a lengthy discussion of the situation today the Chief of the Secret Service informed the correspondent that the Communists are now pretty well out of funds, as the Russian ruble has been kicked out of Germany. This, he declared, was the deciding factor for the ending of their plottings, especially in respect to inciting coal strikes, one of their favorite occupations.

"The German Bolsheviki," said the Chief, "are pinning their last hope on a possible failure in obtaining peace and delay in the improvement of the food situation."

The Chief added that Saxony was their only remaining field of promise, as that State is without troops. Leipsic at present is the Communist headquarters, he added, because the independents are in control there as a result of the first Revolutionary Cabinet's failure to check the Radicals in time.

LONDON, May 4.—Gustav Landauer, Minister of Enlightenment in the Bavarian Soviet Government, who recently fled from Munich, has been shot by Government troops at Bamberg, according to a dispatch from Zurich to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

The same correspondent says that Bavarian Spartacide forces have blown up a train crowded with Republican troops near Munich. Three hundred dead soldiers have been taken from the wreckage.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

BELGIANS CONSIDER TERMS

Peace Delegates and Cabinet Members Attend Important Council.

HYMANS HAS ALLIED OFFER

Agree to 2,500,000,000 Franc Priority Claim and to Clear Up War Debt Without Reserve.

PUBLIC OPINION IS AROUSED

Government Said to be Unanimous Against Accepting Original Proffer.

PARIS, May 4.—Le Temps says that the entire French Cabinet is favorably impressed by the report of the peace treaty, and adds that Paul Hymans, the Belgian Foreign Minister and peace delegate, left yesterday for Brussels with two propositions to be considered by the Belgian Government.

These concern the priority of Belgium's claim to the amount of 2,500,000,000 francs against Germany's first reparation payment and the clearing up of Belgium's war debt without reserve, and with the elimination of the conditions which previously attached to this.

The Belgian Cabinet will take these proposals under discussion this evening.

BRUSSELS, May 4, (Associated Press.)—Paul Hymans, the Belgian Foreign Minister, has returned here and will attend an important Cabinet council.

At a meeting of the Cabinet on Saturday, which lasted two and a half hours, it was decided to recall the three Belgian delegates whose presence is needed at a Cabinet council to be held this evening in the Royal Palace at Laeken, which will be attended by all members of the Government and State Ministers. At this conference it will be decided whether or not the conditions offered Belgium by the Peace Conference are acceptable.

One Version of the Terms.

The Catholic newspaper, Nation Belge, says it has been informed that Premier Delacroix told his colleagues at the Cabinet session on Saturday afternoon that Belgium is to receive immediately 2,500,000,000 francs in gold and that the Allies are to relinquish the advances made to Belgium thus far of about 6,000,000,000 francs. The paper also states that all materials requisitioned or destroyed by the Germans are to be returned immediately, and that Germany is to give Belgium annually for a certain number of years 8,000,000 tons of coal, representing 400,000,000 francs. It adds that payment by Germany of 7,000,000,000 marks in circulation in Belgium when the armistice was signed is to take place without the intervention of the Allies, and thus is dependent upon the economic reconstruction of Germany.

Public opinion in Belgium has been upset by the news from Paris concerning what is described as the unsatisfactory decisions reached by the Peace Conference respecting Belgium. Newspapers of all shades of opinion express their disappointment, and it is said the Belgian Government might appeal directly to public opinion in the United States and in Great Britain, recalling the formal promises made to Belgium by the responsible heads of both those countries.

Wants Complete Indemnification.

The Burgomaster of Antwerp in a proclamation has informed the inhabitants that he has sent to the Belgian delegation in Paris a telegram asking them to insist upon complete indemnification and reconstruction, the immediate introduction of raw materials, and a revision of the treaty of 1830.

The Town Council in devastated Termonde has telegraphed similar requests to the Belgian delegation at the French capital, while numerous protests have been sent to King Albert in which he is asked to refuse to sign the peace treaty rather than accept charity.

The Belgian Government unanimously considers the old conditions unacceptable, and so told the Belgian delegates at Paris.

The petition presented to King Albert by the National Political Committee, urging him to refuse to sign the peace treaty, declares the nation would

gain prestige in the eyes of the world if her sovereign declines to attach his signature to a document which did not guarantee her rights.

"In the last few days," says the petition, "vast bodies have joined us. We echo public opinion, which is constantly growing and which is indignant at the little which is offered us for the safety of Belgium and the dynasty. We beg your Majesty to refuse to sign the treaty rather than accept alms given us. By leaving the conference, Belgium would show the immorality of a peace signed without her.

"By sacrificing herself she would gain prestige in the eyes of the world, and the nations would demand that justice should be done her. We believe it would be better to risk having nothing rather than abdicate our right to the reparation and guarantees promised by most solemn assurances. In the midst of the nation's distress, we commit to your hands our desire and our confidence."

WILSON AT FONTAINEBLEAU.

With Mrs. Wilson, He Visits Painters' Haunts in the Forest.

PARIS, May 4, (Associated Press.)—After a morning spent in his study at the "White House," President Wilson today made an automobile excursion to the forest of Fontainebleau. He was accompanied by Mrs. Wilson and Rear Admiral Grayson.

The party visited the Hôtel Barbizon, a favorite rendezvous of the great French painters.

OVATION TO D'ANNUNZIO.

Poet Pictures Italy Crowned with Thorns and Beset by Hatred.

ROME, May 4, (Associated Press.)—An ovation was given Gabriele d'Annunzio, the poet, at a largely attended meeting in the Augusteum today. The speaker described Italy as "a living heroine in the midst of shame," and added that the hatred arising against Italy "is only hellish rancor against the vigor of her life."

"Let our eyes be fixed on her sacred countenance, still crowned with thorns and wet with sweat and blood," d'Annunzio exclaimed. "In spirit the Saviour is by our side and urges us forward."

The poet, who was recently promoted to be a Lieutenant Colonel, continuing, said:

"This is another epochal month of May, like that month of May in 1860 when Garibaldi, with his Thousand, went toward Sicily—like that month of May in 1915 when Italy entered the war, our epochal month of May begins again. Here we are, ready."

The speaker's eloquent tribute to the memory of those who had fallen evoked prolonged outbursts of cheering.

RHINELAND REPORTS ITS STOLEN GOODS

Germans Respond to American Demand to Reveal Allied Property.

COBLENZ, May 3.—Various kinds of machinery from Lille—a Belgian locomotive, 400 tons of steel for barracks, hundreds of books, and a rosary—are among the property listed by the Germans, in response to the American demands, as having been removed from France, Belgium, and other allied countries after the beginning of the war.

Many of the factories which have reported to American headquarters are still operating with machinery taken by the Germans, and, in some cases, will continue to operate until a call is made by the allied command for the surrender of this property.

Included in the list of property are electric cranes, an eighty-seven-ton steel roller from France, electrical pumps, motors of all sizes, and thousands of pieces of agricultural and industrial machinery, principally from Italy, Belgium and France.

Lists have been received from fifteen industrial centres of the American area of machinery distributed according to the chief manufactures of the respective districts, the companies making their reports through the Burgomasters of their localities. Individuals having in their possession property of this kind are also required to make reports, many sending lists of books, beds, clothing, and various articles of furniture. The German having possession of the string of rosary beads says he does not know whence the rosary came, but it is listed among other household and personal articles, principally from Belgimu.

By one factory a revolving table made by an American machine company is listed, the possessor neglecting to state whether it was taken in 1914 by the Germans from France or Belgium.

According to the French reports, much information referring to Belgium and French manufacturing plants was collected before the war by a German agent who had been a merchant in Brussels for twenty years. In July, 1914, according to the French, this German agent made a tour of Valenciennes.

LIGGETT ARRIVES AT COBLENZ.

Takes Over Command of Third Army in Occupied Zone.

COBLENZ, May 2.—Lieut. Gen. Hunter Liggett, formerly commander of the First American Army Corps, arrived here today from Treves by automobile and assumed command of the United States Third Army in the occupied zone. General Liggett relieves Major Gen. Edward F. McGlachlin, commander of the 1st Division, who has been acting commander of the Army of Occupation since Major Gen. Joseph T. Dickman left Germany for France.

General Liggett was met at the outskirts of Coblenz by a squadron of the 3d Cavalry and escorted to headquarters where he received the salute of a battalion of the 58th Infantry. Temporarily, General Liggett will be billeted in the royal suite, otherwise known as Room 2 and 4, in the largest hotel of Coblenz, which was taken over by the Third Army.

NEW REBELLION BEGINS IN BULGARIA

Revolutionists, Who Are Opposed to the Coburg Dynasty, Fight Troops in Sofia.

BERLIN, May 4, (Associated Press.)—A rebellion against the Coburg dynasty at Sofia is reported in a dispatch to the Acht Uhr Abendblatt.

Sanguinary fighting has been going on between Government troops and revolutionists, who demand a Soviet Government.

Ferdinand, the former King of Bulgaria, is a member of the house of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha. He was a son of Prince August of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha.

Lost and Found advertisements on Page 18.

ARMY FORBIDS RHINE DELAY COMPLAINTS

Speculation and Rumors On Return Home Have Made Doughboys Restive.

FIND CONSOLATION IN WINE

Large Numbers Frequent the German Cafes, but Intoxication is Practically Unknown.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, May 2.—Every week that passes time lies more heavily on the hands of the men of the American Army of Occupation. The international politics of the situation means little to the lads who are sitting on the banks of the Rhine, watching one rainy day being followed by another. It is just five months since the first Americans, preceding the ranks of the Third Army, reached the German river, and in those five months there has been about ten minutes' worth of excitement, or less. There is still just one topic that interests them, and that is going home.

Reports that this or that unit may move soon affect the men's spirits so much that General Headquarters has put the lid on speculation as to when movements will take place, because several mistaken reports in Paris papers circulating here have had a bad effect when their predictions did not come true. I am not entirely free to tell all that the men are saying, for the following little censorship rule guides me:

"There will be no complaint about the continued maintenance of American troops in Europe, nor will there be any statement implying that these troops should be withdrawn until such time as the Government of the United States decides will be the case."

Suffice it to say one more time that the men of the Third Army want to go home. All credit is due to the Y. M. C. A. for its recent strenuous efforts to keep the minds of the men occupied, abandoning all other work for its entertainment program and concentrating its energy to make the men of the Third Army contented.

Every hamlet has its theatre, and Treves and Coblenz have many. Last night there were seven different places of amusement going in Coblenz. There are stock companies of professionals, troupes of soldier players, vaudeville, movies, and lectures. Then there are dances nearly every night both for officers and enlisted men. Following complaints that most of the girls were available only for the officers' dances, twenty-five pretty girls are now touring the occupied area to attend only the enlisted men's dances.

The Red Cross is extending its entertainment work and club work, and the Knights of Columbus, Salvation Army, and Jewish Welfare Board are doing their best to make the days pass swiftly. The army authorities are opening new commissaries all the time to keep the men supplied with cigars, cigarettes, and candy. Everything is being done to make the doughboy believe he is having a good time, but he can't be convinced that he doesn't want to go home every minute.

A glance at the main street of the town will disclose all the entertainment there is in Europe put into one evening. He is much obliged for the commissary cigarettes, but his opinion is that he can buy smokes at home if they will send him there.

Rhine Wine Is the One Consolation.

But I am stating only a truth, the very plain truth, when I say that the one consolation you can hear the men talk about here is that they will be able to get a drink of wine as long as they stay on the Rhine. In fact, one of the most popular amusements among the officers and men is indulging in seeming efforts to consume all the Rhine wine hereabouts. It is interesting to note that many engage in this pastime, but practically none gets drunk. Cases of intoxication are few and far between.

Light wines and beer are served from 11 to 2 o'clock and from 5 to 10. The cafés have good music and play American songs, and generally always are crowded. Certain cafés are for officers and others for enlisted men, and neither clash with the other. Wines run in price all the way from 5 marks to 30 marks a quart bottle, which means from 35 cents to about $2, the present value of the mark being slightly over 7 cents. They open up early every weekday.

The other day an "American bar," closed for four years, flung open its doors under the proprietorship of a big Boulogne woman who talks English. She used to live in Chicago. Champagne and cognac are barred for Americans and Germans recently. Because the calendar promises warm weather, out-of-door cafés have been fitted out with little potted trees and many tables are all strung out along the Rhine banks. They look as if they would be inviting when the thermometer climbs.

The Germans have begun to attend the cafés in large numbers. There are a few places where both Germans and Americans drink their wine. When the doughboy gets a glass of wine before him, naturally he drinks it down. Not so with the German. He tastes his slowly, because in that way his thirsty palate can taste each mouthful. The doughboy's answer is that the American method gets better results before the evening is over.

The Americans and Germans are getting down to a better understanding of one another. At first we had the German propaganda. They made an effort to be nice in a sticky molasses sort of way. This made the Americans angry, and when the Germans gave up that program there came a period rather strained, in which some clashes took place. These two periods having passed, things are now more natural.

The Americans have not much use for the Germans personally, but admire their industry and push, which often remind them of America, for they notice that German business methods are more similar to those of America than are the French. I was talking about it to a doughboy the other day. One thing he said was this:

"If I had lots of money and were looking for a nice place to live, I'd pick France. I would come over here, though, to go into business. Much as I don't love the German, when he has something to do he sure goes ahead and does it."

No Americans who did any real fighting ever belittled as man to man the German. While calling him "a dirty, selfish devil," they admit that when he starts to some place he goes there or at least makes terrific efforts.

There is much speculation as to what is going to happen when the anti-fraternization law comes off, as it may be expected to do when the preliminary peace is signed. Personally, I do not believe the Americans will get any closer to the Germans in a general way. There will probably be a difference between their attitude toward herr and frau and their attitude toward fräulein. But this difference, I believe, will be less than expected.

For five months the Americans have had instilled into them that it is not the right thing to walk down the street with German girls. There is one prediction which may be safely made, and that is that, no matter how long the Americans stay on the Rhine and no matter how freely they may be allowed to associate with the Germans, German girls included, when the time comes to go home none will be left behind.

GERMANY HAS 325,000 SOLDIERS UNDER ARMS

May 1 Ended the Demobilization of the Old Army and Began the Functioning of the New.

COBLENZ, May 3.—On May 1, which officially marked the end of the demobilisation of the old German Army and the functioning of the new army, or Reichswehr, Germany had 325,000 men of various classes under arms, according to estimates made by American intelligence officers based upon information from many sources. Included in this estimate are 100,000 soldiers listed as remnants of old army units, who are in garrisons in different parts of Germany awaiting their discharge. The present strength of troops available for service is approximately 225,000, distributed as follows: On the eastern front, most of them volunteers, 140,000; Luettwitz corps in and near Berlin, 40,000; Freiwilliger, or volunteer units, elsewhere, 20,000.

These figures do not include the home guard, policing companies, or soldiers of the old army who are in hospitals and not yet discharged. The present situation in Berlin may result in some changes in the figures, but the Americans have not yet reached a conclusion on this subject.

REDS STRONGLY OPPOSE NANSEN'S FOOD PLAN

Tchicherin Receives Project with Distrust—Says It Lets Foes Do as They Like.

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MOSCOW, April 23, (By Courier to Helsingfors, May 3.)—No half-hearted policy of feeding Russia will as much as interest Soviet leaders. They want the blockade lifted and permission given them to buy food in the world's market.

Today M. Tchicherin, Commissaire of Foreign Affairs, in an interview handled without gloves the proposal for neutrals to act as a go-between with the allied food stores at one end and starving Russia at the other. Particularly, he resented the military clauses in the Nansen proposals.

"Dr. Nansen's scheme as put down in the French and American radios and as adopted by the big four evokes distrust from the Soviet Government," Tchicherin said, "because it is understood that there will be no transfer of troops. But this clause will be only for the Soviet Government, because there will be a neutral commission to supervise its execution, while the clause will not tie up our adversaries because we have no commission to look after its being carried into effect.

"There is no word in the scheme about the removal of allied troops from Russia. So it seems all the advantages for our adversaries will remain in force. There is also no word about any agreement between the Russian Republic and the Allies, so there seems no way out of the present situation. Likewise there is no word about ending the blockade, which is the real reason for our food difficulties.

"These same neutrals to whom the work is being given to be done are our bitter enemies. They have severed every connection with our Government.

"Our Government has not yet taken a position on this question, but the vague and insufficient information by radio gives us confidence in our deductions as to the character of this scheme. What we want is peace and the possibility of constructive work. This scheme does not bring us nearer to such aims."

SAYS BOLSHEVISM IN RUSSIA IS DEAD

Lenin Turning to Parliamentarism, but Terrorists Still Have Upper Hand.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, May 3.—A Dane having held a prominent position in Russia, and who has just returned, said in an interview:

"The political situation in Russia can be told in three words: Bolshevism is dead. In the great centres of Petrograd and Moscow a catastrophe can be expected any day. Anarchy will return and lawlessness and famine will grow, but the base for the existence of Bolshevism is weakened and the whole building will tumble down.

"The base was a European revolution, and as this proved impossible the leaders now know that the game is lost, and Joffe, for instance, now speaks against one of the main ideas of the Bolsheviki, the nationalising of the retail trade. This means that nothing must be sold except through the Government and nothing bought without cards. Therefore it is impossible to buy anything, and all trade has been ruined and nothing produced.

"It is significant that when the workingmen strike it is for freedom and equality. The army cannot be depended upon. Daily immense numbers of soldiers desert and renounce Bolshevism. To this must be added terrific epidemics. There are not coffins enough for the dead. All communication has been stopped. Only forty persons may travel daily between Petrograd and Moscow. Railroad material cannot be mended or renewed, so there are no provisions from the east country, whence plenty otherwise could be transported.

"A hard—and it may be the last—battle is being fought with the Executive Committee, whose President is Kalinin. Lenin does not represent the terrorist party, but on the contrary fights against terrorism. Trotsky wavers between, leaning always to the side where the power is. Just now the war party is uppermost, but if Lenin is victorious probably parliamentarism will be the form of government.

"When the war is over Russia will need help, and then Europe will have to take a hand to re-establish the country."

HURLS BOMBS AT HORVATH.

Would-Be Assassin Fails, and Canadians Help Capture Him.

VLADIVOSTOK, May 2, (via Montreal, May 4.)—An attempt was made recently on the life of Lieut. Gen. Horvath, Russian Military Commander at Harbin. His assailant attacked him with bombs, but was seized before he had carried out his purpose.

Canadian soldiers assisted in capturing the man.

ASSERTS SHANTUNG FACTS ARE HIDDEN

Chinese Press Bureau Declares That Japan Gets More Than Was Suspected.

AND MORE THAN SHE ASKED

Security of China Declared Menaced by the Arrangement Made by the Council.

PARIS, May 4, (Associated Press.)—The Chinese Press Bureau today issued another statement on the Kiao-Chau-Shantung settlement. This said in part:

"New light on the settlement of Kiao-Chau-Shantung question has made the Chinese delegation indignant. A member of the delegation stated that although three days have elapsed since the settlement by the Council was announced no details of the settlement had reached the delegation. While still waiting in suspense, the delegation has learned with surprise that clauses to be inserted in the peace treaty relating to Shangtung go further than was even suspected.

"Japan is given everything Germany obtained from China by aggression, and more. She is given all the rights, titles or privileges concerning especially the territory of Kiao-Chau and the railways, mines and submarine cables Germany acquired by virtue of the treaty of 1898, and of all other acts concerning the Province of Shantung. Japan is given all the rights in the Tsing-tao-China Railway, its branches and the mines attached thereto, the submarine cables from Tsing-tao to Shanghai and from Tsing-tao to Chefoo, and all German public property rights, movable and immovable in the territory of Kiao-Chau.

"Although China has the best title to these rights, which are all Chinese territory, not a word is said in the draft clauses as to what rights China may expect to recover for herself. It is entirely with Japan to say what she will be pleased to return to China, and what she will retain for her own enjoyment.

"The important fact seems to be altogether ignored that Shantung is a Chinese province, the territory of a partner in the war on the side of the allied and associated powers. The Tsing-tao Railway was built with Chinese and German private capital, while the line of 280 miles is entirely in Chinese territory. To substitute Japan for Germany's rights in this territory is to endanger greatly the welfare and security of the Chinese Republic, because Japan is much nearer to China than Germany, and because she already claims a sphere of influence in Manchuria close to the north of Shantung.

"Reading the draft clauses together with the outlines the council has proposed in settlement, it is clear that the council makes China lose both ways. It has given Japan not only more than Germany had in Shantung, but also more than Japan claims from China in the treaty of 1915 and the notes of 1918.

"The council's proposed settlement seems to sanction, for example, the policing of the Shantung Railway, a privilege which Germany did not exercise nor claim, and it is apprehended it substitutes a permanent Japanese settlement under Japanese control and administration for a German leasehold limited to a fixed period of years.

"Again, by transferring to Japan all German rights in Shantung, as stated in the draft clauses, it also appears to give Japan preferential rights which she did not claim from China, such as the supply of capital, materials, and technical experts in Shantung.

"The more the Chinese delegates study the proposed settlement, the less they understand its meaning and purpose, and the more they feel aggrieved. It will be difficult to explain to the Chinese people what the Peace Conference really means by justice."

EXPLAIN DECISION ON KIAO-CHAU

Associates Pay Tribute to Wilson for His Handling of a Very Delicate Situation.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 3.—While the extremely delicate and difficult negotiations with the Chinese and Japanese have been under way I have had a chance for daily talks with the men personally associated with the President, and they all speak of his work with unqualified admiration.

The Allies had been engaged in a long and desperate war, the issue of which was always in doubt, and had frequently changed their understandings. This did not tend to create an uncomplicated situation to which President Wilson could apply his principles. He was obliged to take matters as he found them and make such adjustments as would best lend themselves to the work of the League of Nations in future. Wherever he was unable to prevail in his efforts for a non-militaristic peace he tried to shape matters so that the League could demilitarize them later.

The solution of the Kiao-Chau question is regarded here, both generally and by special friends of China like Charles R. Crane, as favorable and fortunate, considering the complications of the past and the tangle of secret treaties. The Japanese say they yielded more than they ever expected to, and are clamorous for more territory to feed their rapidly growing population. The Chinese are banking strongly on the League of Nations to save them from the partition which has threatened them so long.

Apparently, too, the League of Nations will come in on the Adriatic question, so that it is beginning to meet criticism that it was fine in theory, but would never prove a workable substitute for the system of the military balance of power.

OVERTURES SENT TO ROME

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

ple. It is considered here as incredible that England and France will act as if the Treaty of London were a mere "scrap of paper," even should President Wilson persist in his refusal of the Italian claims.

It is the general sentiment, however, that the President cannot fail to recognize the justice of the Italian demand for Fiume. Not the least remarkable feature of the situation is that the Italians have been so convinced that it is right for Fiume to be reunited with the mother country that they have made little effort to establish their viewpoint in other countries. They have failed to realize that what looks white in Rome may very well appear black in New York, London, or Paris, especially if, as has been the case, there may be skillful advocates arguing in favor of the darker tinge.

It is actually a fact that the paltry sum of $500 is the total monthly allowance for the expenses of Italian propaganda in the United States. In Paris there was little attempt made by the Italian authorities at the Hotel Edward VII. to get in touch with the foreign press representatives, and here in Rome there is nothing in the nature of the Maison de la Presse which is a permanent institution in Paris for furthering French interests abroad. To the Italians it is frankly astounding that America, England, and France should treat Jugoslavia with the friendly regard due to an ally.

"But don't you understand," they say here, "that these people fought us to the last minute; that of all the forces under the Austrian command they were our bitterest and most determined enemies?

"We know that Serbia was your ally of the first hour. We know that Serbia has suffered terribly, but still stood firm and finally rallied magnificently. But, however much the Serbs may desire it, Croatians are already resentful of Serbian interference, strong though their interest is to present themselves before the Allies under the Serbian flag.

"To us the proposal that Fiume should be given to Jugoslavia is as though it were suggested that Metz or Strasbourg should be handed over to the New West German Republic on the ground that it had formed a coalition with our ally Belgium. And even in that case, France would have to admit that there was a big proportion of Germans in Metz or Strasbourg, whereas the population of Fiume is 95 per cent. Italian."

On that point Italy is absolutely determined—that come what may she will not agree to abandon Fiume. Nothing could have been more convincing of the depth and genuineness of her national resolution and unanimity than the events of yesterday. In Italy there has been worse labor discontent than in France, Ehgland or America. During the last two months there have been demonstrations and counterdemonstrations, even violent clashes between different sections. Yet May Day, chosen by labor for expressing its demands, passed throughout Italy in perfect tranquility.

This does not mean that labor is powerless. In all Rome not a single worker in any trade or occupation laid a finger to his job. But for the time being, at least, patriotism has stilled all voices whose echo might weaken or hinder the satisfaction of the nation's claims.

But if on Fiume Italy is inflexible, there is a growing spirit of compromise regarding Dalmatia. The Italian Government cannot take the first step toward a settlement. An appeal has been made to the Caesar of the popular will, and the popular will would scatter the Government to the winds should it dare to yield. But I am in a position to state that should the olive branch be held out by the Paris Conference the Italian leaders will be ready and willing to receive it.

In this connection it is worthy of remark that the effect of suggestions in the American press that Italy could be forced into submission by cutting off her supplies and credits is simply deplorable. Such suggestions appear to the Italians as blackmail, unworthy of America, and insulting to Italy. When the Italian delegation left Paris and when the Italian people unanimously supported their action, Italy knew well what risk she ran, a risk not only as regards food and money but of isolation in Europe.

To threaten Italy at this juncture could only have the effect of weakening her faith in, and friendship for, America. The ultimate result would be to turn her thoughts away from her former allies toward new and more sinister possibilities.

This is all the more regrettable because throughout the crisis Italy has done her utmost to show that she has no ill-feeling toward America. I have discussed the question with Ambassador Page, to whom at the end of his career as a sincere friend of Italy and worthy representative of the United States the present situation has been a terrible shock.

The Ambassador, naturally, is unable to make any statement for the public, but I learn from his entourage that he has received the most friendly messages both for himself and the United States from the Italian Government chiefs and municipal authorities of Rome. America could wish no better advocate than Mr. Page for a reconciliation which is to the advantage of not only Italy but also the rest of the world.

About that reconciliation there is no news at the moment of cabling, but I have reason to believe that not only the American but British and French diplomatic representatives here are doing their utmost to bring about a settlement. If the hopes expressed to me are not unjustified, it is probable that tomorrow or Sunday, at least, will witness the resumption of agreement between Italy and the Allies.

SOVIET ORGY OF RED IN MAGYAR CAPITAL

12,000,000 Marks Spent for a May Day Wind-up in "Blaze of Glory."

SOVIET APPEALS TO WILSON

Asks President to Stop "War's Bloody Crime" and Onward March of Allied Troops.

VIENNA, May 3, (Associated Press.)—It is stated in Allied circles that the commanders of the Czech, Serbian, and Rumanian troops have decided not to occupy Budapest, confining their operations merely to an encirclement of the Hungarian capital.

The Budapest Soviet Government has appealed to President Wilson to prevent the onward march of the troops encircling Hungary. The appeal says that it is time that war's bloody crime was stopped, that the Soviet is making an honest effort for good government, and that it has kept order, despite slanderous reports to the contrary circulated by enemies who fled the country.

The Soviet is making a last effort to build a Red army, which it is roughly estimated will number 100,000 officers and men. Many of these soldiers are hungry and it is said that probably one-third are willing to fight.

The dispatches declared that the Soviet Government now realizes that the old army officers are needed despite objections of the proletariat that the former officers are bourgeois. Hence, it is said, efforts are being made to substitute real officers for the present commanders, the former being guarded by Communists following the method employed in the Russian Soviet system.

Joseph Pogany, President of the Soldiers' Council, is held responsible for the demoralization of army discipline under the Karolyi régime. The cashiering of efficient officers was partly responsible for the lack of public order which resulted in the establishment of Communism against the wishes of a majority of Hungarians.

May Day in Budapest was an orgy of red. Thousands of red troops marched to red music through red-bannered streets. The sidewalks were crowded with men, women, and girls flaunting red ribbons. Street cars were red, automobiles were red, railway stations and lamp-posts were red. In squares and on street corners were huge red wooden stands on which were emblazoned the statement, "This is the day of freedom and world brotherhood."

There also were numerous immense plaster casts of Lenin and Karl Marx, some of them twenty feet high.

The red celebration continued all day and all night, and red electric lights added to the crimson hue after darkness fell. There were fiery speeches in different parts of the city by Bela Kun and other leaders of the Soviets.

The total cost of this effort to make a red-letter day for Hungarian Communism was 12,000,000 marks taken from the banks of the country.

Bela Kun declared that the people could at least remember forever what had been tried, and he said privately that no matter if Communism failed it could be said that it went out in a blaze of glory. The imagination of Hungary's artists and artisans was employed to make the celebration a success, and from this viewpoint it did not fail.

The most remarkable feature of the situation now prevailing is the fact that there is absolutely no disorder. There have been relatively few executions, although the jails are almost bursting with prisoners.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, May 2, (via GENEVA, May 3.)—Members of the new Government to be formed after the occupation of Budapest are reported to be with the Rumanian troops. Stephen Ugron is mentioned as Premier. Other members include Urmanczk, Socialist; Garamia, and Count Apponyi, who were arrested by Communist soldiers last night.

CAPTURE 2,000 REDS.

Rumanians Find German and Austrian Soldiers Among Them.

GENEVA, May 3.—The Rumanians are advancing along the whole Hungarian front, and have captured 2,000 prisoners, including many Austrian and German soldiers, according to advices received from Bucharest and Hermannstadt. One hundred and fifty carloads of war material have also been taken. The Hungarian Colonel, Kratochwill, is commanding the forces fighting against the Hungarian Bolsheviki, it is reported.

Rumanian forces have entered the City of Arad, 145 miles southeast of Budapest, and have occupied the Czap bridgehead on the Theiss River, north of Arad. Everywhere the Rumanian and allied forces are being welcomed as liberators, it is said.

SEIZE MAGYAR LEGATION.

Anti-Red Hungarians in Vienna Exclude Bolgar, Soviet Envoy.

VIENNA, May 3, (Associated Press.)—Alexis Bolgar, representative of the Hungarian Soviet Government, on returning to Vienna today from Budapest, found the Hungarian Legation occupied by counter-revolutionary forces and members of the Hungarian Liquidation committee. Bolgar was not permitted to enter the legation, the committee declaring it had taken possession of it in the name of the new Hungarian Government.

It is stated that the officers found large sums of money in gold and English and American notes, and also stocks and bonds at the legation. Bolgar has demanded protection from the Austrian Government.

"BELL AND WING"

By Frederick Fanning Ayer

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"The rarest verses of the time. Grip us hours after reading." *World Wide Bureau, England.*

"Absorbing, astounding, inspiring, baffling." . *Academy, London.*

"Genuine aspiration and power." . . *Occult Review, England.*

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CITY PUT UPON ITS PRIDE

Rainbow Division Plans for a Desperate Drive—Women Among the First to Fill Quota.

No one will be able to move more than a few feet in New York streets this week without realizing that there is a Victory note campaign in progress. During part of the time those at home or in offices will be reached in some degree by bells, whistles, sirens, and cannonading which will call on the people of this city to stop, look, listen, and recollect that they have not yet done their share, and that they must buy more Victory notes to keep New York in its station of patriotic pre-eminence.

Thousands of fresh volunteer workers will be on the streets, where Victory note pageants, shows, rallies, songs, and stump speeches will be spread so thickly that every New Yorker able to walk will hear why he should buy Victory notes, and more Victory notes, and more Victory notes. Thousands of policemen and firemen will be turned loose to sell notes with relentless persistency. The air will be filled with appeals for Victory notes from airplanes during the days and the United States Engineering Corps will keep the sky overhead crisscrossed with the shafts of searchlights of 2,500,000 candle power writing against the sky repeated messages, "Buy Victory Notes," "Buy Victory Notes."

Airplanes will fill the air with radio messages, "Buy Victory Notes—the Future of the Country Depends on It." The loud-speaking telephone will trumpet the message to crowds on Victory Way—to New Yorkers to buy with their sayings, to buy with their ready money, and to buy with their future earnings to keep New York's record shining. Generals, admirals, statesmen, soldiers, sailors, and pretty girls will be out selling notes or convincing the public that their country needs their patriotic help. Chairman Benjamin Strong of the Liberty Loan Committee, other officials of the organization, and big New York bankers and business men are going out during the week to sell notes in the streets and from booths. The individual New Yorker will find a formidable section of the nation waylaying him to get him to take a note or a coupon book.

Orator for Every Corner.

Orators will be as numerous in New York during the week as in the old play when the satirist made his characters turn over stones and look under them, "lest an orator bite us," and they will tell every man, woman and child in the city to look on his neighbor's waistcr lapel for that button, so that those unmarked by this patriotic insigne will feel at the least that they have something to explain. In the last four days of the campaign red feathers go with Liberty notes to those who already have the button. The red feather is a slightly higher emblem of civic standing denoting that the wearer has not only subscribed what he thought he could afford, but that he has reconsidered his obligation to his country and subscribed again.

At the same time a more vigorous house-to-house canvass will be carried on, and, taking one thing with another, New York is expected to see a more lively and intensive campaign than even that which swept New York over the top in the stirring days of the Fourth Loan campaign. There will also be a much hotter canvass in the business and financial districts. The Rainbow Division, which is selling Victory notes to the trades, industries, and professions of New York City, has for several days met with disappointing results, and is preparing for a big attack in its field this week. Craig Colgate, Chairman of the Advisory Trades Committee, issued this statement yesterday to the 3,500 committees and 15,000 workers of the Rainbow Division:

Standing of Trades.

The Allied Music Trades Committee, the Hospitals and Sanitariums Committee, the Ladies' Dresses and Waists Committee, and the Women's Clubs Committee of the Rainbow Division have all obtained more than their quota of subscriptions, the Women's Clubs Committee leading all, with more than five times the subscriptions it was asked to raise. The standing of the committees so far is as follows:

Committee.	Subscribed to Date.	P.C. of Quota.
Allied Music Trades	$7,000,000	224
Art Dealers	374,700	14
Automotive and Accessory	1,007,150	9
Baking Industry	1,300,000	28
Belts, Suspenders, &c.	147,900	30
Building & Allied Trades	1,237,100	20
Business Women's Comm.	514,250	117
Butter, Cheese, &c.	180,100	23
Carpets, Rugs, &c.	174,450	13
Chemicals, Drugs, &c.	9,641,250	300
Children's Wear	913,000	77
China, Glassware, &c.	367,200	19
Cloaks, Suits and Skirts	2,200,000	30
Clothing, Men's	2,705,050	45
Clubs	750,000	8
Coal Trade	3,294,000	33
Coffee, Teas and Spices	562,250	28
Commercial Schools	259,700	52
Confectionery	1,028,200	37
Contractors	1,692,800	37
Corsets	562,550	86
Country Produce	565,700	75
Decoration, Interior	430,700	33
Department Stores	4,080,700	32
Dresses and Waists	1,318,850	130
Dry Goods, Wholesale	8,705,000	35
Dyers and Cleaners	23,000	11
Electrical Industry	521,450	4
Export, Import & Shipping	8,166,800	1
Fancy Goods	550,000	37
Fish	55,000	10
Florists	66,600	26
Fur Industry	1,750,000	36
Furniture	515,250	21
Gloves	191,500	32
Groceries	1,616,000	66
Hardware, Metals, &c.	25,199,550	72
Hat and Cap Industry	417,550	16
Hides and Leather	4,902,300	89
Hospitals and Sanitariums	34,850	152
Hotels and Restaurants	2,121,950	9
Ice	265,000	35
Insurance	33,847,000	21
Jewelry, Stocks	2,000,000	33
Laces and Embroideries	$671,100	45
Laundries and Allied Industries	350,150	41
Leather Goods, Trunks and Bags	372,700	50
Lumber, Cabinet, Woods, and Veneers	714,450	35
Meats, Meat Products	717,800	41
Machinery, Machine Tools, and Railroad Supplies	5,767,300	22
Milk, Dairy Products	174,800	10
Millinery, Dress Trimmings, and Allied Trades	3,000,000	50
Mining	6,479,250	17
Neckwear, Men's	88,000	19
Neckwear, Women's	125,000	23
New York Cotton Exchange	2,160,200	37
Paper Industry	329,650	9
Patriotic Household League	411,950	37
Pawnbrokers	125,000	31
Petroleum and Allied Products	10,253,900	55
Poultry	142,650	30
Private Schools	4,298,050	70
Public Accountants	40,250	25
Publishing, Printing, Advertising and Allied Trades	1,831,150	24
Real Estate	3,250,000	54
Rubber Industry	3,208,100	50
Shoe Industry, Wholesale	92,750	3
Shoe Industry, Retail	266,400	53
Silk Industry	2,046,500	29
Stationery, Stationery Specialties	252,750	13
Storage Warehouses, Moving Vans and Carpet Cleaning	120,300	13
Theatrical, Motion Pictures, and Amusement Interests	5,000,000	18
Tobacco Industry	7,441,650	41
Toilet Goods	300,150	30
Umbrellas, Canes and Parasols	95,000	28
Upholstery and Lace Curtains	732,900	46
Women's Cotton and Silk Underwear, Wrappers, and Kimonos	540,650	36
Woolens and Worsteds	5,831,600	31
Yarns and Art Goods	483,100	24
Women's Clubs	2,370,950	824
Total	$201,002,700	30

Father Duffy, the famous chaplain of the 165th Regiment, or "The Fighting 69th," spoke at Victory Way yesterday to a crowd made up largely of men and women who had lost sons or other relatives in France.

"Today we are met here together to commemorate the great sacrifice made by thousands and thousands—men who volunteered for the country's service, who went forth in its uniform and who are now resting in their last sleep along the French rivers. For them I have no special word of pity. I could find it in myself to envy their fate, because they have done the one thing with their lives that they felt they should do with them. Life is not a matter of length. It matters not in God's judgment or in man's judgment the length of it; but what matters is the use of it. And these men took their lives in that day of enthusiasm when they stepped forward and put on their country's uniform and decided that whether it should last long or short, the use they were going to make of it was to give it to their country. And they did give it to their country, and they went forth and they went through their own experiences. They gained a better knowledge of God and of the seriousness of life; they had their hardships and they found they were able to stand them; they had their times of danger and the thrill of danger, and they found the response of courage in their own souls, and wherever they went or whatever they did, they would not have changed that life for the life of the easier going civilian that was left at home."

Lost and Found advertisements on Page 13.

Gov. Strong Calls Victory Note Situation Serious; Urges Individuals to Buy and Not Depend on Banks

Benjamin Strong, Chairman of the Victory Loan Committee for this district, made the following appeal yesterday:

The members of the Liberty Loan Organization believe that the best publicity for the loan are the facts and that the greatest detriment to the loan are the assumptions.

As to the facts: Total subscriptions filed to this date for the Second Federal Reserve District aggregate $376,906,250, being 27.9 per cent. of the quota for the district. After the same number of days in the Fourth Loan the total subscriptions were $513,797,400, or 28.5 per cent.; the comparison showing that we are $11,468,000 behind what we should have done to this date in order to maintain the same pace as in the Fourth Loan.

This figure in itself is not so discouraging as are the figures showing individual subscriptions. A comparison of subscriptions handled by the organization in New York City shows a big decline in the number of subscriptions in comparison with the Fourth Loan.

In the present campaign the total number of subscriptions reported to the Bond Issue Division of the Federal Reserve Bank is 120,980, as compared with 194,868 for the same number of days of the fourth campaign. The sale of coupon books is still more discouraging. For eleven days of the campaign 71,872 books have been sold, whereas in the fourth campaign in the same number of days 145,967 coupon books were sold.

This is a serious and discouraging indication of the lack of widespread public interest in the loan. We know that some of the largest subscribers to former loans are unable to file as large subscriptions for this loan, and the shortage must be made up by a more widespread distribution and by a larger number of sales. And to accomplish this the public must be aroused to a full conception of its patriotic duty.

As to the assumptions: The principal and most damaging one is the idea that, as this is an issue of notes of comparatively short maturity, it will be taken by the banks. Were the banks to subscribe for this loan, instead of the public, it would mean an expanded bank position, a continuance of unduly high prices, and an impairment of the ability of the banks to furnish credit for the country's industry and commerce, which would be an unfortunate, if not a serious, development at a time when it is so necessary to keep labor employed and business at a normal volume.

Another assumption which injures the loan is that there is some difference between a Government obligation called a "note" and a Government obligation called a "bond." They are identical in every respect, including negotiability and security. They are the unqualified obligation of the Government, and rest for certainty of payment of principal and interest upon the power of the Government to levy taxes. And there will always be a wide and ready market for them until they mature and are paid off.

Still another mistaken assumption is that these Liberty Loan campaigns are expensive. They are the most economical financial operations of such magnitude ever conducted in Government finance. The selling cost to the Government of placing all issues of Government bonds in the Second Federal Reserve District up to the present time does not exceed one-twelfth of 1 per cent. of the face amount of bonds actually sold, and this cost would represent a fair average for the entire country. This has been possible largely because of volunteer services and donated advertising.

Another most serious assumption is that because the terms of this loan are so satisfactory somebody will take it, even though the individual guilty of the assumption does not propose to take his share. No issue of $4,500,000,000 of bonds can be successfully distributed upon any such assumption. It will not sell itself. The amount is too large. The success of the loan depends upon every individual and corporation subscribing for as full an amount as his purse affords.

Finally, the people of the country must realize that the war will not have been ended until every bill has been paid. We have won victory, and we must pay for victory. We must not only buy notes, but we must get out and work to get everybody else to buy notes.

"Today we are met here together to commemorate the great sacrifice made by thousands and thousands—men who volunteered for the country's service, who went forth in its uniform and who are now resting in their last sleep along the French rivers. For them I have no special word of pity. I could find it in myself to envy their fate, because they have done the one thing with their lives that they felt they should do with them. Life is not a matter of length. It matters not in God's judgment or in man's judgment the length of it; but what matters is the use of it. And these men took their lives in that day of enthusiasm when they stepped forward and put on their country's uniform and decided that whether it should last long or short, the use they were going to make of it was to give it to their country. And they did give it to their country, and they went forth and they went through their own experiences. They gained a better knowledge of God and of the seriousness of life; they had their hardships and they found they were able to stand them; they had their times of danger and the thrill of danger, and they found the response of courage in their own souls, and wherever they went or whatever they did, they would not have changed that life for the life of the easier going civilian that was left at home."

ELKS HAVE A LOAN RALLY.

Subscriptions of $45,000 Made in Half an Hour.

The entertainment of the Elks in their clubhouse in West Forty-third Street last night was interrupted by Grand Exalted Ruler Hopkins to start a Victory Loan rally, which netted $45,000 from the members in half an hour, an average subscription of $1,500 every minute. Governor Smith, who was to have taken part in the rally, was kept at Albany, and Supreme Court Justice Robert Wagner made the chief appeal for the loan.

"We are under a sacred obligation to aid in making the Victory Loan a success," said he. "To give you a concrete idea of just what the money is needed for I jotted down some of the items of the chief bills that must be paid as a debt of honor in the fight for civilization. They are: For the army, $400,000,000; return of the soldiers, about $1,500,000; 90,000 soldiers in hospitals, who must be rehabilitated, at a cost of approximately $725 a man, and sixty days' extra pay for the men of the army and navy, amounting to about $220,000,000.

"You wouldn't hesitate a minute to give the soldiers and sailors that money. The only people in the world who would like to see this loan a failure are the Bolsheviki, and the Bolsheviki haven't a foothold here and never will have, because this Government has lived too long for that kind of an attack and the people are happy and prosperous and intend to perpetuate government by the majority."

Some of the largest subscriptions were: Jack Dunston, $5,000; A. F. Groll, $2,500; John S. Schmidt, $2,000; Benjamin Weeks, $1,000; Michael Hanlon, $500; Captain Walter Thompson, $5,000; Justice Wagner, $1,000; James Dugan, $500; Thomas F. McMahon, $1,000; B. B. Davis, $4,000; Edward J. Schalvy, $1,000; Lynn Welchar, $1,000; Dr. A. S. Sanders and Dr. J. E. Dearden, $500, each; Timothy J. Gorman, $3,000; William H. Smith, $3,000; Thomas F. Brogan and Neil Kennedy, $1,000 each; Hugh Connolly, John J. Casey, and Neil Gebhardt, $500 each, and Lew Rogers, $1,000.

"VICTORY SHIP" ON LAST LEG.

Calhoun Due Here Next Saturday, Completing Loan Cruise.

PANAMA, May 4.—The United States destroyer Calhoun, which will serve as the "Victory Ship" on the last leg of the coast to coast Victory Loan cruise, staged by the United States Navy, is on her way back to New York, having cleared from Cristobal yesterday, after the arrival of the destroyer Crane from the California coast. The Crane passed through the Canal to the accompaniment of screeching whistles and flag salutes along the entire distance of the waterway.

Progress of the loan subscription governs the speed of the cruise. The Calhoun is due in "Victory Harbor," New York, on next Saturday, the closing day of the campaign.

GREAT LOAN RALLY AT HIPPODROME

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

timated, was disposed of to the small buyers.

"It's the greatest night I have ever known, and I wish it would last a week, for then we could take the entire Victory issue right here," shouted Miss Dressler at the top of her voice.

"Amen to that," said Mr. Wilson.

The note sales were not the only feature of the evening. Before the bidding started Admiral Sims spoke, and Pershing's Headquarters Band from Chaumont played a dozen selections. Mr. Wilson also made a speech, and Miss Dressler sang as did also George Macfarlane.

Mr. Wilson said that there was entirely too much pessimism and "uncalled for growling" going on in various parts of the country, and that the time for optimism was at hand. The loan, he added, would go over the top with millions to spare.

Admiral Sims in his speech told of the part the allied navies played in the war. "Within a few days after returning from the other side," he said, "the Government asked me to go on a speaking tour of some twenty days for the Victory Loan. Before I went to Europe it had never occurred to me to make a speech before a public audience. I had to do it on one occasion—and probably most of you are acquainted with the result. The result was a reputation for indiscretion.

"I did not assume that the Government thought that I could tell you anything that you ought to know about finances or about the Victory Loan; I think the idea was that the people in the West particularly would be interested to see an Admiral in captivity. It is quite true that I do not know very much about the finances of this business, and I am not going to bore you with it this evening. I know little about money, except the difficulty of getting it, and the facility of getting rid of it. But from the point of view of a military man I know what the Victory Loan means, especially when viewed through the medium of the enemy propaganda that tried to convince us that a population such as ours could never be actuated by the same spirit.

"I can assure you that we people at the front have watched the progress of these loans very carefully, particularly to see how they were subscribed. If the Liberty Loan was widely distributed among a great many people, especially the working people, it meant a great deal to us.

"It was an expression of opinion about which there could be no possible doubt, and it meant to us: 'Go to it—the people at home are behind you to a man.'

"That put pep into every fighting man and confidence into every leader. I doubt whether you people who have been here comfortably at home can realize how that looked from the other side. It would have been necessary for you to suffer the anxieties that we did as to the chances of success.

"When I went over in April, 1917, having read everything I could find in this country about the progress of the war, I was rather of the opinion that it would be over before we could get into it effectively. Within three days after arriving in London, I sent a cable to the Government in which I stated that there could be no possible doubt that the Central Powers were winning the war, and also that we did not know how to stop them. They were winning the war because they were destroying more than three-quarters of a million tons of shipping a month.

"It was simply a matter of arithmetic to calculate how many months we had to go. Every submarine captain that was captured at that time was quite confident that the war would be over in the early winter of 1917, and it would have been if we had not been able to check the submarine. It would have been because the supplies would have been lacking in the European countries and on the Western front. This is not an opinion at all, it is simply a military fact. The surrender of Great Britain would have been unconditional as that of a beleagured city that has reached the point of starvation.

"We were able to check the loss of the shipping by the introduction of the convoy system and by the use of the weapon called the depth charge."

VICTORY LOAN LAGS AS LAST WEEK OPENS

Official Figures Show $1,657,979,350 Subscribed and $2,842,020,650 More Required.

NEED $400,000,000 A DAY

Glass Issues Appeal for Renewed Efforts—St. Louis District Leading in Race for the Top.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The country will tomorrow enter the final week of the Victory Liberty Loan campaign, with subscriptions lagging as they never have lagged before in any of the previous four loan drives. Official returns to the Treasury Department show that only slightly more than one-third of the $4,500,000,000 sought has been subscribed. The official figures show subscriptions totaling $1,657,979,350. Unofficial reports indicate that not more than four-ninths of the loan had been subscribed.

Official figures for the opening days of the last weeks of the first and second loans are lacking, but the best available information is that on the other occasions more than four-ninths of those loans and had been subscribed. On the opening day of the last week of the Third Liberty Loan it was estimated that $2,200,000,000, approximately two-thirds of the loan, had been subscribed. The opening day of the last week of the Fourth Liberty Loan found about $3,000,000,000, or one-half of the country's quota, unofficially reported subscribed.

This situation tonight prompted Secretary Glass to send broadcast an appeal for a final effort in behalf of the Victory Liberty Loan in the last week of the campaign.

If the minimum quota set for the country in the present campaign is to be subscribed, slightly more than $400,000,000 must be raised daily between now and next Saturday night. At the outset of the drive a daily average of $250,000,000 would have subscribed the loan. At the best the raising of $400,000,000 a day during the next six days will be a tremendous task, but Victory Liberty Loan Chairmen throughout the United States tonight are assigning a still greater obligation to their workers. They are telling them in the most emphatic language that the mere subscribing of 100 per cent. on the basis of the country's minimum quota will not be satisfactory. A generous oversubscription is being urged, to impress upon the world that this country appreciates its victory and the sacrifices of its people.

The latest official percentage figures on the other districts follow: Boston, 45 per cent.; Kansas City, 39; Richmond, 38; Cleveland, 33; Atlanta, 33; Philadelphia, 30; New York, 27; San Francisco, 25; Dallas, 21.

WOUNDED SOLDIERS WILL PARADE FOR LOAN

Committee Arranges a Full Day of Entertainments, Speeches and Features of Interest.

Wounded soldiers will parade from Embarkation Hospital No. 3 in automobiles to Victory Way at noon today, where they will take part in the exercises of "The Day of the Wounded." Addresses will be made by Brig. Gen. William J. Nicholson, Colonel Joseph A. Blake, the famous surgeon, and Major Philip J. McCook. "Our Flag," a song composed by William J. Guard of the Metropolitan Opera Staff, with words by Frank Lawrence Jones, will be sung.

Ex-Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo will speak today at the luncheon of the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce and Senator Hitchcock will make an address at the mass meeting at the Academy of Music in Brooklyn in the evening. The full program for the day follows:

Victory Way.

"DAY OF THE WOUNDED.

8:00 A. M.—"Reveille." Flag Raising.
10:30 A. M.—Guard Mount, in area south of Forum.
12 Noon—Parade of wounded soldiers from Embarkation Hospital 3, in automobiles, to Victory Way. Presentation of flowers by school children of Public School 91 to wounded soldiers. Songs, children of Public School 91. "Star-Spangled Banner," by band. Address, Mr. Ninerex (Mayor of Louvain.) Selection, artist. Address, Brig. Gen. William J. Nicholson. Selection, artist. Address, Major Gen. Philip J. McCook. Address, Colonel Joseph A. Blake. "America," band and audience.
12:30—Posting first relief of guard.
1 to 2 P. M.—Forum—Band concert.

AFTERNOON PROGRAM.

PULPIT.

1:30 P. M.—Addresses: A. L. Libman, Chairman; Tom Skeyhill, veteran of the battle of Gallipoli; Charles Cohen, Corporal Francis A. Bealin of the "Fighting Sixty-ninth"; Sergeant Major Liner of the "Lost Battalion." Drill, Victory Way Company, composed of men from the 13th Infantry, in setting up exercises. Address, Lieutenant A. H. Hextar, only surviving observer of big bombing squadron. Drill, Lieutenant Brown and squad in bayonet demonstrations. Selections, Louis Piotti, assisted by Otis Spencer at piano. Addresses: Sergeant Patrick Coyne, Radio Electrician Harold Schwab. Selections, Chamber of Commerce of Sharon, Penn., chorus of 30 male voices. Addresses: Paul D. Cravath, John Jerome Rooney, Captain Harold Riegelman.

EVENING PROGRAM.

7:30 P. M.—Retreat.
7 to 8 P. M.—Band concerts.

BELGIAN NIGHT.

8 to 10 P. M.—Forum—Opening address, Joseph Hartigan, Manager of Foreign Language Bureau. Tableau by Belgian women and children in costume. Solo, Jan Collignon. Address by Rev. J. F. Stillemans of the Belgian Bureau. Eccentric dancing by Miss Dorothy Peck, accompanied by Miss Ruth Peck. Song, Alice Veriet, soprano. Address, Rev. William T. Manning. Solo, Mme. Yvonne de Treville. Address by Rev. O. S. Nys of the Belgian Bureau. Dancing and singing by Belgian children in costume. "Star-Spangled Banner."

PULPIT.

8 to 11:30 P. M.—Address, Sergeant Welburn, winner of Croix de Guerre. Drill, Victory Way Company, composed of men of the 13th Infantry, in setting-up exercises. Address, James F. Kelly, Knights of Columbus Secretary—fed soldiers from airplane. Drill, Lieutenant Brown and squad in bayonet demonstrations. Selection, Signor Louis Piotti, assisted by Otis Spencer at piano. Selection, Paul Shafer, artist, assisted by Vivian Piero, soprano.

Sub-Treasury.

12 M.—Victory Liberty Loan campaign meeting. Speakers will include Dr. A. Wallace Petty, Judge John C. Knox, Hans Rieg, Chief Foreign Language Division, Government War Loan Organization; Mr. Nerinox, (Mayor of Louvain,) and Private Devlin, Yip, Yip, Yaphank quartet will sing. Army band.

Times Square.

"ARGONNE FOREST."

11:45 to 2 P. M.—Motor Corps of America.
8 P. M. to 1 A. M.—Addresses by Miss Fanny Hurst, Commissioner Enright, Dale Carnagey, Lieutenant Avorne Nathan Hexter, Lieutenant G. C. Dawson. Musical selections by War Camp Community singers and Miss Arnold and Miss Walker. Erie Railroad Band.

Tanks.

9 A. M.—Squads of whippet tanks continue tours of New York City, New York State, and New Jersey.

Victory Ride.

12 to 3 P. M.—Van Cortlandt Park—Passenger planes will carry purchasers of $20,000 Victory notes or more.

School Pageants.

(Staged by New York Drama League.)
P. S. 24 Manhattan, "Hiawatha."

Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce Luncheon.

12: Noon.—Former Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo will address Liberty Loan Committee, members of Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce.

Brooklyn Mass Meeting.

8 P. M.—United States Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, and Dr. Carl Reiland, St. George's Church, Manhattan, will address mass meeting, Academy of Music. Eleonora de Cisneros, Luis Alberto Sanchez, and Amy Ellerman will sing. Julia Arthur will recite. Max Rosen will play violin.

Union League Club.

11:45 to 2 P. M. and 4:30 to 6 P. M.—Woman's Liberty Loan Committee, prominent speakers in attendance. Band concert.

Woman's Meeting.

11:45 to 3 P. M.—Fifth Avenue at 34th Street, Woman's Liberty Loan Committee. Grant Mitchell speaks. Band concert.

Altar of Liberty.

11:45 A. M. to 2 P. M.—Women's Division, National Civic Federation in charge. Yvonne de Treville will sing. Abram I. Elkus, John Warren Hill, Jr., Mrs. Ethel Mumford, and Dr. Herbert Claiborne will speak.

City Hall Park.

11:45 A. M to 2 P. M. and 4 to 6 P. M.—Business Women's Committee, Victory Liberty Loan. Prominent speakers.

Liberty Bank.

11:45 A. M. to 2 P. M.—National League for Women's Service, Victory Liberty Loan Meeting. Abram I. Elkus, John Warren Hill, Jr., Mrs. Ethel Mumford, and Dr. Herbert Claiborne will speak.

"Movie Making."

12 M.—Aeolian Hall. Music Publishers' Day. Filming Victory Liberty Loan. Celebrated actors and actresses appearing in the leading roles.

Greek Theatre.

11:30 A. M. to 2:30 P. M. and 2:30 P. M. to 10 P. M.—Greek Theatre at Pershing Square. Addresses by prominent speakers. Musical selections.

Grand Central.

9 A. M. to 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. to 10 P. M.—Women's Liberty Loan meeting. Meeting in concourse, Grand Central Station. Prominent speakers will be in attendance.

Union Square.

12 M.—Woman's Liberty Loan Committee, Girls of Art Students' League repainting S. S. Recruit.

Liberty Theatre.

11:45 A. M. to 2 P. M.—Public Library, Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street. War Camp Community Service in charge. Prominent speakers. Music.

Altar of Liberty.

11:45 A. M. to 2 P. M.—Women's Division, National Civic Federation in charge.

Meetings.

7:15 P. M.—Lorber's restaurant, Miss M C. Collison, speaker.
9 A. M. to 11 A. M.—New York University, 32 Waverley Place. Speakers in attendance.
2:30 P. M.—Wanamaker's Auditorium, Broadway at Ninth Street. Max Rosenwald and Private Fuller, speakers.
8 P. M.—Masonic Hall, Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street. J. A. Baker and Captain Thompson, speakers.
9 P. M.—National Arts Club, 13 Gramercy Park. Lieutenant Chevalier, speaker.
8 P. M.—Metropolitan Canvass Committee meeting, 214 East Eighty-sixth Street. Regis Post, speaker.
2:30 P. M.—Union Music Hall, 214 East Eighty-sixth Street. Judge Joseph F. Mulqueen, George Gordon Battle, Abram I. Elkus, Regis H. Post, Joseph P. Day, and Rabbi Robison will speak.

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The Eastern Hemisphere seethed like a caldron in the month of April, which will be recorded as one of the most fateful months in history; the official facts of the crises in the various nations appear in May **CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE**; 40 big features, 192 pages. Published by The New York Times Company, on news stands 25c.—Advt.

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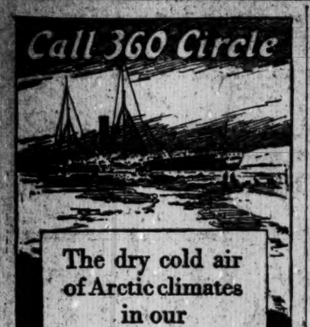
Two intimate character studies of Lenin and Trotzky, by close critical study, form a feature of the May CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, together with an exposition of the Doctrine of Bolshevism, by a noted Bolshevist, the historical records of April, and the progress of events in Russia in Bolshevist circles and on all fighting fronts; without comment or bias. 40 big features, 192 pages; published by The New York Times Company, on news stands 25c.—Advt.



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All officers and men will report at 12th Street, west of 5th Ave., at 9 A. M.

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Wounded unable to walk will report at the 77th Division Club House (5th & Lafayette Sts.) at 8:30 A. M.

By order of
N. K. AVERILL,
Colonel, 308th Infantry,
Commanding
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ALEXANDER DENIES BATTALION WAS LOST

Commander of 77th Gives an Official Account of Famous War Incident.

DEPLORES TALK OF 'RESCUE'

Command, He Says, Was Cut Off, but Was Holding Grimly a Designated Position.

To clarify the various conflicting reports that from time to time have been given of the famous stand of the so-called "Lost Battalion" in the Argonne Forest and how its communications were cut, General Robert Alexander, 77th Division commander, gave out the following account yesterday at the Hotel Biltmore. General Alexander declares that the name "Lost Battalion" is a misnomer.

"The incidents which have surrounded the action on the left of the 77th Division during the period between Oct. 2 and 7, both dates inclusive, striking the popular imagination, have brought most prominently before the public that particular phase of the operations. While in numbers of men involved and length of time during which those numbers were isolated this particular event stands out above the others, it must not be thought for a momert that this was the only occasion during our progress through the forest that elements of this division were temporarily cut off from other portions of the line. The mopping up of the forest was a most difficult task, and often, after the line had advanced, small parties of the enemy were found in many instances in rear of our front line elements. These were disposed of usually in the course of a short time, but during that short time, snipers were extremely active and communication was in many instances, as previously stated, temporarily suspended.

"The situation on the left of the division on the morning of the 2d of October was about as follows: The 1st Battalion, 308th Infantry, under Major Charles W. Whittlesey, was the advance battalion on the left of the division. The 2d Battalion, 308th, commanded by Captain George McMurtry, was in support. The front line of these battalions was at about 294.9-275.95, the leading battalion having been checked by heavy machine-gun and trench mortar opposition, and the support battalion having closed up on it.

"With these two battalions were sections of machine guns from Companies C and D of the 306th Machine Gun Battalion. The most stubborn resistance to the advance had been encountered on the west of the north and south ravine, where a portion of the command, (Companies D and F, 308th,) was in position.

Operated in Difficult Terrain.

"Attention is invited to the extremely difficult character of the terrain in front of this command. The north and south ravine running from the Depot des Machines past the Moulin de Hem lHomme Mort cuts the regimental subsector in two. The sides of this ravine are decidedly precipitous and densely covered with brush. In other words, an almost impassable obstacle was interposed between the right and left flanks of the brigade line—an obstacle which offered perfect cover to machine gun nests and trench mortar emplacements. Furthermore, at this time and in fact at all times during the operations of the forest, the left flank of this division was completely exposed, there being no friendly troops anywhere near us. Consequently the left flank was obliged to look out for its own safety as best it might. This was equally true of the right flank of the division. But our immediate interest here is with the left flank.

"This being the situation I, early on the morning of the 2d of October, gave orders for a general advance of the entire divisional line, giving that line as its objective the east and west La Viergette-Moulin de Charlevaux Road and the railroad paralleling it, as shown on the map. My orders were quite positive and precise; the object was to be gained without regard to losses and without regard to the exposed conditions of my flanks. I considered it most important that this advance should be made, and accepted the responsibility and the risk involved in the execution of the orders given.

"Complying with these orders, the advance began about 12:30. It was preceded by an artillery barrage from which I expected more moral than material result. The right (153d) Brigade was stopped before an enemy organization occupying the spur known as the Bois de la Naza, as was likewise the right regiment of the 154th Brigade, before boche organizations which were placed upon the spur west of the Bois de la Naza.

Isolated Sections of Trenches.

"These boche organizations were not formal trench systems, on which much work had been expended, but they consisted of isolated sections of trenches, of wire entanglements, and of chicken wire suspended between trees. The whole was covered by the thick brush, and the obstacles could not be discovered until the troops came into immediate contact with them. Active defense of those organizations consisted of machine guns, grenade throwers, and trench mortars. The right brigade and the right regiment of the left brigade were stopped in their advance as previously stated; the left regiment of the left brigade (308th) broke through the organizations in its front and continued the advance, reaching the objective set for the line at about the 18th. The casualties in this command up to about that time—that is, during the advance—amounted to about 100 officers and men killed and wounded. As the result of this advance 2 German officers, 28 men, and 3 machine guns were captured.

"During the advance a trench system was crossed and heavy wire was encountered and overcome. This attack was delivered by Companies A, B, C, E, G, and H, 308th Infantry, accompanied by sections of machine guns from Companies C and D, 306th Machine Gun Battalion, and was directed along the wooded heights and slopes east of the ravine referred to. D and F Companies, 308th, were west of the ravine referred to and held that position, while the 3d Battalion of the 308th Infantry was further to the rear.

"Upon reaching the objective, a position for the night was taken up along the Al Viergette-Moulin De Charlevaux road. This position was about 500 metres east of the Moulin de Charlevaux, on the steep bank which runs down from the road to the bottom of the ravine. The machine gun sections were placed on the flanks of the line and the left flank was refused somewhat with a view to securing what was considered the most dangerous quarter. The men, of course, dug foxholes and prepared to hold their positions as directed.

"The orders contemplated that the line, on advancing to the east and west road referred to, would reorganize, perfect its liaison between the organizations, exploit the ground to the front by means of strong patrols, and prepare for further advance to be started when ordered. At daybreak on Oct. 3 Company E was detached from the command and started back along the line of advance, the intention being that it join Companies D and F on the west of the ravine, attack with them, and bring up the left of the line to its proper position, in liaison with the companies already on the objective.

"In order to clear up here the movements of this company, it may be stated that upon moving to the rear for the purpose indicated it was found that enemy forces had gotten into position during the night and very few of the men of this company got through, one platoon returning to Colonel Whittlesey's command and one officer and eighteen men of the company finally getting through to the south. About 7 A. M. on Oct. 3 the command was joined by two officers and about eighty men of Company K, 307th Infantry, This company had been designated by the Colonel of the 307th as the liaison group between his regiment and the 308th Infantry. It now came up and took its place at the right of the line, anticipating an advance by the remainder of the front line battalion of the 307th Infantry.

"The situation from that time on until the remainder of the line was able to advance remained as has been given. Colonel Whittlesey's command held its position, repulsed numerous attacks of the enemy, suffered losses in so doing, but was found an organized command when the remainder of the line came up. The remainder of the line upon attempting to advance found decidedly stubborn opposition in its front and was able to make but small advance at any one time. The opposition on the spur known as the Bois de la Naza has been referred to. It further developed that on the left of the division sector a boche trench system was found running down from La Palette across the spur which leads west from the Bois de la Naza. This trench system, probably but very lightly occupied at the time of Whittlesey's advance, was reoccupied by the Germans in considerable force during the night after the advance and the wire which existed on the spur referred to was extended to the eastward, so as to line up with the wire already in existence on the Bois de la Naza. This, howsver, was not completely done, and to that lack of complete wiring may be attributed the ultimate success of the measure taken to advance the rest of the line.

Left Flank Was Exposed.

"Realizing, of course, that my left flank was entirely exposed, I directed, early in the evening of Oct. 2, that the battalion of the divisional reserve, located at the entrance of the Ravin Fontaine aux Charmes, near La Harandzé, move at once to the vicinity of the Dépôt des Machines, informing the commanding General, 154th Brigade, of this action, and directing him to utilize his brigade reserve for the purpose of protecting his left flank, at the same time placing the battalion of the divisional reserve at his disposal for a brigade reserve, in case necessity for its use in that capacity should arise. It was contemplated, of course, by me that the brigade reserve would stop the gap existing on my left flank.

"I knew that the French had made no advance, whatever they had attempted, although the information which I received from the corps placed the French at Lahcon. I told the corps, however, that the information was entirely erroneous, and the event demonstrated that my estimation of the situation was a correct one. Notwithstanding my orders to the commanding General of the 154th Brigade, the brigade reserve was not placed where it could accomplish the end desired. Instead of being placed facing west or northwest, so as to stop the gap in the left of Whittlesey's command, it apparently was placed in double column of companies about on the spur marked 212, south of the road leading into Binarville from the east.

Critical Situation Realized.

"The situation of Major Whittlesey's command was of course recognized by me as being extremely critical. He had gone into action with his reserve rations only—supposedly a supply for two days. Fear was entertained that his ammunition supply might run out and consequently every possible effort was made by the division to advance our line so as to again come into communication with him. For this purpose five direct attacks, preceded by such artillery preparation as was possible, were delivered against the trench systems on the west of the sector, but none of these attacks succeeded in breaking through. Neither could the right (153d) brigade advance.

"Effort was also made by means of the Air Service to reach Colonel Whittlesey's command with ammunition, rations, and carrier pigeons for communication, but owing to the density of the undergrowth and the consequent uncertainty of his actual position, none of these efforts met with success; two planes and two aviators being lost in the effort.

"The position on the Bois de la Naza was strong in itself, and was sufficiently organized to offer serious obstacles to an advance. In addition to this, my right flank was quite exposed, there being no friendly troops in touch with me on that side except some scattered elements of the division on my right, which were quite out of touch with all the remainder of their division. Meanwhile, every effort was being made to filter men in small groups through the interval between the ridge of the Bois de la Naza and the ridge running southeast from the direction of the Moulin de Charlevaux. It was found that the enemy wire did not extend entirely across the ravine, the ravine referred to being the junction of the Eau Fontaine aux Charmes and the Eau de Charlevaux at the western end of the Bois de la Naza.

"Effort was made to build up a line on the southern slopes of the Bois de Apremont, particularly on the nose just north of the stream juncture. These efforts were bitterly opposed by fire coming from the reverse slopes of the Bois de la Naza and the ridges to its west, with machine-gun fire from the front. But after the most determined efforts a firing line was finally built up on the nose referred to, and this firing line, taking in reverse the enemy organizations in front of our line, the opposition from these organizations began to show signs of giving way early on the morning of Oct. 7.

"At this time, communication with Major Whittlesey's command had been cut off for five days, and it was realized that they must be short of rations and probably of ammunition as well. At the first sign of weakening of the hostile resistance, a determined advance was made by the entire line, which ultimately broke through the enemy formations, and the 307th Infantry moved up to the line established by Major Whittlesey's command, reaching that position in about twenty-one hours, the night of Oct. 7. This advance of the 307th was followed very shortly by the entire 153d Brigade and by the remainder of the 308th Infantry.

Denies Battalion was "Lost."

"The daily and periodical press has seen fit to refer to Major Whittlesey's command as 'The Lost Battalion' and to speak of its 'rescue.' In the opinion of the 77th Division neither of these terms is apposite. Major Whittlesey conducted his command to the objective designated for him by the Division Commander, occupied the position assigned him, and held that position until the remainder of the division was able to move up to him. He held it with the indomitable determination which has characterized the work of the American soldier wherever he has been called upon to perform a task.

"This command was neither 'lost' nor 'rescued.' It suffered heavy losses; it was subjected to fire from both enemy and supposedly friendly artillery. (The French, in spite of my determined protest, placed artillery fire on this ravine the morning of the 7th of October, being quite convinced that the command must have surrendered.) Notwithstanding all of this, Major Whittlesey and his command held the position to which they had proceeded under my order and were found by me when I visited them on the very early morning of Oct. 8, an organized command, in good order, and in excellent spirits. It may be noted that a demand for surrender, made on the morning of the 7th, when the command was under its most disadvantageous circumstances, was repelled with scorn, the command feeling perfectly competent to look out for itself even then."

ENGAGEMENTS OF 77TH DETAILED IN REPORT

Gen. Alexander Makes Public Account of Battles and Skirmishes and Units Engaged.

Major Gen. Robert Alexander, commanding the 77th Division, made public yesterday his detailed report to the General commanding the First American Army of the battles, skirmishes, and other engagements, as well as the other movements of the division and the units engaged in the various operations during the war. The report follows:

BATTLES PARTICIPATED IN BY THE 77TH DIVISION.

1. Oise-Aisne offensive (so classified under Par. IV, sub. Par. (a) G. O. 4 1-21-19 G. H. Q.) from Aug. 18, 1918, to Sept. 16, 1918. All units of division participated. Division separated under orders of 3d Corps (American) until Sept. 9, thence passing to control of 16th Corps (French).

2. Meuse-Argonne offensive, Sept. 26-Nov. 11, (so classified under Par. IV, sub. par. (a) G. O. 4 1-21-19 G. H. Q.) All units of division participated in entire operations during entire offensive. Division operated under orders 1st Corps, First Army, United States, throughout. Attached to division during these operations were 1st Balloon Co.; 50th Aero Squadron; 1st Battalion, 53d Pioneer Infantry.

OTHER PARTICIPATIONS IN BATTLE OPERATIONS DURING 1918 BY 77TH DIVISION.

A.—Defense of a Sector.

1. Baccarat sector, June 21-Aug. 4. All elements of the division participated in the defense of this sector in conjunction with the 61st Division (French), less 152d F. A. Brigade, 302d Ammunition Train, June 21 to July 18. Above exceptions entered line of following schedules: 304th F. A., July 12; 305th F. A., July 10; 306th F. A., July 15; 302d Ammunition Train, July 16. All units of the division maintained the defense of the Baccarat sector from July 18 to Aug. 4, acting under orders of the 6th Corps (French).

2. Vesle sector, Aug. 4-Aug. 20. All units of the division participated, except the 152d F. A. Brigade, acting under orders of the 3d Corps, United States. The above exception entered the sector on Aug. 17.

B.—Local Engagements.

BACCARAT SECTOR.

1. Neuvilley, defensive affair, June 21, 1918. Hdqrs. 1st Battalion, Cos. A, B, C, D, 307th Infantry, M. G. Co., 307th Infantry, engaged. Attacked by approximately one battalion of enemy, two of its companies penetrating outpost zone. Flammenwerfers used. Drawn off with casualties.

2. Badonviller, defensive skirmish, June 24, 1918. Second Platoon, Co. C, 308th Infantry, was raided. Raiding party driven off.

3. Grand Bois de Hales, offensive skirmish, July 21, 1918. Raiding party carried out on enemy trenches by two officers and forty-eight men, Co. B, 307th Infantry.

MEUSE ARGONNE OFFENSIVE.

Local Engagements.

1. Bois de la Grurie—Offensive combat, Sept. 26-Oct. 1, 1918. Entire Division advanced through Bois de la Grurie to southern edge Bois d'Apremont. Front line established at 94.5-75.5-96.5-76.0, including capture of enemy position at Barricade Pavilion, Abri St. Louis, St. Hubert's Pavilion, Abri du Crochet, Fme. aux Chermes, Bagatelle Pavilion, Depot des Machines, and le Mort Homme.

2. Bois de la Maza—Offensive combat, Oct. 2-7, 1918. 153d Infantry Brigade. Front line along crest of ridge, 96.5-75.5-97.8-75.7. Stubborn resistance overcome after six days' fighting.

3. Moulin de Charlevaux—Defensive combat, Oct. 2-7, 1918. Participated in by 1st Battalion of 308th Infantry, (1st Battalion Headquarters Companies A, B, and C.) 2d Battalion of 308th Infantry, (2d Battalion Headquarters Companies E, G, and H.) Company K, 307th Infantry, and detachments Companies C and D, 306th Machine Gun Battalion, established along road Moulin de Charlevaux-La Viergette, in advance of main body. Offensive—Attacks by remainder of 154th Infantry Brigade, supported by 152d Field Artillery Brigade, to reach same general lines.

4. La Besogne, Marq and Chevieres—Offensive affair, Oct. 10, 1918. Captured by 1st Battalion of 306th Infantry, (1st Battalion Headquarters Companies A, B, C, and D,) supported by remainder of 153d Infantry Brigade, and 152d Field Artillery Brigade.

5. St. Juvin and Hill 182—Offensive combat, Oct. 14-15, 1918. Participated in by all elements of 153d Infantry Brigade and 152d Field Artillery Brigade. Capture effected by 306th Infantry. Town actually mopped up, and Hill 182 seized by Company H, 306th Infantry and detachment Company B, 306th Machine Gun Battalion, supported by Companies K and L, 306th Infantry, and by Company H, 305th Infantry.

6. Grand Pre—Offensive combat, Oct. 15-16, 1918. Entire 154th Infantry Brigade, supported by 152d Field Artillery Brigade, 1st Battalion of 307th Infantry, (1st Battalion Headquarters Companies A, B, C, and D,) actually occupied and mopped up town. Company D encircled town on left. Company A mopped up west of town. Company C, the east, Company B, thrown out as combat liaison to the west. Outpost established north of town. Detachments 307th Infantry Machine Gun Company in the town.

7. Champigneulle—Offensive combat, Nov. 1-2, 1918. Attack launched by 153d Infantry Brigade, 306th Machine Gun Battalion, (Headquarters Companies A and B,) and supported by 152d Field Artillery Brigade including 302d Trench Mortar Battery, now equipped with captured German 105s.

8. Verpel, Thenorgues and Harricourt—Offensive combat, Nov. 2, 1918. Advance by 306th Infantry, supported by 304th Machine Gun Battalion and 306th Machine Gun Battalion. Verpel and Thenorgues captured by 1st Battalion, 306th Infantry, (1st Battalion Headquarters, Companies A, B, C, and D,) and Company A, 304th Machine Gun Battalion, and Company A, 305th Machine Gun Battalion. Harricourt captured by 3d Battalion, 306th Infantry, (3d Battalion Headquarters Companies E, K, L, and M,) and Company B, 304th Machine Gun Battalion. Operations supported by units of 152d Field Artillery Brigade.

9. Fonteney and St. Pierremont and Hill 172, (South of Oches.)—Offensive combat, Nov. 3, 1918. Captured by 306th Infantry and 304th Machine Gun Battalion, (Battalion Headquarters and Companies A and B,) supported by units of 152d Field Artillery Brigade.

10. Oches, La Berliers, Storne, Raucourt, Harracourt, Angecourt, Autrecourt, Villers-devant-Mauzon and Romilly—Offensive combat, Nov. 4-5, 1918. Captured by 307th Infantry, closely supported by 308th Infantry and 304th Machine Gun Battalion, (Headquarters Companies A and B,) and on Nov. 4 by 306th Machine Gun Battalion, (Headquarters Companies A, B, C, and D,) Nov. 5-6, by units of 152d Field Artillery Brigade throughout the entire operation.

11. La Besace—Offensive combat, Nov. 5, 1918. Captured by 306th Infantry and 306th Machine Gun Battalion, (Companies B and D,) supported by remainder of 153d Infantry Brigade.

12. Villers-devant-Mouson — Offensive combat Nov. 7, 1918. 1st and 3d Battalions, 305th Infantry, (1st and 3d Headquarters and Companies A, B, C, D, I, K, L, and M,) Company D, 302d Engineers, and one platoon Company A, 305th machine Gun Battalion, supported by 304th Field Artillery, established a bridgehead across the Meuse River.

B.—Local Engagements.

OISE-AISNE OFFENSIVE.

1. Tannerie—Offensive skirmish, Aug. 21, 1918. Captured by Company M, 305th Infantry, supported by 306th Machine Gun Battalion, (Battalion Headquarters Companies C and D.)

2. Chateau du Diable—Defensive affair, Aug. 23-24, 1918. Held by 3d Battalion, 308th Infantry, (Battalion Headquarters Companies I, K, L, and M.) Protective barrage and zone fire by units of 152d Field Artillery Brigade. Supported by 306th Machine Gun Battalion, (Battalion Headquarters Companies A, B, C, and D.) Entire 308th Infantry finally involved.

3. Bascoche—Offensive affair, Aug. 27, 1918. Participated in by Company G, 306th Infantry; one platoon Company F, 306th Infantry, and one section of Machine Gun Company, 306th Infantry. Supported by rolling barrage of 152d Field Artillery Brigade and machine-gun barrage of 304th Machine Gun Battalion, (Battalion Headquarters Companies A and B and 305th Machine Gun Battalion (Battalion Headquarters Companies A, B, C, and D.)

4. Chateau du Diable—Offensive affair, Aug. 27, 1918. Carried out in vicinity of Chateau du Diable, by 2d Battalion, 307th Infantry, (2d Battalion Headquarters Companies E, F, G, and H.) Supported by barrage and zone fire of 304th Field Artillery and 305th Field Artillery, also machine-gun action by 306th Machine Gun Battalion, (Battalion Headquarters Companies A, B, C, and D.)

5. Villers - en - Prayers — Offensive affair, Sept. 4-6, 1918. Executed by 1st Battalion, 306th Infantry, (1st Battalion Headquarters Companies A, B, C, and D.) Supported by elements of 305th Machine Gun Battalion and 152d Field Artillery Brigade. Units of the 305th Infantry crossed the Aisne Canal.

6. Aisne River—Offensive combat, Sept. 4-6, 1918. 305th Infantry attained south bank of Aisne River. Supported by 305th Machine Gun Battalion, (Battalion Headquarters Companies A, B, C, and D.) and 152d Field Artillery Brigade.

7. Chateau du Diable—Offensive affair, Sept. 4, 1918. Executed by 1st Battalion, 307th Infantry, (1st Battalion Headquarters Companies A and C.) Supported by 306th Machine Gun Battalion, (Battalion Headquarters Companies A and C.) and rolling barrage of 306th Field Artillery.

8. Morval—Offensive combat, Sept. 5, 1918. Carried out by 307th Infantry and 306th Machine Gun Battalion, (Battalion Headquarters Companies A and B.) Supported by All units of division participated. Division separated under orders of 3d Corps (American) until Sept. 9, thence passing to control of 16th Corps (French).

9. Blanzy-les-Fismes — Offensive affair, Sept. 5, 1918. Rear guard action with enemy. Participated in by 2d Battalion, 308th Infantry, (3d Battalion Headquarters Companies I, and M and 306th Machine Gun Battalion, Battalion Headquarters Companies B and D,) Supported by 152d Field Artillery Brigade.

10. Ravine Marion—Offensive combat, Sept. 8, 1918. 307th Infantry attacked this position in conjunction with the 306th Machine Gun Battalion, (Battalion Headquarters Companies A, B, C, and D.) Supported by 152d Field Artillery Brigade.

11. Revillon—Defensive affair, Sept. 12-13, 1918. Counterattack against position south of Revillon occupied by 3d Battalion, 308th Infantry, (3d Battalion Headquarters Companies I and M.) Supported by 306th Machine Gun Battalion, (Battalion Headquarters Companies B, C, and D,) and 152d Field Artillery Brigade.

12. La Petite Montagne—Offensive combat, Sept. 14, 1918. 307th Infantry attacked in conjunction with general attack of the 52d Division, (French.) Supported by 306th Machine Gun Battalion, (Battalion Headquarters Companies A and D,) and 152d Field Artillery Brigade.

Following units comprised the 77th Division up to Sept. 24, 1918, at which time the 306th Machine S. T. U. joined it.

DIVISION HEADQUARTERS.

Headquarters Troop, 304th Machine Gun Battalion, 153d Infantry Brigade, 306th Machine Gun Battalion, 305th Infantry, 306th Infantry, 154th Infantry Brigade Headquarters, 306th Machine Gun Battalion, 307th Infantry, 308th Infantry, 152d Field Artillery Brigade Headquarters, 304th Field Artillery, 305th Field Artillery, 306th Field Artillery, 302d Trench Mortar Battery, 302d Engineers, 302d Field Signal Battalion, 302d Military Police, 302d Ammunition Train, 302d Supply Train, 302d Engineer Train, 302d Mobile Ordnance Repair Shop, 302d Sanitary Train, 335th Machine S. T. U., Salvage Squad No. 18, Commissary Sales Unit 307.

Company B, 302d Military Police, transferred out of division on Oct. 20, 1918; Company A, 302d Military Police, became the 77th Military Police Company.

Units Included in Brigades—153d Infantry Brigade: 306th Machine Gun Battalion, 305th Infantry, 309th Infantry; 154th Infantry Brigade: 306th Machine Gun Battalion, 307th Infantry, 308th Infantry; 152d Field Artillery Brigade: 304th Field Artillery, 305th Field Artillery, 306th Field Artillery, 302d Ammunition Train, 302d Trench Mortar Battery.

It was the practice of the 77th Division to attach to its infantry front line battalions a section of trench mortars, a section of pioneers, a section of the signal platoon, and a section of the one-pounder platoon from the respective headquarters companies of each infantry regiment. Detachments of the 302d Engineers were at all times operating with front line infantry battalions, and detachments of the 302d Field Signal Battalion with all regiments. Detachments from the 302d Sanitary Train were at all times operating with all units of the division down to and including companies and battalions.

Regimental machine gun companies were at all times operating with their respective regiments supporting the front line battalions.

Minor engagements are classified on this basis:

Affair—One company or less engaged.

Affair—Not more than one battalion with auxiliary arms and more than one company engaged.

Combat—More than one battalion engaged.

WOUNDED MEN IN PARADE.

3,000 Soldiers Taken to Van Cortlandt Park Outing by Motor Cycles.

Three thousand wounded soldiers in the debarkation hospitals in the city had an outing in Van Cortlandt Park and a parade up Fifth Avenue yesterday as the guests of the new Victory Convalescent Soldier Motorcycle Outing Committee of 123 West Sixty-fourth Street. Sports, vaudeville, luncheon, and other entertainments were provided for the men in the park, and they were not returned to their hospitals until late in the afternoon.

The parade up Fifth Avenue started from Washington Square, where many of the wounded were picked up by owners of motorcycles, who had their side cars attached so that the wounded could be carried in comfort. Some of the soldiers had ridden on motorcycles or in side cars during their service at the front and they needed no instructions upon how to conduct themselves. Each side car was filled with cigarettes, lunch, and fruit, and the wounded men were ordered to help themselves as often as they pleased.

With an escort of forty mounted policemen the procession of motorcycles went up Fifth Avenue and Riverside Drive, and hundreds of persons cheered when they saw the banners conveying the information that the outing was for wounded soldiers only. The luñch in the park was served by the National League for Women's Service, and a vaudeville show was brought to them, with army trucks as stages.

Lost and Found advertisements on Page 15.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Opportunity

awaits the American business man, corporation or group of financiers who will acquire the rights to manufacture a series of patented devices (parts about 90% stamped) so new that they will control their field and within a year be known throughout the world.

The owners neither require nor demand cash for rights, but desire co-operation to make and commercialize the articles and place them in the forefront of American products.

Only principals of known financial responsibility need answer. Address Opportunity, Box Y 88 Times Annex.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Saks
GOLF CLOTHES

Patterned from current Edinburgh Fashions!

THERE'S as much difference between a Golf Suit of American pattern and one of Scotch pattern as there is between the product of the American Smith Brothers and the Scotch Haig Brothers.

Either Knee or Long Breeches—or Both

$35 UP

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

Stern Brothers

West Forty-second and West Forty-third Streets

To Honor the 77th Division Our Establishment Will be Closed All Day To-morrow

Buy Victory Loan Bonds To-day at Booth on our Main Floor

IT'S YOUR RIGHT

to be met with a look of welcome in the Liggett Stores—followed by prompt, attentive, solicitous service.

If you do not receive it in any Liggett Store you enter, won't you please let us know?

THE RIGHT DRUG STORES Liggett's

Clark and Weinberg

FURS
Cloth Coats
Evening Wraps
Cold Storage
2%

634 Fifth Ave.
Opp. Cathedral

An Opportunity

To Secure Working Capital and Services

A member of a representative firm of New York Attorneys for past five years desires for adequate reasons to give up the practice of law and associate himself with a well established and substantial business as an executive where the qualifications and experience he possesses can be profitably applied. Will contribute up to *One Hundred Thousand Dollars* to working capital of concern he may become interested in.

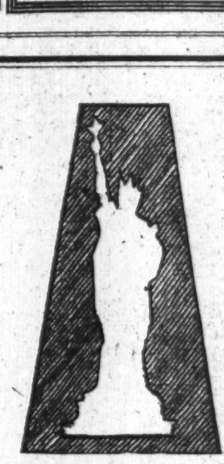
Thoroughly conversant with banking, taxation and corporation law and its varied applications.

Practical experience as a business executive and in the supervision of companies undergoing reorganization has made him exceptionally familiar with business finance and problems.

Age 30 years.

Propositions must stand most rigid investigation. Address N 494 Times Downtown.

With Our Deepest Respect



Remember the day the 77th paraded just before it went across?

The men faced a blizzard all the way down the Avenue. Tiny snowdrifts formed on eyebrows and mustaches. Faces were whipped to a ruddy glow. And they marched in slush and water. It was Washington's Birthday, 1918.

We on the side-lines cheered and shouted and cried. Proud of them? Well, we were willing to back those boys to the limit against any soldiers in the world. They were better than the best that ever came out of Germany and we knew it.

Today they are back again. And they handled their job just the way they promised to. They showed the world how New York City goes to war.

Well fought! Well won! And a welcome home! No finer record than that of the 77th has been made in any of the five wars, during the past 112 years, from which Cowperthwait & Sons have welcomed victorious New York soldiers home again.

In their honor we close our store all day on Tuesday, May 6th.

COWPERTHWAIT & SONS
Established 1807
"Oldest Furniture House in America"
3rd Avenue at 121st Street.

On the Court

Sleeveless sweaters of very soft imported English wool—$30.

Light, flexible Milan straw hats in various colors—$15.

White broadcloth skirt—$25.00.

Shoes built for comfort and speed—$12.

A. G. Spalding & Bros.
5th Avenue Between 45th and 46th Sts.

Tracy-Parry Company
Advertising Agents
Announce
the opening of a New York Branch at 366 Fifth Avenue, May 1, 1919, to facilitate the handling of their increasing business in this territory.

Telephone Greeley 817

Tracy-Parry Co., Philadelphia.

77TH WILL ARRIVE TODAY FOR PARADE

Officers Expect Entire Division to be in City Armories by 4 o'Clock This Afternoon.

PERSHING PRAISES TROOPS

Secretary Baker, with Assistants Roosevelt and Crowell, Expected to Review Pageant.

Final arrangements for the triumphal march of the 77th Division in Fifth Avenue tomorrow will be completed early today, and at 9 o'clock this morning units of the division will begin to arrive in Long Island City from Camp Mills en route to armories in this city to be quartered for the night. Police arrangements have been completed for the handling of a crowd as large as that which witnessed the parade of the 27th Division, it being pointed out last night that the police intend to profit by experience with the surging throng on the former occasion.

Officers of the division, busy with the military details of the celebration, did not make public the locations of the armories to which the units will go today, because, it was said, the men making ready for the great welcome would not be permitted to leave the armories to greet relatives and friends. It is planned to have all the units here by 4 o'clock this afternoon, in plenty of time for the entertainment arranged by the War Camp Community Service and the Mayor's Committee for 5,700 officers and men at the Hotel Astor tonight.

Pershing Praises Division.

At the Biltmore yesterday Major Gen. Alexander made public a letter from General Pershing, in which the American commander expresses high praise for the fighting ability of the 77th. The letter follows:

AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCES.
Office of the Commander in Chief.
Major Gen. Robert Alexander,
Commanding 77th Division,
A. E. F., Saine-sur-Sarthe.

My Dear General Alexander:—It gives me great pleasure to extend to you and the officers and men of the 77th Division my compliments upon their splendid work while in France.

Arriving in April, 1918, their training with the British was interrupted, and by the end of June the division was in a quiet part of the line near Baccarat, thus releasing veteran divisions for the active battle. After slightly more than a month's experience here it went into the Oise-Aisne offensive from Aug. 12 until Sept. 16 advancing against strong opposition for twelve kilometers from near the Ourcq River, crossing the Vesle, to a position a little west of the Aisne River. In the Meuse-Argonne offensive, in which it took part from Sept. 26 to Oct. 16, and from Oct 31 to Nov. 11, it had to advance through the exceedingly difficult terrain of the Argonne Forest. It finally worked its way twenty-two kilometers to the north edge of the forest and captured Grand Pre. From Nov. 1 to Nov. 7 the division advanced thirty-seven and one-half kilometers from the Aire to the Meuse, capturing Champigneulle, Buzancy, and all towns and heights on the west of the Meuse within the divisional sector.

It was gratifying to see your troops in such good physical shape, but still more so to know that the moral tone of all ranks is so high. I am sure that they will carry this high standard back into whatever tasks lie before them when they return to civil life.

I want the officers and men of the 77th Division to know how much they have contributed to the success of our armies. They should go home justly proud of the gratitude of the Allies with whom they have fought and conscious of the admiration of their fellows throughout the American Expeditionary Forces.

Very sincerely yours,
(Signed.) JOHN J. PERSHING.

It was also announed for the information of casuals and former members of the 77th Division who desire to parade that the headquarters at the Hotel Biltmore had made arrangements for the men to join their former organizations not later than 8 o'clock tomorrow morning at the various points of assembly given for the organizations as follows:

306th Infantry—On University Place, from Washington Square north.
306th Infantry—On West Fourth Street, between Thompson and Wooster Street.
307th Infantry—Eleventh Street west of Fifth Avenue.
308th Infantry—Twelfth Street west of Fifth Avenue.
304th Field Artillery—From the corner of Washington Square North and University Place East.
152d Brigade and 305th Field Artillery—From the corner of Washington Square North and University Place South.
306th Field Artillery—East from University Place and Washington Square east to Broadway.
153d Brigade Headquarters—West Fourth Street east of Macdougal Street.
154th Brigade Headquarters—West Eleventh Street east from Sixth avenue.
305th and 306th Machine Gun Battalion—Washington Square north from University Place to Fifth Avenue.
Divisional Headquarters and Headquarters Troop—Washington Square northwest on Fifth Avenue.
302d Engineers—Washington Square northeast from Macdougal Street.
77th M. P. Company and 302d F. S. Infantry and M. O. R. S.—between Sixth Avenue and Macdougal Street, front on Washington Square North.

All passes to men were terminated at 6 o'clock last night by an order from Colonel Louis Gerow so that all members of the division would be back at Camp Mills for the early entrainment today.

Expect Secretary Baker.

Secretary of War Baker, according to advices received yesterday by the Mayor's Committee, will review the parade from the stand at Eighty-second Street. He is due here today from France on the steamer George Washington. Benedict Crowell, Assistant Secretary of War, and Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, will also be among the reviewing officials, as will Governor Alfred E. Smith, Mayor Hylan, Major Gen. David C. Shanks, commander of the Port of Embarkation; Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, commander of the Department of the East; Rear Admiral J. H. Glennon, Brig. Gen. George H. McManus, in charge of troop movements at Hoboken; Colonel William J. Donovan, commander of the 165th Infantry, and Father Duffy, noted chaplain of this unit.

According to the military authorities the parade, starting at 10 o'clock, will take only forty-five minutes to pass a given point, since the units will march in column of battalions, four companies abreast, each company marching in column of squads instead of in platoon or squad order, the custom in previous parades. This plan, however, was said to be subject to change. Because of this the police will be forced to keep the crowd rigidly at the east and west curbs.

Traffic in Fifth Avenue will be diverted to other thoroughfares at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning, and after that hour no automobile or horse-drawn vehicle will be permitted within the boundaries laid out by the police. The crowd will be handled under a plan which worked successfully on Saturday at the "Panorama of Victory" parade under the auspices of the Victory Liberty Loan Committee. On this occasion after the sidewalks of the avenue were "comfortably filled" no additional groups were permitted to swell the throng.

In Madison Square, where the onlookers for a time got beyond police control during the parade of the 27th Division, the police plan to check the crowd at Fourth Avenue on the east and Sixth Avenue on the west of the Altar of Liberty and the Victory Arch.

To Hear Seat Suit Today.

Inspector O'Brien, who will be in charge of the police, announced yesterday that 7,000 regular patrolmen would line the avenue with 6,000 in reserve. About 1,250 auxiliaries and 1,200 members of the Women's Police Reserve will police the stands. Two ushers will take charge of the seating in each section and a uniformed fireman will be at hand in case of fire in the stands.

In answer to the order served on the Mayor's Committee to show cause why the city should not be enjoined from placing a stand in front of private stands on property on the east side of Fifth Avenue, Daniel Ryan, member of the Executive Committee, accompanied by George B. Nicholson and John Collins, assistants to the Corporation Counsel, will appear before Justice Whittaker in the Supreme Court at 10 o'clock this morning.

Mr. Ryan said yesterday that he was confident the action of the Mayor's Committee in setting up the stands on the east side of Fifth Avenue, between Ninety-seventh and Ninety-eighth Streets, would be sustained by the court, in view of the fact that the seats had been provided for the relatives of 1,400 officers and men of the 304th Machine Gun Battalion and the 302d Supply, Ammunition, and Sanitary Trains. These units are still on the sea, and according to a wireless message received by the Mayor's Committee from the transport President Grant yesterday, will not reach the Ambrose Channel until 4 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon.

GLOBE SPRINKLERS
FIREMEN EVERY TEN FEET

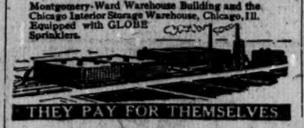
Which costs less?

Can you afford the destruction of your plant? Can you afford to pay double for insurance? Can you afford to risk the lives of your employees?

Consider well before saying "I can't afford GLOBE protection."

GLOBE AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CO.
149 Broadway Cort. 6790

Montgomery-Ward Warehouse Building and the Chicago Interior Storage Warehouse, Chicago, Ill. Equipped with GLOBE Sprinklers.



THEY PAY FOR THEMSELVES

THE FUTURE

of some public service and industrial securities may be uncertain, but there is no uncertainty about our Guaranteed Mortgages. They are sure to yield their 5% and to be repaid in full.

LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST COMPANY
160 Broadway, New York
188 Montague St., Bkn. 44 Court St., Bkn.
383 E. 149th St., N. Y. 1354 B'way, Bkn.
367 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.
100 Main St., White Plains, N. Y.

3 P. M.

Help Wanted advertisements for the Sunday edition of The New York Times must be in The Times Building by 3 P. M. on Saturday.—Advt.

The Store will be closed all day to-morrow (Tuesday)

B. Altman & Co.

A Special Sale of
American-made Underwear
for to-day (Monday)

will offer splendid values in the following:

Lingerie Underwear

Nightrobes	$1.45, 1.95, 2.90, 3.90
Chemises	1.00, 1.50, 1.95, 2.75
Envelopes,	1.00, 1.50, 1.95, 2.90, 3.90
Combinations	1.25, 1.65, 1.95, 2.75
Corset Covers	75c., 1.10, 1.25, 1.50
Petticoats,	1.25, 1.95, 2.35, 2.95, 3.90
Drawers	95c., 1.50, 1.95

Silk Underwear

Nightrobes	$4.95, 5.90, 6.85, 10.75
Envelopes	1.95, 2.95, 3.90, 5.75
Camisoles,	1.00, 1.50, 1.95, 2.90, 3.75
Knickers	2.50, 2.95, 3.90

The sizes are not complete in all styles.

Some of the prices quoted are subject to War Revenue tax.

(Second Floor)

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

FOUNDED 1856

MEN are not prone to shopping—it's a hardship for many to devote a few minutes to selecting necessary things—clothes, for instance.

All the more reason why a man's store should be right on the jump, and fully equipped with everything men wear.

Variety, design, sizes and value—augmented by active and courteous service—that's our way of serving men properly.

Store Closed Tomorrow

BROKAW BROTHERS
1457-1463 BROADWAY
AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

United States Railroad Administration
Director General of Railroads

Lehigh Valley Railroad

Through train of sleeping cars and coaches to

TORONTO

and

BUFFALO

has been restored.

Lvs. Pennsylvania Sta. 6:17 P. M.
(Seventh Ave. and 32d St.)

Lvs. Hudson Terminal 6:10 P. M.

Other important changes in train schedule. Details may be had at all Consolidated Ticket Offices, Pennsylvania Station and Hudson Terminal.

Shoe Specialists Since 1857

ANDREW ALEXANDER
SIXTH AVENUE (A-A) CORNER 19TH ST.

Women's Spring Oxfords
$5.90 and $6.90

The shapes and leathers now most in demand

WE are abundantly supplied with Oxfords in the popular new models shown in a variety of heel and toe shapes. The choice of leathers includes brown or black kidskin, brown or gunmetal calfskin, and patent leather, at one or another of these moderate prices.

from abroad—

POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL

—"always fresh"

Unsurpassed for Mayonnaise and French Salad Dressings

Sold Everywhere

Store Closed All Day Tomorrow—TUESDAY
In honor of the Gallant Seventy-Seventh

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

A Really Wonderful Opportunity—TODAY

275 Women's Higher-Cost Suits
Formerly $50 to $75

Reduced to $44 and $55

Suits are enjoying an unprecedented vogue, a fact which gives to this event added significance. The models are all exact reproductions of high-priced importations, and at their former prices were without any worthy competition. The exquisite needlework of every suit in the collection will win the commendation of even the most critical. The materials are—

Tricotine, Gabardine, Poiret Twill, Velour Checks, and Superior Quality Men's Wear Serge

with vestees of Silk, Tricoiette, Duvetyne, or rich Brocades. Sizes 34 to 44, and in several models to 50½ bust

Fourth Floor

INVEST

in the Victory Loan. Obey that impulse to do your duty.

Why refuse to help bring home the Boys who are overseas anxiously waiting to see their loved ones at home?

They fought and paid with their blood. Now you "do your bit" by simply *loaning* a little of your money at a good rate of interest—4¾ per cent.

Just Arrived!

New Afternoon Frocks for Women at $35

By far the most distinctive frocks created for afternoon and street wear, some beautifully fashioned of

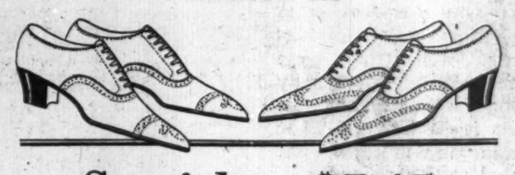
Silk Foulard veiled with Georgette Crepe, bead-embroidered—Others in Flowered Georgette Crepe.

Modeled along the much-wanted Straight, Tunic and Draped lines, showing many original style treatments, and exhibiting much skill in their clever needlework.

Silver Grey, White, Beige and Copenhagen Blue. Sizes 34 to 44. Two styles pictured.

Fourth Floor

Beginning This Morning
A Very Remarkable Sale of
Women's and Misses' Oxfords



Special at $7.45

The most important shoe sale of the season, affording unusual economy on Oxfords of a very fine quality just when the need for such footwear is most pronounced. The styles are unusually graceful—as *pictured*—and may be had in

Dark Russia Calfskin with Wing or Straight Tip, and in Gun Metal Calfskin with Wing Tip.

Sizes 2 to 8; widths AA to D.

Second Floor

Exceptional Values Monday Only

Women's Dressy Capes and Dolman Wraps

At $39.50—

Smart Capes, Dolmans, and Street Coats, in stunning coatee models, and very charming yoke effects with full flare, large collars or throw scarfs.

Fashioned of Tricotine, Poiret Twill, Silvertone, Men's Wear Serge, and rich mixtures, lined with plain or fancy silk. One style *pictured*.

At $29.50—Beautiful Capes, Dolman Wraps and Street Coats, skilful copies of much higher-priced models, featuring many style treatments shown for the first time at this price. Splendid selection of materials, including Gabardine, Fine Serge, Poplin, and Reversible Satin

Fourth Floor.

3,500 Boys' Wash Suits

in an important Sale Today

at $2.25 and $3

The styles are all new—many exclusive with Saks & Company—tailored with rare skill in tub fabrics known especially for their splendid service-giving qualities. They come in

Smart Combination Colorings, Striped Effects trimmed with solid colors, and a host of plain colors. Sizes 3 to 8 yrs.

Second Floor.

Children's Socks, Special at 25c

Unequalled! Obtainable in White, Tan, Black, and with contrasting color tops. Sizes 6 to 9½.

We Are Making a Special Feature This Week of

NEMO CORSETS

—now very much in favor among well-dressed women because of their perfect lines and scientific construction.

The new models add youth to the figure and create that poise and bearing so essential to the proper draping of the new gowns. Besides their many exclusive style features, Nemo Corsets have an added attractiveness—the masterful manner in which they are constructed. Special corsetieres will demonstrate this week the—

Nemo Kops Service Corsets	at $3.00 to $7.00
Nemo Self-Reducing Corsets	at $3.50 to $7.00
Nemo Wonderlift Corsets	at $6.00 and $7.00
Nemo "Juspul" Brassieres	at $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00

Third Floor

Today! An Important Clearance of

Muslin Underwear at Reduced Prices

Dainty nightgowns, envelope chemises, and combinations, radically reduced for immediate disposal:

Garments Regularly $1.50	Now $1.00
Garments Regularly $2.00	Now $1.50
Garments Regularly $3.00	Now $2.00
Garments Regularly $4.00	Now $3.00

Also—Just One Lot of Hand-Embroidered

Porto Rican Nightgowns Special at $2

All hand-made, of fine nainsook, embroidered in artistic floral design. Square neck and sleeves finished with hand hemstitching.

Third Floor.

Purity Cross

CREAMED SPAGHETTI Au Gratin

Tenderest Spaghetti, with a heavy cream sauce, garnished with pimentos and broiled mushrooms — and with the flavor of prime June Cheese — the recipe of our master chef—*that* is Purity Cross Creamed Spaghetti au Gratin! Most delicious. *Try it for lunch.*

Ten-days Suggestions!

At grocers and delicatessen—in two sizes 10c—for your instant convenience.

Booklet sent free on request.

PURITY CROSS MODEL KITCHEN
Orange, New Jersey

HARVARD
Black Kid, Black Calf, Mahogany Calf, Patent Leather.

Real Satisfaction in a Shoe

The Dr. A. Reed Cushion Shoe measures up to the highest standards of what a good shoe ought to be.

If you are seeking a comfortable, good-looking, well-fitting shoe that will give unusually long wear try the Dr. A. Reed Cushion Shoe and you will know what real shoe satisfaction is like.

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES
For Men Made by J.P. SMITH SHOE CO.
SOLD ONLY AT
1372 Broadway, at 37th Street
12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.
Send for Illustrated Booklet.

WYLER
661 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
AT 52nd STREET

Turn your unused Jewels into money—and your money into

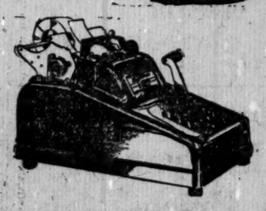
VICTORY BONDS

We are paying higher prices for unused jewels and silverware than ever known in the past.

WE PURCHASE FOR CASH

PEARLS DIAMONDS
AND
OTHER PRECIOUS STONES
JEWELS SILVER
BRONZES ANTIQUES

Sundstrand ADDING MACHINE



SUNDSTRAND 10-key simplicity enables you to add, multiply, subtract, divide—easier, faster and more accurately. It makes "touch" system figure work a true reality.

SUNDSTRAND light weight permits easily carrying to the figure work wherever it may be.

Ask for demonstration in your office.

New York Sales Office
101 Park Ave.
Tel. Vanderbilt 3323-3324

PAWN TICKETS BOUGHT

Cash Paid Immediately For Pawn Tickets, Diamonds, Precious Stones and Jewelry and Your Valuables Saved for You. Strictly Confidential. Est. 1885.

FORGOTSTON'S
503 Fifth Ave.
N. E. Cor. 42nd St. Tel. Vanderbilt 5331

AMERICANS ABROAD TAKE PRIDE IN 77TH

Welcome New York Will Give Its Drafted Fighters Richly Earned, They Say.

MADE GOOD ON BATTLEFIELD

Laurels Won on the Vesle Rewon in the Argonne—Observer's Recollections of Them.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 4.—As long as America's chief commercial city can furnish such draft troops as the 77th Division she will never perish by military conquest. For it was the congested and polyglot districts of New York from which the least was expected.

Gathered up from the humblest sections of the east side and the swell uptown districts and sent straight into battle with a minimum of training, they represented a cross-section of society in the capital of our democracy. They held. Then they developed. Finally, with experience, they became a great fighting division. After a thorough blooding on the Vesle by the most aggressive division commander, perhaps, in our army, Alexander, they were assigned to the entire forest proper of Argonne, and when they had finished that job and broken out northward they had enough life and pluck left to push on to the key positions of the rivers.

Thousands of our soldiers and citizens of New York in Paris are sharing with New York the pride she must feel in giving a warm welcome to a division whose record was one of the American romances of the war and which has written the name of that greatest of all commercial cities across some of the finest battlefields in the history of the world.

On the 27th of last May General Pershing sent me a military car with the request that I take a tour through Northern France and see the fresh troops that had been sent over. No opportunity could have been more pleasing, because I not only was eager to see the reinforcements which I believed would save the European situation, but because I had a deep and special interest in the 77th Division.

At a Critical Time.

It was an unforgettable day, because that morning the Germans had let loose their strength on what we all considered the strongest position on our western front, the Chemin des Dames. I stopped to see General Harbord near Beauvais and spent the afternoon with my friends in the Marine Brigade. It had not yet dawned on them—or if it had it was not mentioned—that this drive might change the whole course of the Americans. Soldiers are not much given to sensitive forebodings. As a matter of fact, however, the 2d Division, which had been sent to the Montdidier front to relieve the glorious and exhausted 1st Division, were within a day or two rushed to the Marne, with results that will live in history.

I went on my way visiting one after another of the newly arrived units. I saw some of the Illinois National Guard regiments which shortly afterward performed such a great feat between Chipilly and Chaulnes; the Missouri and Kansas 35th, under General William Wright, the finest body of boche beaters, as I thought, I had ever seen; the 82d Division, composed of Georgia, Alabama, and Tennessee selected draft men, whom General George Duncan later led to victory on the Ayre; units of the 27th Division, the 4th Regulars under Cameron.

The real place I was headed for, however, was a group of towns near St. Omer, for it was here that the 77th was encamped. I saw something of the 30th, with its large Tennessee element.

The 77th were the first new lot to arrive, and I found them tackling their practice job with main strength and awkwardness. My personal interest in the division made me somewhat anxious. They were made up of I don't know how many different religions and languages, were shy of training, and it seemed to be planned to rush them right into the line. Furthermore, they went through two or three demoralizing changes in command.

Visited Them on the Vesle.

The next time I visited them was late in August, and they were having a grueling experience on the Vesle. I spent a day at a P. C. of the 306th Regiment, and we counted a thousand German shell-bursts. The Germans had the air on us and did as they pleased there, but we gave back two to one in artillery.

Shortly after this time Alexander got the division. His command may have been hard on individual members, but it was mighty fine for the division. Whenever troops were wanted in any hot place, Alexander's right hand went up, and his thumb and forefinger snapped. His division was always ready. I believe the 77th holds the record for continuous action, sixty-seven days in the front line, with four days of rest, three of which were used in marching from one operation to another.

On the Vesle I saw for the last time as fine a civilian officer as any army ever had, Captain Gillam, with the 306th Machine Gun Battalion. He was one of the Pillars of the 77th and he fell a few days afterward at Fismes. Another splendid New Yorker who laid down his life was Lieutenant Harris. All those men who had volunteered and gone to Plattsburg gave themselves with beautiful blitheness.

In this division there was an entire lack of a certain military arrogance that one sometimes sees among officers. We would sit around in the moonlight and talk about what it was that was making the 77th Division, and there was a feeling around the circle that anything like layers of superiority were out of place. How could any officer feel superiority over the two Chinamen in Adler's company who fought for America with a heroism unexcelled by the sons of the revolution?

When they found one of these Chinamen disabled on the roadside, left by the Germans as dead, they stopped to pick him up.

"No, No!" he said, "Me all right."

He got well and received the Distinguished Service Medal.

The 306th's commander told me about a wee Jewish pants cutter who was runner in his regiment. He did his work like a child running back and forth to a candy store. A sense of fear never seemed to come to him.

There was another boy who got cold feet, whose Captain had put him under arrest, coming over on the ship, owing to apparent waves of cowardice. This boy turned out to be one of the heroes, too.

There were many cases of cold feet, at first, because there were thousands of men without that background of pride that compels men to give a good account of themselves, but at the end of things I don't whether any division made a better record for courage than did the 77th. It was America. They came from a country in which they were free and equal. As the war progressed, wherever there was emptiness in the background of these men, it was filled up by a sense of the greatness and glory of the nation for which they stood on the battlefields of Europe.

If I write a little freely and feelingly of New York's very own, I think New York will stand for it. It is what is talked of here among soldiers whenever the 77th is mentioned. Everybody is proud to have them wear their insignia, Liberty Enlightening the World.

Of the great adventure in the Argonne a splendid book has been written that no New Yorker ought to fail to buy and read from cover to cover. Day after day, through that black, slimy wilderness, with German machine guns hid in the roots of trees and the whole terrain fiendishly laid off with wire and paths, these New York lads pressed forward to victory. The commander of the 306th told me that at one tree he found eight of his men lying dead. They got a machine gunner, but they paid the price. The Germans sent the very pick of their machine gunners, and the only way to get ahead in a territory was to kill the men who held it.

The Taking of St. Juvin.

Then, finally, when they swept out to the open country, they performed some of the finest feats of that great battle. One incident of it that comes nearer home to me than any other was the taking of St. Juvin. The regimental commander had orders to capture the position at any cost. He sent Company H. It had gone through No Man's Land exposed to the German fire and reached St. Juvin with only a platoon left. It found the place occupied by an overwhelming number. It captured it. But before this result was achieved it got down practically to the Captain of the company, who seized a German officer's pistol and made good the work that had been started by his men. As this Captain was my office mate in THE TIMES, I was naturally interested in the record he made on St. Juvin Hill. Next day he got a citation for promotion and a medal—and a dose of gas that almost finished him.

TO OPEN ROOSEVELT EXHIBIT

Dr. Shaw and Hamlin Garland to Speak at Exercises Friday.

Dr. Albert Shaw and Hamlin Garland, it was announced last night, will be the speakers at the opening exercises of the Roosevelt Memorial Exhibition at Avery Hall, Columbia University, Friday evening. Several hundred men and women of national prominence, among them seven university Presidents and a delegation from the Educational Service of the Federal Government, will hear addresses portraying the former President as a typical American and launching a nation-wide campaign of Americanization.

Earlier in the day members of the Roosevelt family will view the exhibits. Beginning Saturday the exhibition, which will include Roosevelt memorabilia, ranging from autograph letters from the ex-Kaiser and the ex-Czar to African trophies and a collection of oil paintings, bronzes, and etchings, will be open to the public. Lectures will be given every afternoon and evening. The exhibition will continue through Commencement Day, June 4.

University heads who will be present Friday night are: A. Lawrence Lowell, Harvard; Harry Pratt Judson, University of Chicago; William A. Shanklin, Wesleyan University; Frank J. Goodnow, Johns Hopkins; H. B. Hutchins, University of Michigan; John H. Finley, University of the State of New York; Nicholas Murray Butler, Columbia.

Other educators to attend will include Dr. Samuel P. Capen of the Federal Bureau of Education; Dr. Charles E. Merriam, National Research Commission; Anson Phelps Stokes, Secretary of Yale University; Henry S. Pritchett, President of the Carnegie Foundation; Professor Paul Monroe, Director of the School of Education, Teachers College; Dwight W. Morrow, Professor Stephen P. Duggan of City College.

Drs. Goodnow, Hutchins, and Finley and Mr. Stokes represent the American University Union; Drs. Lowell, Judson, Shanklin, Capen and Merriam the Institute of International Education, and Dr. Pritchett, Professors Monroe and Duggan and Mr. Morrow, the American Council on Education.

The list of patrons, as announced by Professor W. A. Braun of Columbia House, the University's centre of Americanization work, includes a host of well-known names. Among them are United States Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, Elihu Root, Miss Mabel Choate, Mrs. Willard D. Straight, John T. Pratt, Jacob H. Schiff, Herbert L. Satterlee, Thomas F. Ryan, David Warfield, ex-Senator Theodore E. Burton, Andrew Carnegie, Paul D. Cravath, Charles E. Hughes, Cleveland H. Dodge, Elbert H. Gary, A. Barton Hepburn, General T. Coleman du Pont, George W. Perkins, Irvin R. Kirkwood, James Byrne, Thomas A. Edison, James C. Colgate, Rodman Wanamaker, John J. Riker, William Hamlin Childs, Adolph Lewisohn, Felix M. Warburg, Henry W. Taft, Grenville L. Winthrop and John I. Waterbury.

A notable feature of the exhibition will be a collection of "picture" letters written by Colonel Roosevelt to his children while he was in the White House. These letters reveal Colonel Roosevelt's fondness for his children in new and touching fashion. For each child he had an affectionate diminutive, and in the busiest days of his life he would write to them in Sagamore Hill of what he saw on his rides or jaunts, coloring each letter with a pen drawing depicting a boy in distress or a combat between animals.

Letters from virtually every monarch then reigning in Europe will be shown. They reveal praise of the American fleet by the ex-Kaiser, who invited Roosevelt to shoot big game in German territory. Nicholas Romanoff's letter, written at the time of the Russo-Japanese war, is in a plaintive key. The latest contribution is a collection from the American Numismatic Society, including the originals of the Saint-Gaudens coins, struck during Roosevelt's Presidential tenure.

The decorations, in charge of Professor William Boring, are taking shape. Flowers, photographs, big game trophies, and other mementoes are filling the library of Avery Hall. Offers of memorabilia are still being received from widely scattered sections.

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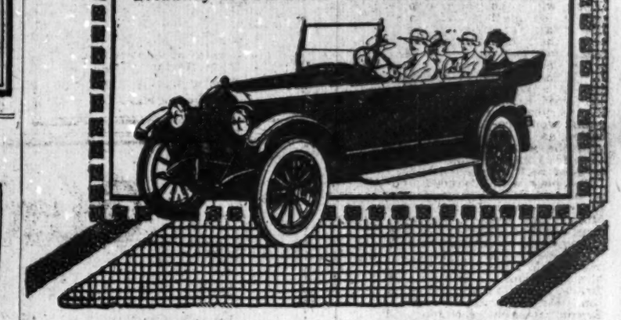

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DURYEA WAR RELIEF WILL REBUILD LILLE

Reconstruction of Devastated City Intrusted to Society by French Government.

PLAN ANNOUNCED AT PLAY

Comedy by Mrs. Nina Larrey Duryea Is Given in the Waldorf-Astoria to Aid Work.

The first performance of "Mrs. Drummond's War Relief," a comedy in three acts by Mrs. Nina Larrey Duryea, founder of the Duryea War Relief, was given last night in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria, and will be repeated this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The play, written from notes of scenes and incidents observed by Mrs. Duryea during her four years of war work in France, was appreciatively received by a large and distinguished audience. The cast was made up of well-known professional and amateur actors.

During the intermissions, addresses were made by Mrs. Duryea and M. Guy, of the French High Commission. M. Guy announced the receipt of a cablegram from André Tardieu, announcing that the French Government has entrusted to the Duryea War Relief the work of reconstruction in the city of Lille in Northern France, which was held by the Germans throughout almost the entire war.

Reviewing the work of her organization Mrs. Duryea said: "The tragedy today is that you have forgotten the tragedy to a certain extent. Tonight conditions in France are just as bad as they were a year ago. You were pitying and working for them then, but remember the same people are there today and need your help. They have no clothes, no comforts. They are the men who fought your battles for two years for 5 cents a day."

While the great men continue to talk in Paris and to argue indemnities and the future, Mrs. Duryea said, Northern France still is decimated by poverty and is still in ruins. She told of seeing machines in French factories which were put out of use by the Germans who filled them with concrete.

Mrs. Duryea appealed to her auditors not to allow the people of Northern France to sink too far in despair, and predicted, if this happened, disaster for France and the rest of the world. What France needs, she said, is to get back on her feet.

M. Guy delivered the thanks of the French Government to Mrs. Duryea for her work. He recalled that her activity began at the beginning of the war and lasted until the end, when a large organization had been developed which had assisted thousands of Frenchmen.

"The Duryea War Relief needs assistance and co-operation more now than it ever did before," he continued. He pointed out that the country is suffering under the weight of the loss of a million and a half men. He said the soil had been rendered infertile in many places, and that the most prosperous regions had been burned to the ground and devastated.

Rheims, which had 13,000 houses when the war began, he said, is now shattered, with 11,000 houses utterly destroyed. He predicted that France would recover, "because it is the instinct of France to recover and because it is the natural and eager spirit of France to hold the position which the Germans tried to wrest from them for fifty years."

M. Guy then announced the contents of the cable message received from M. Tardieu and said that Lille and the surrounding country now contains a population which has been deprived of its normal occupation. He said it would take years for those in the city to resume their normal tasks, and in the meantime they need clothes, food, and other necessaries to bring their bodies to a condition where they may be able to work again.

He paid a high tribute to the work of the Duryea War Relief and hoped the public would co-operate with the organization as it had done in the past. Behind the words of Mrs. Duryea's play, he said, could be discovered the tragic facts of real men and women.

The play was produced under the direction of Hilda Spong. Among those in the cast were: John Sainpolis, Henry Hull, Paul Doucet, Barlowe Borland, Bruce McRae, William Gillette, J. H. N. Potter, Arthur Little, Jr., Hilda Spong, Catherine Calhoun Doucet, Susanne Westford, Madge Edison, Olive May, Mrs. Theodosius Stevens, Mrs. Clara Bracy, Lorna Violaire, Virginia Pemberton, Mrs. Donald F. Jenks, Emilie Brown, Rosalie Bloodgood, Elsie Everett, Dolly Kimball, Sally McCombs, Virginia Warren, Mrs. Ralph de F. Edmunds, Mrs. Wheeler H. Peckham, Mrs. Ransom George, and Mrs. Helene van de Putte. The business manager was Ralph Edmunds. The play was staged by Edgar Foreman.

INCREASE IN DELINQUENCY

Due to Improper Guardianship, Not to the War, Says Society.

A widespread impression that the entrance of America into the war was followed by a marked increase in juvenile delinquency is not true, at least so far as New York is concerned, according to the annual report of the Department for the Improvement of Social Conditions of the Charity Organization Society, made public yesterday.

"In 1916, because of the infantile paralysis epidemic, there was considerable falling off in juvenile delinquency," the report reads. "A comparison between 1915 and 1917 is therefore a fair standard. The total arraignments of the court show an increase of slightly less than 400 for 1917 over 1915. The total arraignments for the three years were: 1915, 14,135; 1916, 12,495; 1917, 14,510.

"The increase was due to cases of improper guardianship rather than to juvenile delinquency."

The report says seven new fresh air classes have been organized in the last year, bringing the number in Manhattan and the Bronx up to sixty-five. The problem of feeding children in the fresh air classes was solved by the adoption of different methods in different schools with no cost to the city, and with minimum amount of trouble to teachers and other organizations.

URGE WILSON TO RETURN.

Needed Here Immediately to Prevent Strike, Telegraphers Resolve.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 4.—District Council No. 1 of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America, at a special meeting today, criticised Postmaster General Albert S. Burleson as a dictator and adopted resolutions in which was incorporated a request that President Wilson come back from Paris and help settle their troubles before the strike, the vote on which closes tomorrow, becomes effective.

They say the President in 1918 issued a proclamation affirming the right of workers to organize into trades unions and bargain collectively through chosen representatives, but that Burleson refuses to recognize or treat with them. They want the President to come back before 400,000 telegraph and telephone workers quit work.

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A SOUVENIR HISTORY.

The portentous events which occurred all over the world in April, 1919, formed a tragic, yet fascinating, chapter of history. The official facts and details, in consecutive order, are given in the CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE; no comment; no bias; 40 big features, 192 pages. Published by The New York Times Company, on news stands, 25c.—Advt.

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Garden Spades—D-handle..$1.25
Wire Lawn Rakes—24 teeth, 65c
Riveted Steel Garden Hoes..40c
Ladies' Steel Garden Hoes..70c
All-Steel Garden Hoes, 6½-inch blade 95c

Spading Forks—4 tines...$1.30
Ladies' Garden Set, 4-piece, $2.50
Cast-Steel shovels, square or round end $1.85
Steel Turf Edgers.....$1.05
Trowels .....10c and 25c
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Pruning Shears 45c
Galvanized (Garden) Trellis Wire, 22-inch, foot.....30c

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Sweet Corn Seeds—Country Gentleman, Stowell's Evergreen, ¼ lb., 12c; ½ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 38c.
Beans, Peas and Bush Lima Beans, in best varieties, ¼ lb., 15c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 48c.
Other popular vegetable seeds, in liberal size packets, 7c each.—Include beet, cabbage, carrot, celery, cucumber, lettuce, onion, parsley, radish, tomato, turnip.

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Sweet Peas, 2 oz. packages, 40c.
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Mixed Spencers, 2 oz. packages, 40c.
Pansy, Aster, Phlox, etc., etc. Liberal size packets, at 7c.

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Extra fine mixture, ¼ lb., 10c; ½ lb., 18c; 1 lb., 35c.

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Extraordinary Low Prices

6 to 11 inches 1c ea. (In bundles of 25) 12 to 18 inches 2c ea.

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13 inches wide	$1.25	$2.05	$2.55	$4.80
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24 inches wide	$2.10	$3.75	$4.60	$8.75
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36 inches wide	$2.75	$5.15	$6.15	$11.95
42 inches wide	$3.15	$6.00	$7.00	$13.90
60 inches wide	$4.50	$8.60	$10.00	$19.85
72 inches wide	$5.35	$10.30	$12.00	$23.85

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American Beauty (pink), Killarney (pink or white), La France (pink), Marshall P. Wilder, General Jack, Madame Plantier, Richmond (red), 3 Year Old 28c Each $3.10 Dozen

Hardy Phlox, white, pink, red and purple, 18c each
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Pansies and English Daisies, 50c
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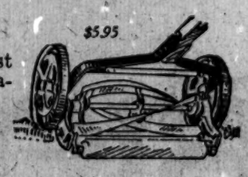

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12-inch	14-inch	16-inch	18-inch
$5.95	$6.25	$6.50	$6.95

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Four tempered knives of high-grade tool steel. Exceptionally fine workmanship throughout—10-inch drive wheels.

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$11.10	$11.95	$12.85

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$13.75	$14.45

Garden Hose—¾-inch. Quality guaranteed.
Flushing.....25 ft., $4.90; 50 ft., $9.75
Prospect.....25 ft., $5.75; 50 ft., $11.50
G. B.....25 ft., $6.40; 50 ft., $12.75

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Three high-grade tempered tool-steel knives; 9-inch drive wheels.

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Made of the same high-grade material as the one above, ball-bearings make operation much easier.

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$8.25	$8.75	$8.95	$9.45

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It is natural that shoes with Neolin Soles should wear a long time, for Neolin Soles give *extra* wear where most shoes wear out quickest.

These long-lasting soles are made by Science to be especially tough and durable—comfortable and waterproof, too. If you want to save money on shoes buy them with Neolin Soles. Good shoe stores carry them in many styles for men, women, and children. And you can have your old shoes re-bottomed with Neolin Soles at any repair shop.

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New York sent the Fighting 69th to win undying fame at Fismes and St. Mihiel, *and*

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New York sent over the 27th Division and helped smash the Hindenburg Line, *and*

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New York sent her colored sons of the old 15th that fought 191 days without losing a prisoner, *and*

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New York called her young manhood from counting room and office desk, from store and waterside and factory, and gave the Nation the 77th Division that cleared the Argonne Forest. *and*

New York will oversubscribe her share of the VICTORY LIBERTY LOAN.

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EXPLAINS REVISION OF SHIP CONTRACTS

Chairman Hurley Says Cancellations Are Being Based on Future Needs.

TYPES OF VESSELS CHANGED

Promises Prompt Adjustment of Delayed Claims, with Recognition of Equities and Legal Rights.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Chairman Hurley of the United States Shipping Board feels that the attitude of the Emergency Fleet Corporation with respect to the future cancellation of ship contracts has been misunderstood and tonight he issued a statement explaining the situation.

"The policy of the board," said Mr. Hurley, "is not one of ruthless cancellation. In revising the construction program to take care of 50 per cent. of our foreign commmerce, a figure recognized by shipping men as the proper proportion of trade which we should transport in our own ships, we are working on a plan to show the type, size, and speed of ships required to meet the needs of different trade routes.

"During the first few months following the signing of the armistice we canceled contracts calling approximately for 2,000,000 tons of steel ships and about 1,500,000 tons of wood ships. The Emergency Fleet Corporation canceled these contracts because it was felt that we should not continue building ships at high war costs, under peace conditions, with money appropriated for war emergency purposes, especially where such ships were not to be delivered until 1920. Many of the ships so canceled were of a size and type not commercially and economically advantageous in time of peace.

"Within about ten days the Shipping Board will have a complete report showing the ships required in the different trade routes throughout the world. This report will cover the freight as well as the passenger service we should have to establish a well balanced merchant marine. This report will have an important bearing on the changes which may be made in the construction program.

"The preliminary data shows that there should be substituted a number of larger and faster ships for some of the smaller and slower types contracted for during the war. It must not be forgotten that when the country was at war the demand was for the largest number of ships that could be built within the shortest possible time.

"The substitution of these larger and faster vessels will give the United States a better balanced, more efficient and more useful fleet. At the same time it will enable the shipbuilders to become familiar with the building of this type of vessel. Also, if we are to have a merchant marine suited to the needs of the United States we must have a certain number of high-class passenger-cargo liners. To build these, experience is required, and we must work up to it.

"In the adjustment of the claims of shipbuilders there has been some delay, but the matter is now being taken up and prompt settlement will be made. In the settlement of these claims under cancelled contracts, the equities as well as the legal rights of each claimant will be recognized, so that there should be no question of the good faith of the Government. Where contracts are cancelled those who have made outlays under such contracts are entitled to prompt and fair compensation.

"In this vital matter of cancelling contracts a policy of justice toward the Government and the shipbuilders as well will require the Shipping Board to consider the economic advantages to the Government of finishing ships already under construction as well as the legal and equitable rights of the shipbuilders themselves.

"Congress will convene shortly, and it will be the purpose of the Shipping Board to consult with the proper committees of the Senate and House with respect to the revision of the shipbuilding program."

Debs Demonstration a Failure.

Special to The New York Times.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., May 4.—Fewer than 500 Socialists and union men marched here this afternoon in a protest parade against the imprisonment of Eugene V. Debs. No red flags were carried, but some of the men wore red hat bands, red flowers, and ties. There was no disorder. Seymour Stedman, Socialist attorney of Chicago and counsel for Debs, spoke briefly. Resolutions were adopted calling on President Wilson to release Debs and other "political prisoners." It is conceded here that the demonstration was a failure.

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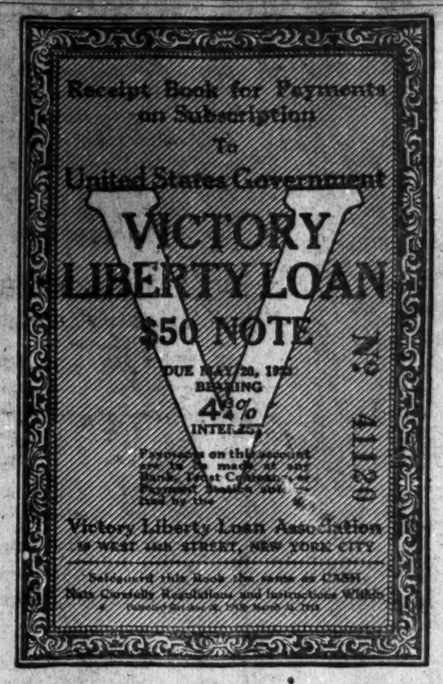

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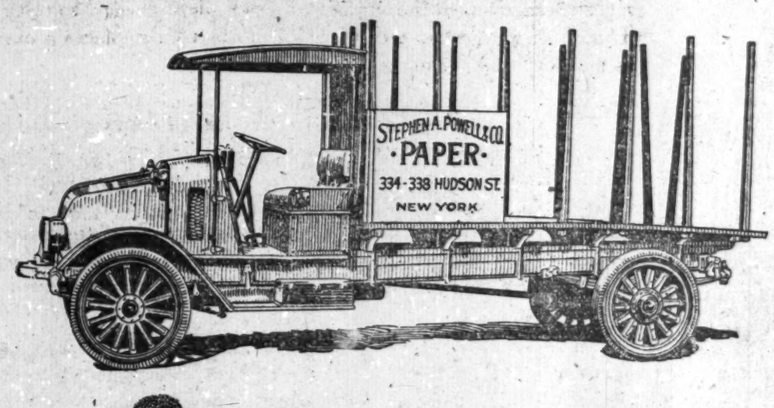

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From the Literary Digest for May 10th.

JUSTICE

For the Foster-Parents of Our Children

IT IS STRANGE that the generous-hearted American people, who poured out their riches so prodigally in response to every patriotic, every charitable appeal, and who accorded such enthusiastic and liberal support to every measure and to every group that helped win the war, should have neglected to properly encourage and reward the services of one of the noblest professions in the field of human activities—a profession that in lofty ideals, in unselfish principles, in sacred responsibilities, stands side by side with the ministry of the Gospel itself.

We wish to bespeak, with whatever power and authority we may have and with such words as may be granted to us, some measure of consideration for the foster-fathers and mothers of our children—the school-teachers of the United States of America.

There is no class of workers of which we demand so much. We commit into their keeping the minds, the bodies, and the very souls of our children in the tender and formative years of their lives, and they, receiving these children, can indeed be said to hold in the hollow of their hands the future of America. We expect these devoted men and women to watch over and care for our sons and daughters as tho they were their very own, to drill them in the arts and sciences, to train them for business and for citizenship, to instruct them in manners and in morals, to do for them those things which we would do had we the training and the leisure.

No class has assumed so heavy, so trying a burden and a responsibility with such willingness as these consecrated men and women. No class has performed their increasingly heavy tasks more devotedly, more conscientiously, and with less thought of self. No class served their country more whole-heartedly, more loyally, during the trying and tempestuous times of war, day by day pursuing their round of duty, day by day helping the young people, and through the children the parents, to see the struggle in its true light, thus securing the co-operation of the community in every measure undertaken by the Government to win the war.

Truly they have made the nation their everlasting debtor. Truly had they not done their work so well this republic would not outlast the span of a generation.

What then have the teachers received at our hands in return? They have received little of honor and somewhat less of pay. Other classes have prospered; other classes through powerful organizations have secured generous wages. The teachers have no spokesman, however, to demand even the simple justice of a living wage, so to them we give their petty prewar pittance, so meager, so pitifully inadequate, that it places a burning brand of shame and disgrace upon this nation.

The men and women who are making the Americans of to-morrow are being treated with less consideration than the janitors who sweep out the buildings in which they are employed; they are earning, on the average, less than the wages given to the scrubwomen employed in the public buildings of the United States Government. Normal-school graduates receive less salary than street-sweepers; high-school principals and superintendents less than section foremen; country school-teachers less for instructing the farmer's children than he pays his hired man to feed his hogs.

In a certain town of Illinois, for instance, the average wages of fifteen miners for one month was $217, while the average monthly salary of fifteen teachers in the same town was $55. In another town a miner, who, by the way, was an enemy alien, drew more than $2,700 last year, while the salary of the high-school principal in the same town was $765. We welcome with all our hearts the long-belated recognition that is being given to the man who works with his hands. We believe that this same workingman will be the first to join with us in asking better pay for those who teach his children.

No wonder there are fifty thousand vacancies in the teaching forces of the schools. No wonder the ranks are being filled with weak men and with immature women who merely use the profession as a stepping-stone to something better. No wonder there are thirty thousand teachers in the United States who have had no schooling beyond the eighth grammar grade. Small wonder, indeed, that seven million of our school-children are being trained by teachers, mere boys and girls themselves, who have had no professional education whatever.

When we consider that the 740,000 teachers of America are paid an average salary of $630 a year; when, moreover, we consider the fact that living costs have actually advanced 103 per cent. since the beginning of the war, thereby cutting the buying-power of those insignificant salaries in half, we can easily determine that only a fool or a martyr would choose teaching as a profession, or would long remain in it unless these terrible conditions were swiftly remedied.

What a crime is this! What an indictment! What an unpardonable sin at the doors of an enlightened people who now find themselves at the head and forefront of the democracies of the world! How can we better prepare for the great undertakings of reconstruction than by setting ourselves immediately to remedying this perilous condition? In these trying and chaotic times when the world is beset by unrest, by anarchy, by revolution, by the devil's brood of appalling evils that follow in the train of war, we must make sure that the foundations of our republic are set on a rock that it may stand against the flood.

The peace and security of the world of the future will be in the safe-keeping of the generation now in our schools. These boys and girls must "weave up the raveled sleeve" of civilization. Their hands must minister to the wounds of the nations. Their minds must meet and solve the difficult and crucial problems that will be their inheritance. Their hearts must be so imbued with the horrors of war and with the poverty and anguish that inevitably follow in its wake that they in their time will enter upon it only as a last resort in national self-defense or in support of some great principle of humanity.

Never has there been a more urgent need for high-minded, great-hearted, splendidly trained, 100 per cent. American instructors to drive home the vital lessons that these times hold. Never has the future of the nation been so clearly committed into the hands of the teachers. And yet thousands of men and women of ability who would prefer to teach are reluctantly leaving their chosen calling, forced by the hard necessities of their very existence.

The teachers ask no largess at the hands of fortune. They enter their profession for service, not riches. But they invest years and money in preparation for their life-work, and the knowledge they gain is shared with others who, themselves, use it to their own profit. Teachers, then, by every right and in all justice expect a return that will permit them and their dependents to live decently and in comfort.

In every community reached by THE LITERARY DIGEST there are readers of foresight, of vision, broad-minded men and thoughtful women who will see—nay, perhaps have long since seen—the critical and compelling importance of this problem. We are directing this appeal to them. We urge them to compare the salaries of their teachers with the wages of those who are doing work of equal value. There will be a challenge in the facts that will stir the community to action.

Let each community invest in schools so that it may thereby invest in a trained manhood and womanhood that can play their part in the great period of rebuilding and reconstruction that lies before us. Let each community set for its goal, as far as is practicable, a minimum wage of at least $1,000 a year for the teachers of America. This would cost the nation perhaps as much as we spent so gloriously in but one week of the Great War.

We are not pleading merely for the welfare of some single profession; we are not pleading for a special class; we are pleading for America; for her larger, her brighter, her richer future, for the fulfilment of her glorious promise. We are pleading for a coming race of men and women who shall be qualified to make complete the work of our forefathers who founded this nation and dedicated it to liberty, and who will bring to full fruition the new victories that we have won in freedom's cause. We are pleading for a wider teaching of the principles, the purposes, and the ideals of this nation that all men shall know her meaning and shall have equal access to her opportunities;

that the light of Americanism will so shine that it will flood every home, every heart, in our great land

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DANIELS COMMENDS DESTROYER HEROES

Recognition for Seventeen of the Shaw for Courage in Aquitania Collision.

WARSHIP'S BOW SEVERED

But Commander Glassford Jockeyed Her Into Port — Thrilling Fight with Fire Licking the Magazines.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Secretary Daniels has commended seventeen members of the crew of the destroyer Shaw for their courage and devotion to duty at the time of the collision between their vessel and the Cunard liner Aquitania last Oct. 9 near the English Coast. Two officers and ten enlisted men lost their lives in the accident.

The Shaw was one of three destroyers convoying the Aquitania, which was carrying several thousand American soldiers to England. The destroyer was making about 27½ knots an hour and was zigzagging as usual when her steering gear became disabled. Had she followed her course she probably would have rammed and sunk the Aquitania. Commander William Glassford, her commanding officer, ordered full speed astern and thus so changed the Shaw's course as to bring her under the bow of the huge troopship.

Ninety feet of the Shaw's bow was carried away in the collision, but in spite of this Commander Glassford, with the aid of picked men of his crew, got her to port without assistance, but not until the men had repeatedly faced death in fighting a fire in the oil bunkers which threatened to explode the ship's magazine, and in throwing overboard a number of shells which had become heated.

Led by the destroyer Kimberly, the Shaw made Portland, England, under her own steam, although the floor of the engine room was flooded and there was a huge hole in the fireroom just aft of where the destroyer had been cut in two. This hole had been plugged with mattresses and timbers before the vessel got under way.

List of Those Commended.

The men of the Shaw commended by Secretary Daniels are Charlie S. Bostick, Kansas City, Mo.; Orvil Driver, Charleston, Wash.; Robert L. Easley, Redding, Cal.; George Fernandes, New Bedford, Mass.; Michael John Ginns, Tacoma, Wash.; Ira L. Harris, Fort Smith, Ark.; William C. Kessler, Columbus, Ohio, Charles J. Libby, Wendover, Wyo.; Edward M. McCanna, Chicago, Ill.; Fred H. C. Macfarlane, 660 Riverside Drive, New York City; Clarence C. Moore, Philadelphia, Penn.; Albert W. Rafferty, Dedham, Mass.; John W. Romspert, Uniontown, Md.; Richard A. Roser, New Orleans, La.; Guy M. Seliff, Tulare, Cal.; Fred H. Suberg, Atascos, Texas; Thomas York Worsham, Springfield, Tenn.

In announcing the awards, Acting Secretary Roosevelt quoted from the report on the accident made by Commander Glassford. After telling of the disabling of the rudder, the commander wrote in part:

"It was my judgment at that time, and still is, that if I had run for it and maintained my speed, I would have turned more sharply to the right and have struck the Aquitania, and, I believe, probably sunk her. If the ship managed to pass ahead of the Aquitania at full speed, I believe she would have struck me further aft, and, if that had happened, I believe that the depth charges there would have probably sunk us both. There were about forty depth charges on board. I accordingly rung up full speed astern, and blew the siren and the whistles.

"I ordered the general alarm sounded, which was done. I passed the word to put the depth charges on safety, which was also done. The Aquitania struck me immediately forward of the bridge at an angle of about 45 degrees, converging to my right. She scraped the port edge of the bridge and took the helmsman overboard. I was then swung under her and my port side scraped along her port side, smashing my lifeboats after and my mainmast fouled one of her lifeboats and snapped off at the base and hung over my starboard counter. A hole about 20 feet by 4 feet was torn in my port side abreast of the forward boiler room.

"There was a tremendous flash of sparks as the Aquitania hit me and I believe that this ignited the oil fuel in my forward tanks. The fore part of the ship was immediately in flames. The fire was instantaneous. The order was given to get the life rafts in the water and as I got down from the bridge somehow I noticed that the Aquitania was continuing on her course, that my bow was floating about 200 yards from me and that the Duncan and the Kimberly were standing over to my assistance. The word was passed to the Duncan and from her to the Kimberly to stand by my bow to rescue survivors. This was done.

ROBBED IN WAR CAMP HOTEL

Fifty Soldiers and Sailors Lose Valuables—Service to Reimburse Them.

Fifty soldiers and sailors who were staying at the New York War Camp Community Service Canteen No. 12, at Lexington Avenue and 127th Street, had their money, watches, and jewelry stolen on Saturday night after they had checked their valuables in envelopes at the office. The total loss to the men was about $2,000, many of them losing all their money. Arrangements were made by the War Camp Community Service to restore the money and the value of other missing articles.

More than 200 men stay in the hotel on Saturday nights, and so many checked their money last Saturday night that all the compartments in the office safe were filled. Fifty additional envelopes were placed in a desk drawer. About 5 o'clock yesterday morning a soldier applied for lodging, and when the night clerk returned to the office after taking him to a room he found the door of the iron-latticed cage had been forced and the envelopes and some of his personal property gone.

Some of the soldiers said that the envelopes contained all their money, ranging in amounts from $2 to $250 and C. Porter Fisher, Secretary of the unit, arranged with the headquarters of the service to restore the money to the men. A general alarm for the arrest of a suspected person was sent out by the police.

METAL EXPERTS TO WORK ON BOMB PLOT

Chemists and Metallurgists Will Try to Discover Where Brass Cylinders Were Made.

LIKE GERMAN SHELL CASES

Examination of All Explosives Not Yet Opened to Be Continued in Search for Clue.

Acting upon the suggestion of officials of the Bureau of Mines at Washington that a valuable clew might be found in analysis of the metal of the bombs that were found in the Post Office here, on their way to the destruction of prominent citizens in all parts of the country who had been active in prosecuting radicals, officials of the postal inspection service yesterday began to examine the brass cylinders carefully.

It is probable that the chemists and metallurgists of the Bureau of Mines and of universities in this city will be asked to try to discover some peculiarity in the metal that will lead to the capture of the men who formed the plan for the general assassination of jurists and public officials, May 1.

During the war metallurgists and expert chemists from universities throughout the country were called to Washington to aid the Bureau of Mines and some branches of the army in analyzing metal in cannon and other munitions used by the Germans. It was said that some of these men became so expert in detecting the peculiarity of metals that they could tell almost at a glance what German plant or mill a particular piece of metal was forged.

Suggestion was made to the Postal officials that brass and other metals in the construction of the bombs had such wide peculiarities because of the different temper of their constituents, that it might be possible for an expert metallurgist who was familiar with the various American plants to discover where the metal was obtained by the plotters.

Doubt has been expressed by some postal officials and by men who have knowledge of metals that the materials composing the cylinder were made in an American plant. They pointed out that the cylinders had an appearance distinctly foreign, and men who had served in the army overseas pointed out the similarity to the construction of German shell cases.

Meantime, the same method of procedure is being followed by Federal and city officials in trying to trace the manufacture of the glass bottle that contained the acid that was to have dropped upon the detonator of the bombs. Not all the bottles in the bombs found in the Postoffice have been examined carefully yet, and the Secret Service men still hope to find some distinguishing mark upon the glass, as well as upon other parts of the bombs.

Every clue, even those that seem upon their face to have only the remotest connection with the case, is being followed by the Secret Service and other Federal officials, and a national police organization, with branches in every important city in the country, has been formed with the determination to find those who plotted to carry out widespread destruction of life in favor of the Bolsheviki, the I. W. W., and other radicals. Arrests have been made in several cities, but thus far the officials have not reported what they consider to be an important capture.

Inspector Owen Egan of the Bureau of Combustibles was called to the West Forty-seventh Police Station last night to examine a mysterious bottle containing a heavy fluid found in the rooming house of Charles B. Wallace of 248 West Fifty-first Street.

Wallace, who lives there with his wife and rents furnished rooms, said he found the bottle on the window sill of a room previously occupied by two soldiers. The soldiers occupied the room for several months, and told Wallace they were stationed at the gas mask works in Long Island City.

The bottle weighs from one to two pounds, and the fluid has a sweet smelling odor. Inspector Egan could not ascertain whether the fluid was an explosive or not last night. He took the bottle to his office, where it will put through a thorough course of inspection.

HELPING FRENCH WAR BLIND

Nearly $200,000 Sent Aborad in Last Four Years.

Funds amounting to nearly $200,000 were raised in America and forwarded to France in the last four years to aid the work of re-educating blind French soldiers, according to the annual report, made public yesterday, of the Committee for Men Blinded in Battle, 111 East 59th Street. Cash forwarded through the Committee totaled $180,751.63, and supplies valued at more than $16,000 were donated. The supplies included a number of American machines and devices designed for the use of the blind.

The Committee, which was organized in 1915 by Miss Winifred Holt of New York, reports that it has in operation in France five "Lighthouses," where instruction is given to French officers and men whose sight was lost. These establishments are at Bordeaux, Paris, Vichy, Sevres and Neuilly-Plaisance, a suburb of Paris.

The Committee estimates that the number of war blind in France is close to 3,500. This exceeds the number in England, Italy, and the United States combined.

PRINTERS RETURN TO WORK

Albany Union Votes to Arbitrate Differences on Wages.

ALBANY, May 4.—Striking members of the Typographical Union employed on the four local dailies late today voted to return to work pending arbitration of their differences with the publishers over wages. The employes on the two morning papers resumed their work tonight, and those of the afternoon papers will report at the usual hour tomorrow.

Pending arbitration the working conditions will be the same as before the walkout at midnight Wednesday. A committee from the union will confer with the publishers at an early date, and if unable to reach an agreement each side will select a representative, who in turn will select a third man to constitue a board of conciliation.

No local Sunday editions appeared today.

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THEY went over the top again and again and again.

They never hesitated or hung back when a new call came.

They were not four-fifths soldiers.

You and I have been called upon to make one more loan to our country.

On Sunday, May 11th, the whole world will know whether or not we, too, were five-fifths soldiers to the very end.

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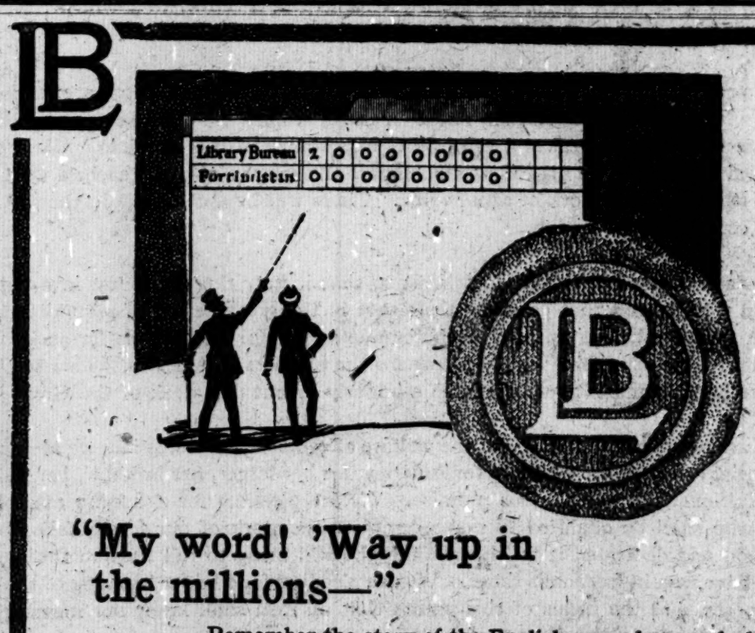

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THE SCREEN

This is Chinese week at the Rivoli. The program is built around Mme. Nazimova's latest photoplay, "The Red Lantern," an adaptation of Edith Wherry's novel of the same name. All of the scenes are in China.

Mme. Nazimova has two parts, the more important that of Mahlee, daughter of a yellow mother and a white father. The other is that of Blanche Sackville, daughter of Mahlee's English father and his white wife. The story is of Mahlee's turning from her Chinese people, who look down upon her, to the foreigners, among whom she claims a place. When her color bars her from social equality, however, and prevents her marriage to the American she loves, she turns back to the natives and consecrates herself to the cause of the Boxers. After final failure to obtain recognition from her father, and when her cause is lost, she dies on the throne from which she had inspired the Boxers as their goddess.

In both rôles Nazimova is, as always, a screen actress of the first rank. She is Mahlee at one time and Blanche Sackville at another. The slight similarity of the two characters serves only to suggest that they are half sisters. As Mahlee Mme. Nazimova's power of vivid impersonation and ability to put meaning into looks and action find full expression. The result is a genuine character.

The story, as may be imagined, gave Albert Capellani, who directed the production, opportunity for elaborate scenes teeming with action, and Mr. Capellani is not one to miss a chance. "The Red Lantern" is rich in detail and ensemble. Those in the cast are competent, especially Noah Beery as Sam Wang, Mahlee's evil genius.

When all this is said, however, it must be added that "The Red Lantern," despite its splendor and the genuine quality of its characters, is not convincing. It is hard to believe that two halfbreed Chinese, stamped with the Occident, could have become leaders of the passionately anti-foreign Boxer uprising.

Other numbers on the Rivoli program are "China," one of the most interesting of the recent Prizma color pictures; "The Glow of the Lantern," a charming Chinese fantasy arranged by Adolf Bolm in one of John Wenger's settings, and "Chinese Lullaby," sung by Mary Hall in another of Mr. Wenger's magnificent scenes.

Maurice Tourneur is a maker of moving pictures. His work invariably affirms it. "The White Heather," at the Rialto this week, offers the latest testimony. Many of its scenes—especially, but by no means exclusively, those shaded by fog and night—are masterpieces of their kind. Anyone who sees them is bound to enjoy them.

Spectators will also enjoy the thrills of Mr. Tourneur's latest melodrama, which includes a fight between two men on the bottom of the ocean. The acting of Spottiswood Aitken, little Ben Alexander, and H. E. Herbert, stands out among a satisfactory cast.

But again a story is found wanting. It is simply impossible for the interest to hop, skip and jump about in all the incoherencies of "The White Heather" and not become fagged. Melodramas do not have to obey many laws, but they ought to hold together, and this one does not.

"The Pale Peck Train," a Bruce scenic, is also at the Rialto.

"Mr. Outing Floats a Dream," an Outing-Chester picture, showing scenes along the Amazon River, is the most interesting offering of the Strand program. The photoplay is "Mary Regan," with Anita Stewart in the leading role.

The characters in "Mary Regan" are marionettes whose strings, so to speak, are at all times plainly visible, and sometimes when the strings become tangled it is as if the hands that pull them are seen straightening them out.

30,000 Hear the Pershing Band.

Pershing's Band of 110 pieces gave a concert in Prospect Park, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon to an audience of 30,000 persons, following a luncheon to the bandsmen as guests of the Brooklyn Victory Loan Committee. They were taken to the park in automobiles by the Woman's Motor Corps, and on the shore of the park lake Captain Lewish Fisher led a program, including popular military marches from France.

Ziegfeld Shows to Celebrate.

The annual "Follies-Frolic" ball will take place on the New Amsterdam roof on Sunday night, May 18, beginning at 9 o'clock. Among those to appear will be Will Rogers, Lillian Lorraine, Marilynn Miller, Eddie Cantor, Van and Schenck, Ann Pennington, Fanny Brice, W. C. Fields, Johnny Dolley, Savoy and Brennan, and Bert Williams.

77TH'S ACTORS TO APPEAR.

Argonne Players, Ex-Professionals, Aid Division's Fund.

The Argonne Players, composed of twenty-seven players of the 77th Division, will present their entertainment at the Manhattan Opera House beginning tonight. These players, most of whom were professional actors before joining the army, are said to have been the first organization of their kind in the A. E. F. They gave their show in France for President Wilson, President Poincaré, Lloyd George, General Pershing, and many others.

The proceeds of the engagement here will go to a divisional fund to provide for disabled men and the dependents of men killed in action.

Sheldon Comedy to Reopen Park.

"It Happens to Everybody," a comedy by H. S. Sheldon, will begin an engagement at the Park Theatre on Friday night of this week. The cast will include James Gleason, William B. Carleton, Josephine Stevens, Nila Mac, Frank Joyner, George B. Miller, Dorothy Allen and Olive Oliver.

Actors Aid Three Sisters Fund.

Rehearsals were held yesterday for the Bal Bleu to take place at the Ritz-Carlton to-night for the benefit of the Three Sisters organization's permanent fund. Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., is the head of the Catholic branch and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Sr., of the Protestant, and Mrs. Sydney C. Borg of the Jewish division. Stars of the local stage, posed by Ben Ali Haggan, will appear in tableaux on Biblical subjects.

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Plymouth 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:10 Sharp. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:10. JOHN and LIONEL BARRYMORE in "THE JEST"

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Marion Coakley	Craig Campbell
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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, MAY 5, 1919.

OFFICES: [Telephone Bryant 1000.]
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THE LOAN.

At the end of last week there was a boom reported in everything but the Victory Loan. The market for securities was thought by some to be boiling over. Bank clearings were 15 per cent. over last year. The commercial failures reported were the lightest for twenty-six years, when the volume of business was so much smaller that there is no fair comparison. During April more gold was sold for jewelers' use than ever before. Sales of diamonds are the largest ever known, workers buying in hundreds of dollars' worth. A diamond merchant who has been buying abroad says that he could have resold his bargains there at a profit, but "we are in too dire need of these diamonds here for me to leave them behind." The fur auction is a record. The carpet mills are sold out and are declining orders.

This is pleasant reading until compared with the Victory Loan reports. "Only one-third of loan is taken with two-thirds of time gone" is one headline. What can the reason be? Certainly not inability to subscribe. We know why New York's total is small, and know that the reason is good. The banks are leaving the loan to individuals because it should be taken by them, and the individuals are backward because they are not so good judges of the investment opportunity as the banks. The banks are backward because it is undesirable that their credits should be locked up in investment securities. The banks make their profits in short loans often repeated to commercial borrowers. That credit, extended in that manner, is the life of trade.

Since there is plenty of money about, and since it is being lavishly spent for luxuries, the backwardness of individuals to subscribe is a reproach to their love of country. If Americans were as deeply interested in the United States as the Socialists are in socialism, or the Bolsheviki in establishing the rule of the proletariat, they would hand over their money as lavishly and be as bold as those who are interested in class or personal matters. They are not as interested as they should be probably because they think that our institutions are impregnable. They would be if our moneymakers subscribed as our armies fought. Our soldiers "kept on carrying on," but our patriots are backward with their subscriptions at nearly the last call, and when the attraction offered them is the best they ever can hope for. Their sense as well as their patriotism is deficient, if this record is allowed to stand. The last week begins, and the last call on the last day is near. How much do money-loving Americans love their country?

BELGIUM'S TERRITORIAL HOPES.

According to a dispatch from Paris, Malmédy, in Rhenish Prussia, near Aix-la-Chapelle to the south, is, or is to be, the only territorial gain of Belgium at the Peace Conference. The Soir of Brussels hears that a member of the Belgian peace delegation has been officially informed that Malmédy's neighbor town of Eupen is to be restored to Belgium. Close to Aix-la-Chapelle the Belgian frontier, running northward from the extreme northern angle of Luxemburg, passes the Walloon district, the towns of Malmédy, Eupen, St. With, so kindly given to Prussia by the Congress of Vienna, and arrives at Limburg. Why the three towns shouldn't be given to Belgium, instead of one or two of them, is hard to understand. Possibly the information is incomplete or misinforming.

Belgium's interest, however, is not in that unimportant Walloon district. Limburg Province, on both sides of the Meuse, belonged to the Belgian Netherlands till 1830, when the King of Holland, at the final settlement of the terms of separation between Belgium and Holland, arranged at the Conference of London in 1831, took, as compensation for the portion of Luxemburg given to Belgium, what of Limburg Province lies on the right bank of the Meuse from Eysden to Stevensweert; on the left, Maestricht and some rural territory; on both shores to the north the remainder of Limburg. Holland's coal is in Limburg. It could not be expected that after eighty years of Dutch proprietorship any proposal for interfering with the treaties and partition of 1839 to the disadvantage of Holland would find favor there or at Paris. The modest Belgian hope was in the restoration to Belgium of Maestricht and the Eysden-Stevensweert tract.

Belgium and Holland, France, immediately, and all the Entente Powers have a deep interest in South Limburg, considered from a military point of view. As Mr. G. W. T. ORMOND writes in The Nineteenth Century: "This narrow strip of flat country "opens an easy way for an invader "coming from the east. The Dutch "view, I understand, is that, in the "event of another war, Belgium "would be safe on the left bank of "the Meuse with neutral Dutch territory lying between her frontier "and Germany. But it may well be "doubted whether the neutrality of "Holland would be respected if it "stood in the way of a German advance." The League of Nations, Germany disarmed and hard at work to pay her war bill, must be the bulwark of hope against her revenge. Small territorial changes, an alliance, such as was proposed a few years ago between Holland and Belgium, could not help much.

An immense indemnity, restitution, restoration—that, and not a few more miles of territory, is Belgium's need and right.

A BILL TO BE VETOED.

In the hands of Governor SMITH is a singular and objectionable bill to apply the "scrap of paper" principle to the engagements and conditions by which millions of money and great stretches of land were given to the Palisades Interstate Park. This bill orders the Commissioners of that park to grant ARTHUR B. CONGER and others a right of way across it near Sneeden's Landing. In 1914 this portion of the park was acquired by condemnation proceedings. The trap-rock quarrying on the Hudson front was spoiling the scenery. The blasting was a continual injury, damage, and nuisance on both banks. The Conger estate got an award of $368,500 from the Supreme Court. That award covered all the values of and damages, direct and indirect, to the property. The consequential damages resulting from the exclusion of owners of the hinterland from the river were taken into account and paid for. Land, machinery, good-will, consequential damages were all included in the generous payment.

Having been paid in full, the Conger estate now strives to get a road across the park for the carriage to the river of the product of the quarry that it will dig in the hinterland, and the Legislature obligingly consents to the restoration of an annoyance, a disfigurement and nuisance.

This is much more than a matter of the Conger estate, or of a local injury to the park. It involves the security of the tenure of much of that park. If the Legislature can force the return to private owners of land acquired by the State's exercise of the right of eminent domain, uncertainty and insecurity will impair the quality of that tenure. Moreover, the Legislature has made an attack upon the public good faith, and not in New York alone. The acquisition of the trap-rock properties in the Hook Mountain district was the distinct and express condition and consideration of the gift of millions of dollars and wide stretches of land to the park. The people of New York, the State of New Jersey, many public-spirited private persons, were gulled and deceived, lost money by false pretenses, if this bill of bad faith becomes law. The trap-rock property was bought with the money of the people of New York, of private persons of the State of New Jersey. The price of it came from the $2,500,000 of bonds authorized in 1910. Those bonds were approved by the Legislature and by the people of New York at the polls on the condition that private citizens would contribute the same amount to the park, and that the State of New Jersey would make a reasonable appropriation. Now the Legislature flings the underlying condition and promise out of the window: Blithely it proceeds to set the trap-rock quarries at work again.

There is not a shadow of equity on the side of the Conger estate. We are informed that the Hook Mountain property to the south of the Congers has passed into the hands of the Park Commission. Before long the quarrying there allowed for a certain time by the conditions of condemnation will end. Then from Haverstraw to Fort Lee the sound of blasting will be heard no more. Consequently the Conger estate cannot justly claim that the veto of this bill will be discriminatory.

Not often can Governor SMITH consider a bill so absolutely aching for a veto.

THE A. E. F. AT THE BUTTS.

In France there is glory still to be won by the American soldier. The engrossing topic in the army on this fifth day of May among the units that have not received embarkation orders is the rifle and pistol competition that begins this morning at the D'Auvours range, Le Mans, and will last until May 20. Nothing on so extensive a scale has ever been known in the service, and never have American soldiers shot at targets in tournaments on so spacious a field as the D'Auvours range, which accommodates 200 rifles and 100 pistols all firing at the same time. It has been called "a "monument to Yankee spirit and enterprise in France." The director of this big "shoot" will be Colonel A. J. MACNAB of the General Staff, who for several years was the best marksman in the army with either rifle or pistol. He is the author of the system of musketry instruction which is in use in the American Expeditionary Forces. Lieut. Col. SNYDER of the 9th Corps will act as chief range officer. For some time now qualification preliminaries have been going on in every organization in France and Germany that can be represented in the competition.

It may interest the soldiers who have returned home to learn that officers and men of the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 29th, 36th, 79th, 81st, 88th, 89th, and 90th Divisions will contest for marksmanship medals. There is a chance that the 28th, 32d, 33d, and 80th Divisions will also compete. The high men will be pitted against the best British, French, Italian, and Belgian marksmen in an allied tournament in June. In that month some officer or private will stand out as the best shot in the armies that vanquished the embattled Germans—with this qualification, that there may be a still better man in some unit not represented. This, however, would be an unprofitable speculation, as partisans of the winner would acclaim him the nonpareil.

It is estimated that there will be 3,000 entries in the American tournament for rifle and pistol honors, including officers and men; the latter, of course, will be in far greater numbers under the rules. Service revolvers of .45 calibre are to be used at the pistol range. An interesting feature will be the rivalry of the marksmen using the American Springfield rifle of the 1903 model and those who prefer what may be described as the Anglo-American Enfield, (1917,) the British rifle which the United States Army had to adopt, after making changes, to obtain enough weapons for all the men in the emergency of war. No one can tell the regulars that the Springfield is not the most accurate and dependable rifle in the world. Nevertheless the new army is partial to the Enfield. A veteran—is it Colonel MACNAB himself?—thus compares the weapons:

> Each rifle has its advantages. The Springfield has the better bolt action, and it has a wind gauge. On the other hand, the Enfield has the more sensible sight, as both the battle and leaf sights are back nearer the eye. These are the kind of sights all practical game shots use. You can pick up a target readily. That makes a good sight for rapid fire. But whether these advantages outweigh the disadvantages which present themselves in the newer rifle is the question. The shoot will tell.

It would be a curious result of the competition between the Allies in June if the premier marksman with the rifle turned out to be an American using a British weapon, but the United States Army in France and Germany would not be greatly surprised, the reason being that there are some very fine shots with the Enfield in the A. E. F. In the tournament that begins today the regulars expect to carry off the honors, but they will have to reckon, not only with men in the National Guard who have chips on their shoulders, but with men of the draft who have been wont to tumble a squirrel down from the tallest tree in their native woods. The American target-shooting bout, with its sequel, was a happy inspiration. For the next two months the tournaments will be the talk of our army in France, and one fancies that a good deal of money will change hands in wagers on the result.

THE LUXURY TAXES.

The luxury taxes were "a play to the gallery," a pandering to the sentiment that the too rich should be discriminated against in favor of the less rich. A general consumption tax would have caught the rich of all degrees. But the general consumption tax was rejected in favor of a discriminating tax which has some merits, but more faults, the chief one being that it falls to an unexpected degree on those whom it was sought to prefer by letting them buy without an added tax. So long as there are degrees of wealth it must remain true that what is luxury to one man is necessary to another, and a horizontal tax on articles of universal use must be unjust at varying points on the scale of prices. The point was met in the income tax by graduating it, but a luxury tax cannot be graduated in the general market. For example, a leading seller of corsets raised the question whether a corset is underwear, and whether a corset is a luxury or a necessity, especially when made at an exceptionally high price to remedy some peculiarity or misfortune of figure, in either man or woman. There is a tax on silk stockings over $1 for men and over $2 for women, but none on $10 golf stockings of wool. A custom tailor is advertising that there is no tax on his custom-made suits, and suits are not on the list of taxable men's wear. But shirts over $3 are taxed, and nightwear over $5, and smoking jackets over $7.50. It would be tedious to follow out the classifications by names of articles, but there is a reason for referring to them by these examples. There are eighteen subdivisions, and the shops are required to make separate reports for each of them. One store has 104 departments, and a single department has over a million sales slips a year. A single customer may buy several articles in a single department, or single articles in several departments. Each sale must be accounted for separately each month, and track must be kept of exchanges, of sales on approval, of canceled sales, and so on endlessly. It may be done where accounting systems are efficient, but what is to be expected in the innumerable stores where accounts are kept only by cash registers?

The law must be worked somehow, until it is repealed. Meanwhile it will be tempered to the shorn buyers and sellers by the Treasury's interpretations. They will be as ingenious as the administration of the income tax law, and as amusing as the tariff classifications. If a tax is levied on an article of a certain name, what is easier than to change the name, and the tax with the name? If soda water is taxable when sold at a soda water fountain, what can be simpler than to sell soda water somewhere else? Already the Treasury's first aid to the worried, whom it threatens with fine and prison, distinguishes between certain articles sold at soda fountains and rules that many of them are not taxable. Presumably ice cream sodas are taxable, but ice cream is not. The question of what is beer is merely a primary lesson compared to the question as to what is a luxury and what luxuries are taxable.

There are articles named in the law which will be construed out of the law, and there are articles not named in the law which will be taxed or untaxed according to the whim of the clerks or the instructions of their employers. The muddle is increased by the fact that the popularly called "luxury taxes" are not so named in the law, nor are they to be found in any one part of the law. Some of them are excise taxes, some are in the beverage section, some are to be paid by the manufacturers, and some by the buyers. Nobody has surpassed or can surpass Mr. KITCHIN in making laws which are at once irritating and amusing and unworkable.

ART IN BUDAPEST.

Socialism may be unalterable and stationary in theory, but it is capable of some progress in practice. A genially original person seems to be this BELA KUN, one of whose recent measures is calculated to make the most ossified mossback suspect that perhaps there is something in Bolshevism after all. It seems that Soviets have been organized in Budapest for the different arts, and one who aspires to write a poem or paint a picture is compelled to submit his work to the council presiding over his particular calling. The Soviet of Landscape Painters, or whatever body may be concerned, estimates the work, and, if it finds it satisfactory, puts the artist on the State payroll at the highest salary.

Nothing novel in this; but if the work does not suit the Soviet, the artist is compelled to throw away his pen or brush and take up some other form of employment—that is, to engage in some form of occupation that shall be gainful to the Communist State. This is a considerable advance over the socialism of WILLIAM MORRIS, who looked forward to an almost perfect State where some four or five hours' labor by every citizen would be sufficient to keep things going, and everybody could do what suited him with his leisure. MORRIS was a Victorian; he took his art in an old-fashioned way; apparently he regarded writing a poem as a spontaneous pleasure rather than as work. And so he gave us a picture of the Socialist State in which a great poet digs ditches till 3 P. M., and then picks up his lunch basket and goes back home to write poetry.

Something of the sort was in the vision of H. G. WELLS, who explained that, when the world had been set free by a formula which Mr. WELLS does not seem to have persuaded the Peace Conference to apply, it was found that the first impulse of everybody was to make something. Hence the world blossomed with a somewhat riotous but healthy popular art, which in due time tamed itself into more chastened forms. But WELLS and MORRIS are no better than counter-revolutionists, restorers of the Czar, to our present-day Communists. Their moderation damns them. No doubt MORRIS would have held that even a bad poet had a right to make verses after he had put in his necessary five hours carrying the hod; but BELA KUN is sterner. If he can't write poetry, don't let him try.

This is salutary severity. Even PLATO, who had little respect for artists, would have let them down more easily. Poetry, he argued, is usually immoral; therefore, if a poet comes to our perfect State and begins to set forth some objectionable tale from old mythology, "we shall crown "him with garlands, and treat him "with respect as a great and gifted "man; but we shall lead him gently "but firmly to the gate, and tell "him that there is no room for "him in our city." This ancient instance of "giving him the gate" no doubt protected PLATO'S city, but was rather hard on the next town. More honor seems to be due to BELA KUN, who has had the hardihood to decide that if a man has no talent for art he will not be allowed to waste the time of the Communist State by painting bad pictures or writing bad verse, but will have to lay aside his pen and prepare to swing a pick.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

All We, Like Sheep, Have Gone Astray.

It is with regret that we notice a peevish tone in The Montgomery Advertiser's praise of that admirable regiment, the 167th (Alabamians.) If there were some effective way of replying to The Advertiser, we should certainly make use of it; for it says things that hurt the feelings. It says that "so far as the New York editors are concerned, only New York outfits participated in the war. To the New York editor, the old 69th was the Rainbow Division, and the 27th and 77th Divisions were PERSHING'S army."

These are hard words, and they are made harder by The Advertiser's next remark. "The soldiers of New York, however, gladly acknowledge that they had assistance." There is not a city, State, or village which is not fully as guilty as New York. Has The Advertiser been up at Boston lately? If it has, can it truthfully assert that any Bostonian or New Englander has ever given the remotest indication that he does not think the war was won by the 26th Division? Let The Advertiser roam around Texas and report honestly what it learns of public opinion there. What is the view taken of the services of the Wildcats in their home country?

Brethren, we have all sinned, doubtless, but let us wait for one without sin to cast the first stone. It is no ignoble feeling that prompts us to cheer our home folks, whether we live in New York or Montgomery; and if New Yorkers and Montgomerians and Chicagoans and Philadelphians and Bostonians fix their eyes so closely on the boy from next door or across the street that they don't happen to notice the equally deserving soldier from Chattanooga or San Francisco, it is an amiable weakness. There is no call for hard language.

Hunger and German Collapse.

The report of Dr. VERNON KELLOGG, long an expert in food relief, and just returned from a study of the European food situation for our relief authorities, adds more detail to fortify the certainty that Germany's surrender was due to military defeat alone. "The collapse of Germany," he says, "was not the result of hunger. The crop was better than the previous year. A report to the High Command by the nutritional authorities indicated their confidence in their ability to carry the people through on a scale better than during the two previous years. In any event, a people does not collapse from hunger directly after harvesting a new crop." Shortage of coal and clothing had an important effect, he says, and Germany would have collapsed from hunger this Spring had she not received unanticipated supplies from the Ukraine. But the surrender last Fall was due to the actual defeats in the field, to the realization that the allied forces had sufficient superiority in numbers and morale to make the end only a question of time, and to loss of faith by the German soldiers in the leaders who had so often promised a victorious peace.

It is useful evidence for the historian, but perhaps of not much weight at present. After all, the whole world outside of Germany knows why Germany collapsed; the Germans themselves, as Dr. KELLOGG admits, still stubbornly regard themselves as undefeated, and preserve their delusion that they surrendered only to keep their families from starving and to prevent further effusion of blood. A formula for bringing Germans into effective contact with the truth has unfortunately not yet been found.

A Victoria Cross Impostor.

The Canadian soldier, GEORGE OLSTROM, who has played the hero and come to grief, will have imitators but no superior in the art of filling the stage of factitious glory. One New York newspaper, believing the yarn that OLSTROM, single-handed, had captured a trench of German soldiers, hailed him in a glowing apostrophe as a superman. And yet the fellow had never been at the front at all; in fact, had spent his time in France in a hospital suffering from a physical disability that should have kept him out of the service.

At a Victory Loan dinner the impostor, in a snug Canadian uniform, with two wound stripes on his sleeve, told a thrilling story of the deed that won him the Victoria Cross, and men cheered and women wept over him. Never was hero more lionized. The amazing thing is that the pinchbeck warrior could hope to escape the British Provost Marshal's office in New York, which is on the lookout for sham heroes, British or Colonial. It is easy to trace the Victoria Cross holders. They are comparatively few in number, and a record of them is kept. Colonel N. G. THWAITES, therefore, was soon on OLSTROM'S trail.

The end came in a lodging house in Brooklyn, where the man of spurious valor, who had been the sensation of a night, was hiding from the fame he had conjured up. He had doubtless chuckled over his experience, and others, it must be admitted, have laughed with him at the expense of those he deluded. Sergeant OLSTROM now finds that the statutes of the United States and Canada have provided for just such outrageous cases as his, and that the law will laugh last.

Rents and Taxes.

Rents and taxes have gone up together, for reasons no better nor worse than increases in everything which is bought or sold, but there is exceptional energy in the search for some way to reduce rents specifically. The landlords say that they raised rents because they have to pay more for everything they buy, and that the tax collectors and mortgagees are particularly responsible for the woes of the tenants. The remedy would seem to be to reduce taxes, so that real estate might be more profitable, and therefore more attractive to lenders of money and builders for profit. If there were too many houses the landlords would be bidding for tenants, in the manner which the tenants will remember now that houses are too few and homeseekers overbid one another.

The Mayor's Commissioner of Accounts is helping the renters by raising the landlords' valuations. That is curing the rent evil by taxes, just as it was caused by taxes. There will be rejoicing if the plan works, and it would be meticulous to ask what the Commissioner of Accounts has to do with taxes. Take twin houses on the same block. One landlord raises rents and the other does not. One has his taxes increased and the other has not. The houses are of the same value in the market; but the tax valuations are different because the rents are different. What view will the courts take of this discrepancy? What is the relation of rents to land values, and what will be the effect on the real estate market of having different valuations for properties hitherto assessed equally? If taxes are raised because rents are raised, thus reducing the profits of the landlord, will capital be attracted to real estate investment? If landlords have their taxes raised because they raised rents, will they not seek to raise rents again by obscure methods? If, when all taxes are raised, all properties are reduced in value, will not the landlord who did not raise rents be punished for the extortion of the neighbor landlord? And, if the remedy by taxation unsettles land values, is there not danger that the tenants will reconsider their thanks to the Commissioner of Accounts? Perhaps he will, upon reflection, leave taxation to those whose business it is. If the assessors have been guilty of under-assessment or discriminating assessments, they ought to be corrected, and the Commissioner of Accounts will earn thanks better worth while than those of the renters, to whom he will be of doubtful assistance.

A REALLY DRY NATION.

Do the Prohibitionists Seek to Prohibit Even Soft Drinks?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is told of a certain eminent alienist that his first question regarding a patient was always, "Has he (or she) a sense of humor?" If the answer was "yes," the case was counted as curable, or at least hopeful.

Applying this acid test to our rulers, it would appear that there is no hope whatever for the American people; we are afflicted with a Government of incurables, and may the Lord have mercy on our souls!

Here is the last instance:

Having successfully imposed on a supine and slumbering nation, (which, to that extent, deserved no better,) the first of a doubtless long list of "sumptuary" decrees, (even though first launched at our stomachs,) and having thus made us virtuous, forcibly, overnight—incited and cheered thereto, perhaps, by the spectacle of an unvodka-ed "free Russia"—these guardian angels of ours are now about to penalize our punishment, as it were—by taxing soft drinks.

Stop and consider this in all its beauty. Think—and think again. The more thinking we do between now and July 1 the better. Here are a hundred million people, including a returning army, accustomed to exercise a free discretion, or an equal indiscretion, in their drinks. At a pleasant and suitable July moment all these people are about to be instantaneously deprived of both discretion and drinks—all but the soft ones; and then the drinking of these is to be made as difficult and discouraging as possible.

No, it is not a joke. Instead of reducing the price of soft drinks, subsidizing soft drinks, giving soft drinks away, employing the cohorts of the unemployed, the Salvation Army, and Pershing's Own, and then calling for volunteers, to pace up and down the sidewalks bearing trays, and wooing, coaxing, urging, at need bribing, an unwonted public to drink soft drinks—instead of turning the whole inventive genius of the race to producing new and more and softer soft drinks, and then organizing a new Victory campaign to put them "over the top"—instead of any or all of these imaginable methods of meeting a crisis, how are our maniacs-at-large preparing to meet it? Thus: As a kind of "rider" to prohibition, non-intoxicating drinks are to be made as nearly prohibitive as the traffic will bear.

The traffic may bear, but will the public?

And have we here at last a true glimpse of the dark backward and abysm of the prohibition movement? Is its real aim (since it cannot be to make Bolsheviki) to create a fluidless race? One that can exist without ever drinking anything at all?

This would give us an advantage over the enemy in the next war—or the next raging peace.

Meanwhile, is there no way to restrain these incurable non-humorists, in the interest of the sanity and health of their victims—the American people?

GRACE ELLERY CHANNING.

New York, May 3, 1919.

"Sunny Jim."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the interest of truth, if not necessarily of "the history of high art," I wish to correct a misstatement in today's TIMES which ascribes the "origin" of the now famous "Sunny Jim" to a gentleman of Geneva, N. Y., just deceased. The "originator" and artist of that character was a young girl of sixteen, a member of my immediate family, who, however, does not desire any publicity, as she considers her work in some respects artistically lacking. Nevertheless it certainly has caught the popular eye and fancy, even that of "Mr. Britling Sees It Through."

W. G.

Summit, N. J., May 2, 1919.

ODE TO A STEAM-WHISTLE.

Steam-whistle,
Day in, day out,
In the lives of men,
You play a part
Of no mean consequence.
And yet,
Where is the bard who,
Having sensed your worth,
Has sung your praise?
At break of day
You call forth workers
To appointed tasks.
At night,
You send them home
To rest and fireside.
A new year is born,
And you announce the fact
In joyful tones.
A war is ended,
And your jubilant notes
Give thanks in glorious symphony
To God above.
A ship comes in,
All decks alive
With men in khaki clad,
And your deep-throated greeting
Evokes from every craft in sight
Exultant echoes.
And so,
Day in, day out,
Some phase of life
Is rendered more impressive
By your eloquence.

Here's to you, then,
Steam-whistle,
Herald of Events!

HOLMSLYKKE-HARRISON.

PLAN TOUR OF IRELAND.

Hosts of Peace Mission Are Arranging Receptions.

DUBLIN, May 4, (Associated Press.)—The program arranged for the week for Frank P. Walsh and the other representatives of the Irish societies in the United States, who arrived here yesterday from Paris, includes visits to Belfast, Cork, and Limerick. On Friday representatives from all Ireland, regardless of party, have been invited to meet the Americans.

The mission of the Americans is to secure safe conducts for Professor Edward De Valera, Sinn Fein Member of Parliament for East Mayo; Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Fein organization, and Count Plunkett, Sinn Fein Member of Parliament for North Roscommon, to Paris.

Mr. Walsh said today that he had been informed by Colonel E. M. House the safe conducts would be granted, but before this was done Premier Lloyd George desired to consult with the Irish-Americans. The Premier's engagements, Mr. Walsh added, had prevented the interview, and therefore the Irish-Americans had come to Ireland to inform themselves as to the situation.

Ireland's plea to the Peace Conference is for complete separation from the British Empire and for full independence, according to a statement issued last night by Justice Daniel F. Cohalan, Chairman of the Irish Peace Convention recently held in Philadelphia. He said he made it "to clear up misunderstandings among the people of America as to what the Irish are seeking."

As designator of the Committee of Three—Frank P. Walsh, Edward F. Dunne, and Michael J. Ryan—which went to Paris to press Irish claims before the Peace Conference, Justice Cohalan said he felt it his duty to deny "the story circulated here by friends of England" that the Irish desire only "some reforms, some redress of grievances, some lightening of the burdens of taxation."

WANTS IRISH INDEMNITY.

Judge Wall Would Make England Repay $2,000,000,000 Taxes.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., May 4.—Speaking in defense of Ireland's claim for independence tonight at an Irish freedom meeting, Judge J. M. Wall, of Bound Brook, N. J., declared that England's assertion that Ireland could not defend or govern herself was entirely unjustified by facts. He also said that the argument that the Irish question was one for only England and Ireland to decide was fallacious in that it would be a case of the "wrongdoer being both the judge and jury for herself."

Judge Wall suggested that the "coming Peace Conference be called upon to compel England to restore the more than two billion dollars in overtaxation she has stolen since the legislative union. That would be a nice little nestegg and give a handsome start to the Irish Republic, now virtually established."

PHILADELPHIA, May 4.—Recognition of the Irish Republic by the United States, admission of Irish delegates to the Peace Conference and the "withdrawal from Ireland of the alien army of invasion," are demanded in resolutions adopted today at a mass meeting of the Friends of Irish Freedom in this city. Among the speakers was Dr. Patrick McCartan, envoy from the Irish Republic to the United States.

Lifts Military Curb on Limerick.

LIMERICK, May 4, (Associated Press.)—General Griffin, military commander, has withdrawn his proclamation, constituting Limerick a special military area.

ONE VOTE BARS SUFFRAGE.

National Woman's Poll Shows Majority from 37 States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Though suffrage polls show that one vote is still lacking in the Senate, the leaders say they are convinced that the "enormous gain in sentiment throughout the country in favor of the amendment will make it impossible for the Senate to defeat the measure." While Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania is still counted as opposed, some hope of a change in his attitude is expressed, because he once made the cryptic statement that "there is more joy over one sinner that repenteth than over nine and ninety that have never gone astray."

According to the present poll of the National Woman's Party, a solid suffrage vote is assured in the new Congress from eighteen Western States and one Eastern State in both House and Senate. Only one State, Alabama, will, according to this poll, vote solidly against the suffrage amendment. The poll indicates that eighteen States will send delegations in which a majority favors the amendment, making thirty-seven giving a majority vote; while seven, all from the Southern Democratic group, have election majorities against and four are equally divided or uncertain.

Senator Borah, by his opposition, prevents Idaho from giving a unanimous favorable vote. Senator Hitchcock creates the same situation in Nebraska, while in Delaware and Maine, which will send solid favorable delegations to the House, Senators Wolcott and Hale prevent a clean sweep.

LABOR UNREST IN ENGLAND.

War Sacrifices Not Borne Equally, Says Mary Macarthur.

Some of the causes of labor unrest in Great Britain were told by Mary Macarthur last night at the Public Forum of the Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street. Beside having been a candidate of the British Labor Party at the last election, Miss Macarthur, (who in private life is Mrs. W. C. Anderson,) is an important official in five great English labor organizations. Her husband was a prominent labor member of Parliament until his death a few months ago.

Miss Macarthur said that the average man and woman in America today did not realize the change that had come to the Old World. "As I look into the happy eyes of the people here," she continued, "and compare them with those of the English they remind me of the way we looked out on life at the beginning of the war, when we were told that no longer were there to be any rich or any poor, but that all would sacrifice of themselves equally. That illusion is gone, and the war has seared us to the bone.

"The unrest is not a direct product of the war, for such waves have appeared in England before, and so one asks why they have gained such tremendous momentum during a time when unemployment was unknown, and the specters of poverty and starvation did not stare every producer in the face. The answer is that the worker soon saw that the sacrifices were not borne equally. He saw potatoes, a staple food in England as in Ireland, rise in value from £18 a ton to £80 a ton on their voyage across the ocean from America as a result of stock exchange speculation. He saw Argentine beef increase in value two to three times as it was carried from the dock to the poor man's home, and he saw a coal company which had made profits amounting to £178,000 in all of 18 years, gather in £536,000 during 1918.

"The workers have been promised a new world and they mean to have that new world. More than that, they are determined to share in industrial control. And above all, they must have a new status. It is the aspiration of the rank and file of workers to have a full share in all the good things of life, and to have for their children what they themselves have never had and never can have, that is, a capacity to enjoy all of life."

EXPLAIN LUXURY TAX TO PROTECT PUBLIC

Internal Revenue Bureau Gives Official Digest of the Regulations.

FIXED ON ACTUAL SALE PRICE

Law Requires Monthly Returns and Payment of the Tax Before the Last Day of Each Month.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—An official digest of the regulations covering the payment of a number of the taxes on sporting goods, so-called luxuries, and semi-luxuries, automobiles, and on transportation was issued today by the Internal Revenue Bureau so that the millions of persons affected will be able to understand the operation of the new provisions of the revenue law.

The tax on works of art is 10 per cent. and is the same on such articles as sculptures, paintings, statuary, art, porcelains, and bronzes, by any person other than the artist or to an educational institution or public art museum. The tax attaches whether the sale is made directly by the owner or through his agent. If made through the agent, the tax is payable by the owner, but the agent may make return and pay the tax for the owner.

The tax on jewelry, whether real or imitation, is 5 per cent. of the amount for which sold. Jewelry is defined as "articles to be worn on the person or apparel for the purpose of adornment, such as brooches, rings, chains, cuff buttons, necklaces, fobs and shoe buckles." Articles carried in a handbag or carried in a pocket, such as cigarette cases, eyeglass cases, pencils, powder boxes, garter buckles, purses, are taxable as jewelry only if ornamented with precious or semi-precious stones or imitations thereof. The regulations point out that while such articles cannot be taxed as jewelry, they can, if made of precious metals or imitations thereof, be taxed under another section of the law.

Second-hand taxable articles of the kind described in the regulations are not exempt from taxation when sold by a dealer, but are taxable on the price at which sold. As in excise taxes, the tax is payable in respect to a sale whether or not the purchase price is actually collected. Discounts for cash or other discounts made subsequently to the sale cannot be deducted in computing the price for the purpose of the tax. Commissions to agents and other expenses of the sale are not deductible from the price.

Monthly Returns Required.

Monthly returns of the tax are required. In the case of a private owner who has no place of business, returns should be made to the Collector of Internal Revenue of the district in which the owner resides. An itinerant dealer should make return and pay the tax to the collector for the district where the sales are made.

The tax is on the actual sales price of the goods, and not on the list price where that differs from the sales price. If the price of the article is increased to cover the tax, the tax is on such increased price.

Another schedule of taxes is levied on automobiles, automobile parts and accessories, musical instruments, sporting goods, chewing gum, cameras, photographic films and plates, candy, firearms, shells and cartridges, hunting knives, dirk knives, and daggers, electric fans, thermos bottles, smokers' articles, slot machines, automatic weighing machines, liveries, hunting garments, fur goods, pleasure boats, and toilet soaps and soap powders. The tax ranges from 3 per cent. on automobile trucks to 100 per cent. on dirk knives and daggers.

The tax is payable by the manufacturer, producer, or importer on sales made directly through him or by his agent. It is measured by the price for which the article is sold and not on the list price where that differs from the sales price. If the price of a taxable article is increased to cover the tax, the tax is on such increased price. The tax is payable on a sale whether or not the purchase price is actually collected.

The regulations define certain articles which are and which are not taxable. Baseball, football and basket ball trousers and shoes are taxable, but jerseys and sweaters are not taxable unless specially made or decorated in such way as to identify them as part of a uniform. Gymnasium and playground apparatus are not taxable. The tax on sporting goods is 10 per cent.

The tax of 5 per cent. on candy does not include cakes and pastries, nor bitter chocolates which need the addition of sugar to make them pleasing to the taste.

The tax of 10 per cent. on liveries and livery boots and hats applies to the uniforms of "personal or domestic servants, or of doormen, footmen, pages, bellboys, and similar employes of clubs, hotels, theatres, cafés, stores, and similar places." Uniforms of employes of public service corporations, such as railroad, telegraph, and telephone companies, are not taxable.

Fur Rugs and Robes are Taxable.

The 10 per cent. tax on fur goods is not confined to wearing apparel. Fur rugs and fur robes are also subject to the tax. The tax does not attach to the sale of an article which is shipped to a foreign destination by the manufacturer himself, or sold by him for export and exported by the purchaser.

There is a tax on the transportation of persons of 8 per cent. of the amount paid. This does not include the amount paid for commutation or season tickets for trips of less than thirty miles, or for transportation the fare of which is less than 42 cents.

Amounts in excess of 42 cents paid for excess baggage are liable to the tax. Extra fares for special services or facilities, such as exclusive occupancy of a drawing room, are taxable. The tax applies also to the charge for a special train. The tax on seats in parlor cars, berths, and staterooms in sleeping cars and vessels is 8 per cent. Where a sleeping car is chartered the total amount paid for the haul and special accommodations, not including meals, is subject to the 8 per cent. Amounts paid for a mileage book are also subject to the tax.

The tax on transportation of property by freight is 3 per cent. of the amount paid. Shipments by express are subject to a tax of 1 cent for each 20 cents of the amount paid.

G. O. P. TO CONFER ON 1920.

Women to Att

ASK OCEAN AIRSHIP TO ATLANTIC CITY

Fliers' Conventon Invites Britain to Make Rsort Landing Port for Giat Dirigible.

PAY HONOR TO U. S. AIRMEN

Memorial Services leld for Americans Killed in War — Miss Stinson Flies fr Crowd.

ATLANTIC CITY, N.J., May 4.—Efforts are being made, inconnection with the Pan-American Aeronautic Convention, to make this polt the landing place for the first Brish R-33 type dirigible to attempt the transatlantic flight, it was learned toda. The British Air Ministry has unde consideration an invitation from the Aero Club of America for the trip to end here, although neither Alan R. Hawley, President of the organization nor Henry Woodhouse would discuss whether all arrangements had been wcked out.

In expectation of the coning of the airship a large tract has been staked out at the municipal air port, and preliminary construction has been bgun for the structures needed to accommodate an air vessel of the size of the R-33. Representatives of firms supplying hydrogen are here furnishing estimates on the construction of hydrogen plants and making plans for the transportation of hydrogen tubes. Other agent have been asked to submit estimates fo quantities of gasoline and oil far in exess of the needs of the airplanes connected with the convention.

If the British dirigible does steer for this point it is impossible for the flight to be started inside of thre weeks, as necessary construcion would take that long.

The British R-33 and R-34 are twin airships of 2,500,000 cubic feet hydrogen capacity, and are capable of nonstop flights of 4,800 miles. Each ship is about 650 feet long and can lift about 54 tons and carry a crew of thirty-seven men. A larger airship is nearing completion, to be known as the R-38, having a hydrogen capacity of 2,720,000 cubic feet and planned to cruise eight days without a stop.

Honor America's Heros.

While a squadron of planes, led by Eddie Stinson, sailed slowly through the vividly clear sky, now low and then high, over the steel pier, memorial services were conducted today for airmen who made the supreme sacrifice in the war. Just as the services were begun the squadron dipped almost to the roof of the long auditorium jutting out into the ocean and rained red roses upon the pier. The air patrol was maintained throughout the exercises.

The services were in charge of Augustus Post, Secretary of the Aerial League of America, and in his introductory remarks he stressed the fact that self-sacrifice had been the guiding motive of the American abroad and that this spirit had left an impress upon the peoples of Europe. He spoke with feeling of the valor of Lufbery, Rockwell and the other American heros, and said their acts had created an imperishable tradition for futuie airmen to follow.

After Rabbi Henry M. Fischer of Temple B'nai Scholem had offered prayer for the dead heroes, the Rev. Dr. Henry Merle Mellen, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, delivered the eulogy. This resolution, offered by W. W. Young, the first life member of the Aero Club of America, was adopted:

"Be it resolved, That we, members of the Second Pan American Aeronautic Convention, assembled in memorial meeting, in the presence of Almighty God, wish most solemnly to avow our overwhelming debt to the heroic courage and devotion of those who gave their lives, through military aviation, for the purchase of our freedom."

The War Department was represented by Colonel John Coward and Colonel J. H. Herr of the General Staff, Division of Military Aeronautics.

Girl Enthralls Crowd.

Several thousand persons visited the air port in the afternoon to watch Miss Margery Stinson, 19-year-old sister of Eddie Stinson, show that the flying gift runs in the family. The slender young aviatrix looped the loop with graceful ease, and went through the "falling leaves" evolution as expertly as ever her brother, Miss Katherine, or brother, Eddie, ever did. Just before sunset Eddie Stinson swung in over the field from the steel pier and gripped the spectators by turning his machine upside down and flying in that way for a long time.

Stinson announced that in a day or two he would go out after his own record of 57 consecutive evolutions in the loop-the-loop feat. It was also announced that during the week Miss Marion Cassidy of Central Park, L. I., will compete against Miss Stinson for a trophy offered to women fliers by Mrs. Julius Brown Deitrich of New York, a daughter of ex-Governor Frank Brown of Maryland.

Comedy Club to Aid Wounded.

For the benefit of wounded soldiers in hospitals, the Amateur Comedy Club will present three one-act plays at the Delta Kappa Epsilon Club, 30 West Forty-fourth Street, tomorrow evening. The plays are "A Pair of Lunatics," "The Game of Chess," and "Bunk, or the Show-Down Shown Up." Miss Dorothy Francis will sing, and the acting chairman is Oswald C. Hering.

INTENDED TO STAB CLEMENCEAU, HE SAYS

Black Flag Was Found on Anarchist Seized Outside the Residence of the Premier.

PARIS, May 4.—The youth who was arrested yesterday outside the home of Premier Clemenceau has admitted to the police that he intended to attack M. Clemenceau with a knife which he carried.

A black flag with an asarchistic inscription and anarchistic literature was found in his possession.

THE NEW YORK TIMES in a late edition yesterday published a dispatch from Paris, announcing the arrest of a youth named Cornillon near the entrance of M. Clemenceau's home. Cornillon admitted that he was acquainted with Emile Cottin, who recently shot the Premier, and whom M. Clemenceau saved from execution. He was quoted as saying that he did not want to kill the aged statesman, but only to make a "gesture."

RESIGN TO REBUKE PREMIER

Two More French Socialists Voice Anger Over May Day Events.

PARIS, May 4.—Ferdinand Buisson and Deputy Compere-Morel have complied with a demand of the Socialist Party that they resign their appointments as Commissioners for Mercantile Marine and Agriculture as a protest against the events of May Day.

Léon Jouhaux, Secretary General of the Federation of Labor, in his letter sent to Premier Clemenceau yesterday resigning his post as supplementary representative of the working classes at the Peace Conference, said:

"I have the honor to declare to you that from today's date I cease to participate in the work of the Peace Conference, where I sat as a supplementary delegate. It is my duty to make known the motives of this decision.

"Called to the conference as the representative of the French working class, it is impossible for me to fulfill this mandate after the day (May 1) on which your Government brutally prohibited the French workers from expressing their thoughts and manifesting their aspirations. You have created an inconsistent situation which cannot be accepted. It is not merely in diplomacy that the principles of right and liberty hold. The people have a claim to them. You have refused them to the people.

"By forbidding the manifestation which you knew would be perfectly peaceful, by ranging your police and army against the workers of Paris, and by allowing an unprecedented brutality to be practiced against men and women who were only exercising an essential liberty which their comrades in all countries enjoy, you have failed to recognize the devotion and self-denial which this working class displayed during the war.

"I can only, therefore, submit my resignation to you."

MAJOR DEAD IN AUTO CRASH

Alexander Dillard of Brooklyn Killed in Nashville, Tenn.

Special to The New York Times.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 4.—Major Alexander Dillard, Brooklyn, N. Y., 102d Infantry, U. S. A., was fatally injured when the automobile in which he was riding with Mrs. Lloyd Cregor, wife of an army Captain now serving in France, struck a steel telephone pole about 2 o'clock Sunday morning. He died, without regaining consciousness, shortly after being taken to a local hospital.

Dillard and Mrs. Cregor, witnesses say, were driving through the streets at a high speed. Dillard seemed to lose control of the light roadster, and it crashed into the pole, pinning him against the steering wheel. Mrs. Cregor was thrown clear of the wreck, but is in a critical condition at the hospital.

Major Dillard, before his parents moved to Brooklyn, N. Y., several years ago, resided at Bristol, Tenn. He entered the regular army in October, 1916. After the outbreak of the war he was promoted to Major, and was among the first troops to go overseas.

His parents now reside at 1,383 Dean Street, Brooklyn.

AUTO KILLS A WOMAN.

Hurls Her Fifty Feet and Then Speeds Away.

While crossing Eastern Parkway at Saratoga Avenue, Brooklyn, last night, Miss Fannie Barr of 1513 Pitkin Avenue was hurled fifty feet by a speeding touring car and killed. Joseph Goldman, who lives at 2,118 Dean Street, Brooklyn, was also injured by the automobile.

The automobile continued north on Saratoga Avenue. Two young men jumped into an automobile owned by James D. Boyle of 1,086 President Street, and took up the chase, overtaking the other car near the Manhattan crossing of the Long Island Railroad. Four men who were in the touring car jumped out and after a brief conversation with Boyle again got into the machine and disappeared. Boyle, however, took the number of the car and gave it to the police.

STATEWIDE APPEAL TO AID IDLE SOLDIERS

Pastors Urge Churches to Cooperate With Labor Agencies in Effort to Place Men.

ASK EMPLOYERS' SUPPORT

Re-employment Bureau Wants Manufacturers to Help Find Work for Men of 77th Division.

Responding to the appeal of President Wilson and a proclamation by Governor Smith designating the observance of "Employment Sunday," stirring appeals were made in many churches of the State yesterday for a more intimate co-operation on the part of church organizations with the various agencies working for the re-employment of the American fighting man.

Dr. Frank Oliver Hall, pastor of the Universalist Church of the Divine Paternity, Central Park West and Seventy-sixth Street, asked the members of the Church to aid in securing work for returning soldiers and sailors through the central bureau recently established.

Chaplain Duncan H. Browne of the 77th Division, who received the Distinguished Service Cross for heroism for attending the wounded during the fighting in the Argonne, declared that the attitude of the employer toward the returned veteran should be considered a test of patriotism. He deprecated "personal selfishness and prejudice," which he said existed in the victory of the allied arms, adding that men and nations could be reconciled in a spirit of justice and fairness only after a period of struggle and sacrifice.

A report of the Re-employment Bureau of New York City for Soldiers, Sailors and Marines, with offices at 505 Pearl Street, sent yesterday to 50,000 employers in the metropolitan district, sounded an encouraging note in the local situation.

"With the jobs offered to service men totaling 3,020 for the first five days that the bureau has been in operation," the report says, "we feel justified in relying upon the splendid co-operation of the firms and manufacturers of New York for adequate support to meet the increased influx of the 77th Division next week. With the registration of the discharged men applicants for jobs for the same period totaling 1,105, the problem of the bureau is not merely to obtain an equal number of positions as there are men who apply, but a suitable position for each man. Due to the fact that many of the men who registered fall under the unskilled classification, it is necessary that employers send to us in large numbers for men of this type.

"There is immediate need for over 200 jobs for clerks, bookkeepers, salesmen, and general clerical work of all kinds. At present we need men to fill positions as stenographers, typists, auto mechanics, tool and die makers, printers, machine wood workers, cabinet makers and many others.

"Of the 1,129 men who have been to the Bureau nearly 900 have been referred to positions. Up to Saturday over 300 have reported back to the office that they had obtained the desired position. As due partly to the fact that the employer is not always able to give an immediate decision, particularly in the higher class of jobs, the Bureau cannot be in complete reports at once. It is estimated that almost as many more, totaling about 500, got places during the first five-day period.

"The bureau hopes to roll up such an increased placement record next week that this initial start will seem small by comparison. The week's experience shows that New York City employers are heartily supporting New York's Central Employment Bureau."

The Merchants' Association, under whose auspices the Re-employment Bureau was organized, in the Bulletin of the organization issued yesterday pointed out that after the close of the Liberty Loan, in addition to the present mass meetings of employers at the Merchants' Association, automatics and personal appeals to employers thermometers showing the rise and fall of the proportion of jobs versus veteran applicants and other forms of publicity may be used to focus the attention of the public on this centralized effort.

BROOKLYN'S PIONEERS REACH NEWPORT NEWS

The 53d Infantry, Formerly 47th New York, Arrive on the Battleship New Hampshire.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., May 4.—Bringing approximately 1,200 officers and enlisted men, principally of the 53d Pioneer Infantry, (formerly the 47th New York Infantry of Brooklyn,) the battleship New Hampshire docked here today, having left Brest on April 22.

The troops aboard were headquarters company, Companies D, E, F and G, and Supply Company of the 53d Pioneers, a sanitary detachment, Evacuation Hospital No. 14, seventeen casuals and two sick men.

BOSTON, May 4.—The transport Wilhelmina, with seventy-three officers and 1,651 men on board, arrived from Brest today and was escorted up the harbor by a fleet of welcoming boats bearing official committees. On board were the 102th Field Artillery, 57th Field Artillery Brigade Headquarters, 324th Bakery Company and several casuals.

GRAND LODGE TO MEET.

War Activities of Masons to be Reviewed at Session.

The Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons in the State of New York will convene in this city tomorrow afternoon, and will hold its one hundred and thirty-eighth annual communication. The sessions of the Grand Lodge will be held in the Masonic Hall at Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street, will begin at 2 o'clock the afternoon, and will continue until Thursday afternoon. The Grand Master, William S. Farmer of Syracuse, will preside at the various sessions, and will be assisted by Robert H. Robinson of this city, Deputy Grand Master; Justice Arthur S. Tompkins of Nyack, Senior Grand Warden; Harold J. Richardson of Lowville, Junior Grand Warden, and Robert Judson Kenworthy, Grand Secretary.

Among the Past Grand Masters who are expected to be present during the sessions are Colonel John W. Vrooman of Herkimer, William Sherer of New York City, Justice Townsend Scudder of Brooklyn, Justice S. Nelson Sawyer of Palmyra, Charles Smith of Oneonta, and Thomas Penny of Buffalo.

The great body of the Grand Lodge is made up of the masters of the subordinate lodges within the State, now numbering over 800, and it is expected that every lodge in the State will be represented by its master or a duly elected proxy.

Grand Master Farmer will deliver his annual address, immediately after the opening of the convention, in which he will review the history and labors of the craft during the past year, with especial reference to its war activities and the raising by contributions from the subordinate lodges of $1,000,000 for war relief work. The money thus raised was placed in the hands of a committee headed by Past Grand Master Sherer.

The election of officers for the ensuing year will take place on Wednesday, and their installation on Thursday afternoon will bring the session to a close.

DEFENDS NAVY CLUB.

Mrs. Hamilton Denies That It Sponsored Raid on Call Office.

Mrs. William H. Hamilton, a Vice President of the Navy Club, of which Herbert L. Satterlee is President, in a statement last night denied that the club had sponsored the raid made by soldiers and sailors upon the office of the New York Call last week.

"The Navy Club has nothing to do with the unfortunate affair at the Call office, but did go in the evening to Madison Square Garden, meaning only to see that nothing un-American took place," said Mrs. Hamilton. "There has never been through word or deed anything that savored of violence. The past two years of sacrifice have kindled a spirit of pure Americanism in our boys, a spirit that insists that we live up to what they have won.

"The men of the Navy Club have done a patriotic service in a quiet but firm and dignified way. We who stand back of the club feared at first that they might become overzealous and possibly break the laws, but we know now that they can be trusted."

Mrs. Hamilton said last night that it was the purpose of the organizers of the Navy Club to continue its existence after the period of demobilization.

PEWS FREE TO ALL IN OLD TRINITY NOW

Plan Long Advocated by Dr. Manning Put in Effect There Yesterday.

SOME IN FAMILIES FOR YEARS

Dr. Young, in Sermon, Says Bomb Plot Was a Blow at America—Church Has Diamond Jubilee.

The plan of the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning of eliminating pew rent in Trinity Church and allowing seats there to be occupied by the congregation on a "first come, first served" basis, went into effect yesterday for the first time.

It was announced from the pulpit that every pew in the church was now free and that any one who came into the church was entitled to any seat which was vacant. This announcement was a surprise to some, because, although it was understood that pew rent was abolished from May 1, it was not known that all those who owned pews in fee simple had given them up to the church.

Pews had been owned and rented in the church since its foundation, 222 years ago, and some were heirlooms in families which had owned them for more than a hundred years. Others were owned by estates, and the consent of courts was required for the release of title to the church. Some had become the property of corporations. At the urging of Dr. Manning, however, all the owners of the pews finally consented to turn them over to the church for the purpose of making a success of the free pew system.

Dr. Manning suggested the abolition of pew rent, as a kind of thanksgiving by the church, shortly after the signing of the armistice, and a few days later the Vestry took favorable action on the plan. The pew rent system had resulted in giving the most desirable seats to those who could pay for them, and Dr. Manning urged that it would be more democratic to give every one who entered the church a right to sit where he pleased in any vacant pew, and the congregation supported him almost unanimously.

Most of those who had rented or owned pews in the past sat yesterday in their accustomed places, but some found places in other parts of the church. The sermon was preached by the Right Rev. Edward Arthur Dunn, Bishop of British Honduras and Central America. Colonel William Barclay Parsons, who commanded the 11th Engineers, resumed his duties as a vestryman and assisted in collecting the offertory.

Dr. S. Edward Young, who preached in the Bedford Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, last night, urged that the Government take vigorous steps to deal with radical propaganda. Speaking of the bombs sent through the mails last week, he said:

"They were not intended only for the men to whom they were addressed. The whole American people is meant. The purpose was to blow up the Government, which had dilly-dallied too long with dynamiters. It is a question of free institutions breaking up or bands of assassins being broken up.

"These bomb outrages are the blind and wicked outbreaks of men who know that there is a vast discontent among the masses, which they imagine will support their crimes. After punishing the criminals—even while we are doing it—wise and righteous efforts should be made to reduce the general discontent."

The Diamond Jubilee of the Roman Catholic Church of the Holy Redeemer, at 165 East Third Street, was celebrated yesterday with a solemn pontificial high mass. Archbishop Hayes and the Most Rev. John Bonzano, Apostolic Delegate to the United States, took part in the services.

Head of Paulists Critically Ill.

The Rev. Father John J. Hughes, head of the Paulist Order in this country, who was taken to St. Elizabeth's Hospital five weeks ago suffering from a general breakdown, was reported at the hospital last night as being critically ill, and little hope was held out for his recovery. For the last two days Father Hughes has been conscious only part of the time, according to his attending physician, Dr. Davis of 117 West Seventy-sixth Street. Father Hughes, who is 62 years old, has been at the head of the Paulist Order for eight years.

AIDED IN SAGE CHARITIES.

Secretary J. C. Campbell Dies After Work in Southern Mountains.

John C. Campbell, for ten years Secretary of the Southern Highland division of the Russell Sage Foundation, with headquarters in Asheville, N. C., died suddenly on Friday at the Latham Hotel in this city. The body was taken yesterday to West Medford, Mass. Mr. Campbell, born in Laporte, Ind., fifty-two years ago, attended Phillips Andover Academy, and was graduated from the Williams College in 1892, and from the Andover Theological Seminary in 1895.

He went directly into educational work in the Southern mountains, where he later joined the Sage Foundation in 1908, after a year's travel in Italy.

TEMPERANCE LEADER DIES.

Father Shanley a Vigorous Fighter for Reform and Friend of Congo.

DANBURY, Conn., May 4.—The Rev. Dr. Walter J. Shanley died at St. Peter's rectory here today at the age of 64 years. He gained a wide reputation some years ago as a temperance advocate and reform leader, when he was head of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America, and he was also former President of the National Catholic Educational Association. He served long pastorates here and in Hartford. Leopold, King of the Belgians, made him a Knight of the Order of Leopold for his interest in Belgian Congo.

Obituary Notes.

THOMAS SKELTON HARRISON, a retired manufacturer, and Consul-General to Egypt under President McKinley, died at his home in Philadelphia on Saturday in his eighty-second year. He was acting paymaster in the navy during the civil war.

FREDERICK A. DOWSEY, 45 years old, for twenty years in the Custom House here, and recently in war work of the Secret Service, died suddenly at Seattle, Wash., on Friday.

JOSEPH BURRELL, Professor of Geology at Yale since 1903, died yesterday of pneumonia and spinal meningitis at his home in New Haven, Conn.

JUNIUS GODOLPHIN OGLESBY, a wholesale merchant and leader in civic progress of Atlanta, Ga., and father of Mrs. Rugland F. Klipatrick of this city, died on Saturday at his home in Atlanta, at the age of 72 years.

Mrs. GRACE WINTHROP RIVES, widow of William Cabell Rives and daughter of David Sears of Boston, died Saturday at her home in Washington. The funeral will be on Wednesday morning at Trinity Church, Boston.

WILLIAM H. DRUCE, 59 years old, for many years freight claim agent for the Central Railroad of New Jersey, died yesterday at his home, 1,144 Bergen Street, Brooklyn.

CYRIL Du FOR, a dancer on tour with the "Head Over Heels" company, was killed Saturday morning in an automobile accident at Newport, R. I.

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John Hudson Peck Dies at 81.

John Hudson Peck, in law practice at Troy, N. Y., since 1861, died yesterday at his home, 3 Irving Place, that city, according to word received here. He was 81 years old. Mr. Peck was President for twelve years of the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute and Trustee of the Troy Female Seminary.

Julien de Narfon, Journalist.

PARIS, May 4.—Julien de Narfon, the journalist, died here this morning. He was well-known as a writer throughout France.

Engaged.

MICHELL—WHITNALL.—At a dinner Saturday evening, Mrs. H. J. Whitnall of 14 Charles St. announced the engagement of her daughter Dorothea to Philip A. Michell of Staten Island.

Died.

ALLEN.—Elizabeth A., entered into rest at Paterson, N. J., May 3, 1919. Funeral private at the home of her sister, Mrs. Henry C. Raynolds, Whippany, N. J., Monday, May 5, at 3 P. M. Interment at Boonton, N. J., at convenience of family.

APFELBAUM.—Lena, on May 4, wife of the late Morris, and beloved mother of Becky Behrman, Mamie Weissman, Jennie Diamond, and Samuel. Funeral from Meyers Parlors, 226 Lenox Av., Tuesday, May 6, at 11 A. M. Friends invited.

BEGGS.—On May 4, 1919, at her daughter's home, Forest Hills Gardens, L. I., Mary, widow of the late William Beggs, beloved mother of Mrs. E. Blake Wylie, George and David Beggs. Funeral service at 326 Burns St., Forest Hills Gardens, on Tuesday, May 6, at 2 P. M.

BIENNHEIMER.—Delia, beloved sister of Edwin E. Bernheimer and Beatrice Bernheimer. Funeral Tuesday at Mobile, Ala.

BURNS.—At Bath, N. Y., on Friday, May 2, 1919, William Savage Burns, son of the late William Stewart Burns and Sophie Savage Burns, in the 54th year of his age.

CANTEL.—On May 3, 1919, Augustine E., in her 85th year, mother of Yovanne L. Cantel. Funeral from 14 East 30th St., Tuesday morning at 8:15 o'clock; from Paulist Church, 9th Av. and 59th St., at 9 o'clock. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

CARPENTER.—At St. Augustine, Fla., May 4, Mrs. Henry A. Carpenter, formerly of Sewickley, Penn. Funeral Hanover, N. J., Wednesday, May 7, 3 o'clock. From New York take 12:45 Lackawanna train to Madison, N. J.

CONNERTON.—On May 3, 1919, William F. Connerton, Sr., dearly beloved husband of Mary J. Connerton (nee Hackett) and father of Frank and William F. Connerton, Jr. Funeral from his late residence, 52 6th Av. Solemn requiem mass Tuesday, 10 o'clock, at St. Joseph's Church. Interment Calvary.

COX.—On May 3, 1919, Edith Wernham Cox. Funeral service at 14A East 36th St. on Monday, May 5, at 2 P. M. London and Scotland papers please copy.

CROSSEN.—Entered into eternal rest on May 2, 1919, James Frederic Crossen. Funeral services at Stephen Merritt's Harlem Chapel, 304-306 West 126th St., Monday, 10 A. M.

DAVIDSON.—On Saturday, May 3, 1919, Johanna Davidson, relict of Adolph Davidson, in her 80th year. Funeral from her late home, 75 McDonough St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, May 6, 1919, at 9:30 A. M. Interment at Wakefield, Mass. Boston papers please copy.

DE YOUNG.—Suddenly, at her residence, 2,314 Valentine Av., Esther, widow of the late Aaron De Young, in her 71st year. Funeral on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, from Meyers's Funeral Parlors, 2238 Lenox Av. Funeral private.

DIGNAM.—May 3, Arthur M., beloved husband of the late Mary Dignam (nee Wilmot) and father of Arthur, Edward, Francis, Keron, Joseph, Vincent, Miss Hope, Mrs. Mary McClay, and Mrs. D. Norton, and member of Xavier Council, K. of C.; Xavier Branch, Holy Name Society; Big Catholic Brothers, and Metal Buffers', Polishers' and Platers' Union, Local No. 34. Funeral from his late residence, 251 West 18th St.; thence to St. Francis Xavier's Church, West 16th St., on Tuesday, May 6, 1919, at 9 A. M. Interment Calvary.

DRUCE.—William. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH (Frank Campbell's.) Broadway, 66th St., Tuesday, 10 A. M.

DUNBAR.—At Sandwich, Mass., suddenly on May 3, Henry Amos Duabar, beloved husband of Emma Whitley Dunbar. Services at late residence Tuesday at 4 o'clock.

DUNNE.—On May 3, 1919, at St. Luke's Hospital, Mrs. Marie Dunne of 26 West 130th St. Burial at Quebec, Canada.

GRAFF.—On April 30, at his home, 316 Egmont Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., William K. Graff, aged 63 years. Funeral services 11 A. M., Monday, May 5. Burial at Bridgeport, Conn.

HARRISON.—At Philadelphia, Penn., on May 3, the Hon. Thomas Skelton Harrison, in his 82d year. Funeral services at his late residence, 1,520 Locust St., on Tuesday, at 11 A. M. Interment private. Boston papers please copy.

Died.

HASKINS.—At St. Luke's Hospital, May 4, Rachael A., widow of George W. Haskins, formerly of Meadville, Penn., in her 80th year. Interment Meadville, Penn.

HEINE.—Bernhard, husband of Isabella Heine, 100 West 121st St. Funeral Tuesday, 2 o'clock, Meyers Chapel, 308 Lenox Av.

HEINE.—Members and seatholders of Temple Anshe Chesed are requested to attend the funeral of Bernhard Heine at Meyers Funeral Parlors, 228 Lenox Av., Tuesday at 2 P. M.

A. U. ZINKE, Acting President.
I. M. WITT, Honorary Secretary.

HIRSHBAUM.—Nanette, widow of August Hirshbaum, mother of Simon, Samuel, Morris Hirshbaum, and late Hattie Loeffler. Funeral Monday, May 5, at 2 P. M., from Milheiser's Funeral Parlors, 1,460 Lexington Av. Member Flora Frauen Verein.

HOLMES.—Saturday, May 3, 1919, in her home, 111 West 82d St., Jennie Holmes, (nee Johnston.) Funeral Tuesday morning, 11 o'clock. Interment, Bay View Cemetery, Jersey City.

HUMMEL.—Philip Birtchfield, at his residence, Hollis Court Boulevard, Queens, Long Island, after a short illness, on Saturday morning. Funeral at his late residence, Monday evening, May 5, 8 o'clock. Interment Flushing Cemetery, at convenience of family.

KEMP.—Suddenly, on Saturday morning, May 3, William Kemp, at 105 Wilson St., Brooklyn, in his 91st year, husband of Ester E. May. Services Monday at 8 P. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

LATHROP.—In Detroit, on April 30, Mary Safford, widow of Dr. William H. Lathrop of Lowell, Mass.

LITTLEFIELD.—On Saturday, May 3, Mary E., widow of James W. Littlefield, age 80 years. Funeral services at her late residence, 573 Leonard St., Brooklyn, on Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

LUCAS.—Ida Cummins, wife of A. Noel Lucas, at Plainfield, N. J., May 4, 1919. Funeral services will be held at Arthur K. Brown's, 446 Bloomfield Av., Montclair, N. J., Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Further services at Danielson, Conn., Tuesday, at 2 o'clock. Providence papers please copy.

LUCKEN.—Suddenly, May 4, Anna Lucken, at her residence, 142 West 94th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MAHON.—On May 3, at her residence, 84 Nassau Boulevard, Garden City, Jessie Haw Mahon, beloved wife of Robert J. Mahon and devoted mother of Mrs. George K. Garvin and Captain Robert V. Mahon of 304th Field Artillery. Funeral at residence May 6 at 11 A. M. Train from Pennsylvania Station leaving 9:50 A. M. stops at Nassau Boulevard station.

MELLERT.—On May 3, Bertha, widow of the late George F. Mellert, 881 Brook Av., aged 77. Funeral Tuesday, private. Frederick M. Mellert, son; Bertha C. Kahlenberg, daughter.

MURPHY.—On May 3, 1919, James W., beloved husband of Annie V. Murphy, at his residence, 324 New York Av., Brooklyn. Funeral services Tuesday, 10 A. M., at the Church of St. Ignatius, Carroll St. and Rogers Av., Brooklyn. Interment private.

OGLESBY.—Suddenly, May 3, at his residence at Atlanta, Ga., Junius G. Oglesby, beloved husband of Eugine Cottingham, and devoted father of Junius G. Oglesby of Atlanta and Mrs. Rugland F. Klipatrick of New York City.

PECK.—In Troy, N. Y., on May 4, 1919, at his residence, 3 Irving Place, John Hudson Peck, aged 81 years.

REICHENBACH.—Jane, on Sunday, May 4, 1919, after a short illness, beloved daughter of Max and Beatrice Reichenbach, in her 5th year. Funeral private.

RESTON.—On Saturday, May 3, 1919, Varick De Witt Reston, (employe of the Custom House for forty-five years,) in his 68th year. Funeral services at his late home, 143 Bergen St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, May 6, at 8 P. M. Albany papers please copy.

RICHARDSON.—On May 4, 1919, Mrs. Clarissa Kendall Richardson, widow of the late William Edward Richardson of Brooklyn, N. Y., at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Henry P. Seely, on Madison Av., Morristown, N. J. Besides her daughter, Mrs. Henry P. Seely, she leaves a daughter, Mrs. Clarissa Wood; a son, William Edward Richardson, and a sister, Mrs. Matilda Dickey, and a brother, Charles Kendall, all of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral services will be held at the residence of Mrs. Henry P. Seely, Madison Av., Morristown, N. J., on Wednesday, April 7, at 2 P. M.

RIVES.—In Washington, D. C., Saturday, May 3, 1919, Grace Winthrop, wife of the late William Cabell Rives and daughter of the Hon. Davis Sears of Boston, Mass. Funeral service at Trinity Church, Boston, on Wednesday, May 7, at 11:30 A. M.

ROBERTSON.—On May 3, 1919, at his Summer residence, White's Lane, Cedarhurst, L. I., Albert Robertson, beloved husband of Bertha Robertson and father of the late Mrs. Lucile Robertson Cohen, in his 67th year. Funeral services at the chapel, Salem Fields Cemetery, East New York, on Monday morning, May 5, at 11 o'clock.

ROSENBAUM.—On May 3, in his 79th year, Nathan, beloved husband of Julia, and devoted father of Arnold, Arthur, Walter, Bertha, Hannah, and Olga. Funeral from his late residence, 1,230 Brook Av., corner 168th St., Monday, May 5, at 2 P. M.

101
DREICER & Co
Pearls and Jewels
THE HIGHEST STANDARD OF QUALITY
FIFTH AVENUE at FORTY-SIXTH

Died.

RUSSELL.—Saturday, May 3, 1919, Sarah Louise Russell, beloved wife of James B. Russell and mother of Samuel. Funeral services at Intercession Chapel, Broadway and 155th St., Tuesday morning, May 6, 10:30 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

SCHAEFER.—On May 3, Henry C. Schaefer, beloved husband of Bertha Schaefer, in his 67th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 763 Courtlandt Av., Monday, May 5, 8 P. M. Funeral Tuesday, May 6, at 1 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers.

STAPLETON.—On May 3, 1919, Edward J. Stapleton, Law Clerk of Supreme Court, County Clerk's office, beloved husband of Delia Stapleton. Funeral from his late residence, 101 West 106th St., New York City, Tuesday, May 6, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of the Ascension, West 107th St., near Broadway, where a solemn requiem mass will be said at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Member of Shields Post, Grand Army of Republic; Alumni Sodality, St. Francis Xavier; Catholic Club; New York Council 126, Knights of Columbus; Friendly Sons of St. Patrick; Catholic Benevolent Legion, (Unity Council;) Irish Historical Society; 22d Regiment Veterans, N. G. N. Y., and Supreme Court Employes' Association. Members are respectfully invited to attend.

STAPLETON.—Edward J., a member of the Catholic Club of the City of New York, May 3, 1919. Members of the club are requested to attend solemn requiem mass at the Church of the Ascension, 107th St. and Broadway, Tuesday, May 6, at 10 A. M. THOMAS F. FARRELL, President.
EDWARD A. ARNOLD, Secretary.

STAPLETON.—The Xavier Alumni Sodality announces, with regret, the death of Sodalist Edward J. Stapleton, 1897. Members are requested to attend the requiem mass at the Church of the Ascension on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. CHARLES EDWARD NAMMACK, M. D., President.
THOMAS LESTER HURLEY, Secretary.

UNDERHILL.—On Sunday morning, May 4, Eliza Otto Underhill, beloved wife of Francis Jay Underhill. Services at her late residence, 235 West 75th St., New York City, on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

VERO.—John, on May 3, in his 65th year. Service Monday evening at 8 o'clock at his late residence, 772 Jackson Av., Bronx. Interment private. Brooklyn papers please copy.

WEILBACHER.—On Sunday, May 4, at Lutheran Hospital, Theodore Weilbacher, in his 54th year. Funeral services and interment at York, Penn., on Wednesday, May 7th.

WHITEHOUSE.—On Sunday, May 4, Louise E., wife of George Norman Whitehouse of Montclair, N. J., daughter of the late John N. Paull. Funeral service at St. Agnes's Chapel, 92d Street, near Columbus Avenue, at 3 P. M., Tuesday, May 6, 1919. Interment private.

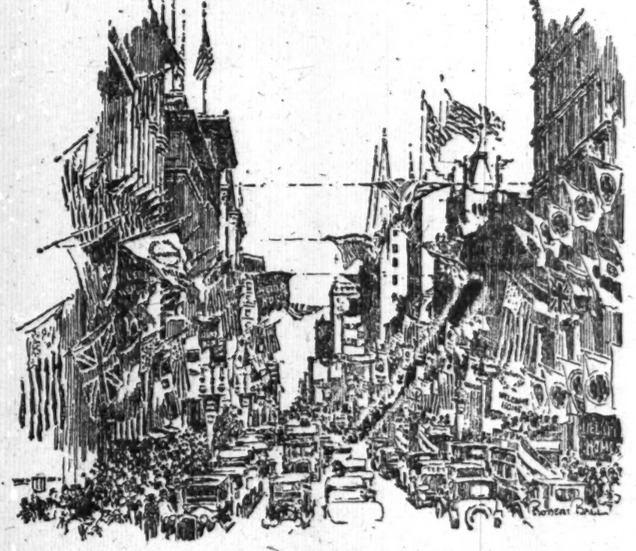
ZOLL.—On Sunday, May 4, 1919, William Zoll, Sr., age 62 years, beloved husband of Anna Zoll. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 202 West 148th St., on Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

In Memoriam

COHEN.—In memory of our beloved wife and mother, Rosalie Cohen, who died April 26, 1917.

S. COHEN.
M. L. COHEN.
HENRY COHEN.
FREDERICK COHEN.
Mrs. ARTHUR WACHTEL.

Do We Mean It?



WHEN we fling out the banners and rear triumphal arches and acclaim with flags and voices the "Avenue of Victory" in honor of our soldiers dead and soldiers returning—do we *mean* it?

WE cheer our heroes and tell them how much we appreciate their sacrifices for us. BUT—do we mean it?

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SEVEN DESTROYER LINKS ARRIVE AT TREPASSEY

Flotilla Successfully Navigated 1,100 Miles Entirely by Directional Wireless.

TREPASSEY, N. F., May 4.—The first seven links in the chain of naval destroyers to be stretched across the Atlantic by the United States Navy for its transoceanic flight reached this Newfoundland base today and after replenishing their fuel and supplies will proceed to the Azores. Their orders require them to reach their stations by May 10.

This first flotilla, to be followed at one-day intervals by two other groups of equal strength, was commanded by Captain Harry A. Baldridge of the destroyer Stockton. Leaving New York Thursday and enveloped in fog from Fire Island to Trepassey Bay, it navigated 1,100 miles entirely by directional wireless, with which the transatlantic seaplanes will be equipped. The trip was said by Captain Arthur Crenshaw, base commander here, to have been one of the severest tests this means of navigation ever had. The destroyer Phillip became separated from the flotilla in the fog, but she entered the harbor soon after her companions.

While the natives were watching the unusual congestion in their harbor today they were startled to see a small speed plane, brought here by the minelayer Aroostook and piloted by Ensign P. Talbot, circle over water and land, testing air currents. Unused to the noise of even an automobile, goats were scurrying across the fields, alarmed at the roar of the motor, while their owners stared skyward spellbound.

While rivalry with the British aviators further up the Newfoundland coast is keen, officers asserted that the start here would not be hastened by indications of a British start.

The Aroostook also brought another small plans, not yet assembled, for air test and any rescue work needed at the start of the flight from this point. The Aroostook also carries, besides spare parts, five Liberty motors for use if the NC planes need refitting.

While warship commanders went aboard the flagship Prairie today, many "shore leave" parties from the vessels landed. It was remarked that more than half the congregations in the local churches were American bluejackets.

Four Destroyers at Halifax.

HALIFAX, N. S., May 4.—Four United States destroyers arrived at this port today in connection with plans for the United States Navy transatlantic flight. The destroyers, Stevens No. 86, McKee No. 87

ADVENT OF SUNDAY BASEBALL DRAWS 60,000 PERSONS TO POLO GROUNDS AND EBBETS FIELD

FILL POLO GROUNDS FOR SUNDAY BATTLE

Crowd of Unexampled Size for Scheduled Big League Game Sees the Giants Beaten.

PHILLIES WIN BY ONE RUN

Jacobs Tightens Belt at Moments of Dire Peril and Rally of Home Team in Ninth Is Checked.

Legalized Sunday baseball, which became a reality in this city for the first time yesterday, resulted in a popular demonstration of public approval, which brought record-breaking crowds to both the Polo Grounds and Ebbets Field in Brooklyn. A crowd of 35,000, the largest which has ever jammed into the Brush Stadium, except at a World's Series spectacle, saw the Giants go down in defeat at the hands of the Phillies by a score of 4 to 3. Across the bridge, in Flatbush, a gathering of nearly the same proportions saw the Brooklyns defeat Boston. This was the largest crowd which has ever witnessed a championship game at Ebbets Field, save in the World's Series of 1916.

Those who have been skeptical about just how Sunday games would be received here were surprised that such a vast throng could come to the Polo Grounds on a Sunday afternoon, sit through two hours of baseball, and leave without any disorder or rowdyism. The two record crowds of yesterday, both here and across the bridge, formed the baseball public's verdict on a campaign for Sunday outdoor pastimes which has been going on for many years. Yesterday was the first time since Rip Van Winkle butted into the bowling party that folks have been able to see professional baseball without danger of being called before His Honor in the morning.

Professional clubs have attempted to play several times in past years, when all sorts of means were used to evade the law. Sometimes voluntary collections have been taken up and attempts have likewise been made to get the admission fee through the sale of programs. All of these efforts to establish the Sunday sport resulted in the arrest of players and promoters. The legalizing of the national game on Sunday in this city has hit popular fancy hard, and the public's answer yesterday leaves slight room for doubt, even in the minds of those who have bitterly opposed the innovation, that the sport can be conducted without interfering with the quiet, peaceful pursuit of the Sabbath.

Cars to Ball Park Thronged.

The game at the Polo Grounds brought out a crowd which not only filled the spacious grandstand but crowded the outfield bleachers, which have seldom been half filled except during the world's series. The crowd began to gather early in the afternoon, and the elevated and Lexington Avenue subway lines and also the Broadway subway and Eighth Avenue surface lines carried capacity crowds all the afternoon. This mass of 35,000 or more baseball fans gathered and departed in a most orderly manner.

Even the ballplayers were on their Sunday School behavior, and when Richie Zimmerman, in the eighth inning, undertook to talk without courtesy to Umpire Klem, the third baseman was quietly ordered to the clubhouse and was out of the game before the spectators even realized that Zim had been talking.

The game bubbled with thrilling moments, for time and again the Giants seemed to have Jacobs, the Phillies' pitcher, on the verge of collapse. Nevertheless, when it looked as if New York was going to break up the game, Jacobs always seemed to have just enough reserve strength left to pull his club out of the hole. In the sixth, eighth and ninth innings New York had runners aboard the bases, and the victory was within their grasp. In each case fond hopes were shattered by a revival of power in Jacobs's pitching.

Moments like these work baseball crowds up to the highest pitch, and so it was yesterday. Even in their wildest times, however, the fans did nothing more than turn loose a lot of excess vocal steam, and although the noise churned up the air inside of the stadium, the echo of the outbursts soon died away. In fact, it was the general impression that the crowd was more orderly than the smaller gatherings on week days. There was a lot of cheering and hand-clapping, but there was little or no objectionable yelling at the players or umpires.

Army and Navy Men Enjoy Game.

The revival of the game broke out with a bang yesterday, even in greater volume than its friends had predicted. In the gathering were many soldiers, sailors, and hundreds of officers. That the legalized Sunday game has its appeal to the youths and men who are unable to get away from their work on week days was plainly shown in the large gathering in the popular priced left and right field seats in the outfield. They sat out there in the sun, happy and contented all afternoon, stripped down to their shirt sleeves, just as if it were a hot August afternoon.

There were men at the game yesterday who, on account of their work during the weekdays, have not been able to see a major league game in years. The fact that the Giants lost the close struggle was a source of disappointment to the big gathering, but there were so many moments of excitement that they all went away feeling that it had been well worth while.

There was a big improvement in the work of Manager Jack Coombs' players yesterday. Behind the pitching of Jacobs they played steady ball and gave him tight support when he needed it. Rube Benton pitched for the Giants and ran headlong into a young Philadelphia batting rally in the third inning. Outside of that chapter Benton did well enough. The one run margin of the Phillies' victory, however, was personally negotiated by Long Cy Williams in the first of the ninth, when he crashed one of Cecil Causey's benders against the upper tier of the grandstand for a home run. The Giants battled hard to overcome a two-run lead obstacle in the last part of the ninth, but their rally was snuffed out after they had pushed over one run.

The victory was costly to Philadelphia, for while negotiating a double play with Williams in the third inning, Dave Bancroft, the Phils' shortstop and one of the most valuable players on the club, sprained an ankle while jumping into second base. Bancroft's ankle was so badly injured that he was carried off the field, and it will be some time before he is able to get back into the game. The Philadelphia Club yesterday bought Ed. Sicking, one of the Giants' extra infielders, and he will be needed badly now that Bancroft is laid up.

Benton's Hit Scores Kauff.

The New Yorkers garnered three singles off Jacobs in the second inning, but were able to get only one run from the cluster. Kauff singled to right and Zimmerman flied to Cravath. Al Baird singled to right and pushed Benny to second. After McCarty had fouled to D. Baird, Rube Benton surprised the crowd by jolting a single to short right which sent Kauff home. With George Burns at the bat, a signal for a hit and run play went astray and Al Baird waltzed serenely down the third base line, only to be caught before he could get back to the base. That careless bit of work was costly to the Giants.

The third was the big inning for the Phillies. After D. Baird had died at first Adams walked. Jacobs lifted a high fly over near the right field wall. Ross Young, fearful of bumping into the stockade, dropped the ball, but on a quick recovery forced Adams before he could reach second. Whitted singled to centre, and Williams got an infield hit, which filled the bases. Larry Doyle made a great play on this hopper of Cy's. He ran over and knocked down the bounding ball, making a quick toss to A. Baird, to force Whitted, and just missed making the play by an eighth of an inch.

With the bases choked, Bancroft sent a slow roller to the infield. Al Baird scooped it up, but the fleet Bancroft beat the throw to first and the Philadelphia players on the bases had such a big start that both Jacobs and Whitted scored on the play, while Williams went to third. Here the Phils showed a wide-awake bit of baseball by pulling a double steal, Williams scoring, while Bancroft slid safely into second, when McCarty's throw went high. This slide, however, disabled Bancroft and he was carried off the field with a badly sprained ankle. Wallace took the shortstop's place. Luderus ended the inning when he filed to Kauff.

Giants Make a Threat.

The Giants crept up close to the Phillies in the eighth and had the finest kind of an opportunity to capture the game. Earl Smith was sent up to bat for Benton and drew a pass. Burns singled to centre, sending Smith to second. Young crashed a liner over short which Wallace was only able to touch. He knocked the ball down and retrieved it in time to make Matty, who was coaching at third, halt Smith at that bag. After this play, Manager McGraw, who had been coaching at first, traded stations with Matty. Chase rolled a grounder to Jacobs, who forced Smith at the plate.

Jacobs then gave every indication that he was going to throw the game away, for he passed Doyle and forced Burns home with a run. Kauff tried in vain to smash the ball out of the lot but the best he could do was to roll a grounder to Luderus, who forced Young at the plate. The dangerous inning was over when Fletcher, who went into the game with a lame back after Zimmerman had been asked to retire, forced Kauff at second.

In the first of the ninth, with Causey pitching, Williams hit a home run high against the upper tier boxes.

The Giants tried hard to rally in the last of the ninth. Al Baird singled to right and was forced by McCarty. Jess Barnes, in the pinch-hitter rôle, singled to right and sent McCarty to second. After Burns flied to Meusel, Young smashed a hit to right, scoring McCarty, and on Cravath's wild throw to the plate Barnes went around to third. Here was a great opportunity for Hal Chase, but Jacobs tightened up and Chase popped to Luderus for the final out.

Yesterday's games were today's scheduled games moved forward, so there will be no games at the Polo Grounds or at Ebbets Field today.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Whitted,2b	4	1	1	2	0
Williams,cf	4	2	3	2	0
Bancroft,ss	2	0	1	0	0
Wallace,ss	2	0	1	1	4
Luderus,1b	4	0	0	8	0
Cravath,rf	3	0	0	2	0
Meusel,lf	3	0	1	2	0
D.Baird,3b	3	0	0	4	2
Adams,c	2	0	0	6	3
Jacobs,p	2	1	0	0	4
Total	29	4	7	27	13

NEW YORK. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,lf	4	1	1	2	0
Young,rf	4	0	3	2	2
Chase,1b	5	0	2	13	0
Doyle,2b	3	0	1	6	7
Kauff,cf	4	1	1	3	0
Zim'rman,3b	3	0	0	1	1
Fletcher,ss	1	0	0	0	1
A.Baird,ss,3b	4	0	2	0	4
McCarty,c	4	1	0	0	2
Benton,p	2	0	1	0	0
aE.Smith	0	0	0	0	0
Causey,p	0	0	0	0	0
bBarnes	1	0	1	0	0
Total	36	3	12	27	17

a Batted for Benton in eighth.
b Batted for Causey in ninth.
Errors—H. Cravath.

Philadelphia	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1—4
New York	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1—3

Two-base hit—Meusel. Home run—Williams. Stolen bases—Williams, Bancroft, Chase, Doyle. Double plays—Baird, Doyle, and Chase; Adams and D. Baird; Zimmerman, Doyle, and Chase; Young and Chase. Left on bases—New York, 9; Philadelphia, 1. Base on balls—Off Benton, 3; Jacobs, 3. Hits—Off Benton, 6 in 8 innings; Causey, 1 in 1. Struck out—By Jacobs, 3. Losing pitcher—Benton.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 4; New York, 3.
Brooklyn, 6; Boston, 2.
Cincinnati, 8; Chicago, 1.
Pittsburgh, 3; St. Louis, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington, 12; Philadelphia, 6.
Cleveland, 5; Detroit, 4.
Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 2

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Cincinnati	9	1	.900
Brooklyn	7	1	.875
New York	5	3	.625
Chicago	5	4	.556
Philadelphia	4	4	.500
Pittsburgh	3	5	.375
St. Louis	3	5	.182
Boston	0	8	.000

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Chicago	7	2	.778
Boston	5	3	.625
Cleveland	5	3	.625
New York	4	3	.571
Washington	5	4	.556
Detroit	3	6	.333
Philadelphia	2	6	.250
St. Louis	2	6	.250

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at Cincinnati.
Pittsburgh at St. Louis.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Washington at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Cleveland.
Detroit at Chicago.

CUBS TAMED BY SALLEE.

Cincinnati Pitcher Holds Champions to Three Singles—Score 8 to 1.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 4.—Sallee, formerly of New York, making his first start of the season for Cincinnati today, held the Chicago champions to three singles, while Weaver and Martin were hit hard. The Reds won easily, 8 to 1. The attendance was nearly 18,000.

The score:

CINCINNATI. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rath,2b	3	0	0	1	2
Neale,rf	4	2	1	2	0
Groh,3b	3	2	2	2	3
Rousch,cf	4	2	3	2	0
Magee,lf	2	1	0	3	0
Daubert,1b	4	1	2	13	1
Kopf,ss	4	0	0	1	5
Rariden,c	3	0	1	7	0
Salle,p	3	0	0	1	4
Total	30	8	9	27	15

CHICAGO. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flack,rf	4	0	0	3	0
Hollocher,ss	4	0	1	3	2
Mann,lf	4	0	1	1	1
Paskert,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Merkle,1b	4	0	0	11	0
Pick,2b	2	0	1	0	4
Deal,3b	3	0	0	0	2
Killifer,c	3	0	1	0	0
Daly,c	2	0	0	3	0
Weaver,p	0	0	0	0	0
Martin,p	2	1	0	0	3
aO'Farrell	1	0	0	0	0
Carter,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	31	1	3	24	13

a Batted for Martin in eighth.
Errors—Daubert, Merkle, Pick.

Cincinnati	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	—8
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Groh, Rariden. Three-base hit—Daubert. Home run—Rousch. Stolen base—Neale. Sacrifice fly—Groh. Double play—Carter, Hollocher and Merkle. Left on bases—Chicago, 4; Cincinnati, 2. First base on errors—Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Sallee, 1. Weaver, 1; Carter, 1. Hits—Off Weaver, 3 in 1-3 inning; Martin, 6 in 6 2-3; Carter, 0 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Weaver, 1. Struck out—By Sallee, 1; Martin, 2; Carter, 1. Losing pitcher—Weaver.

$25,000 RACE FOR AUTOS.

Event to be Held at Sheepshead Bay Speedway on June 14.

A $25,000 sweepstakes automobile race on Saturday, June 14, will be the opening event of a series of four races at the Sheepshead Bay Speedway, at which drivers of international reputation will compete, so the Eastern Motor Auto Racing Association announced last night. Other events, with dates, will be announced later.

ROBINS WIN BEFORE BIG SUNDAY THRONG

About 25,000 Persons Jam Into Ebbets Field and See Marquard Down Braves.

Memories of Brooklyn's world series games of 1916 were awakened yesterday at Ebbets Field, when legalized Sunday baseball was ushered in for fans of the borough across the bridge. A crowd estimated by Charles H. Ebbets, Jr., at close to 25,000, turned out to celebrate the death of a blue law, and there were many spectators among them who went home with rasped throats from the frequent bursts of spontaneous cheers for the Robins who cavorted about the diamond in championship form.

To make it a perfect day the Robins hammered out a parting victory over the Boston Braves. The count was 6 to 2. The result gave the Brooklyn athletes their sixth straight victory over George Stallings's crestfallen band, so that there wasn't a downcast male or female, save an occasional party from the Hub, leaving the huge Flatbush stand on yesterday's bright Sunday afternoon.

The crowd was the greatest that has ever been attracted to the Brooklyn ballyard for a National League championship game. Every seat from which an unobstructive view of the field could be had held its fan. The lower grandstand was jammed to capacity and around the aisle back of the topmost row of seats stood animated rows of spectators who arrived too late to obtain a seat. At some places this row grew to five deep. In the upper tier every seat but those behind the posts was occupied, while the bleachers in left field held a densely-packed throng which taxed its capacity. It was easily the biggest crowd that has ever attended a regular scheduled league pennant game at Ebbets Field, and furnished a testimonial to the popularity of major league baseball on the Sabbath.

The game was a nightmare to Don Carlos Pat Ragan, Boston's estimable right hand hurler, and provided an excellent chance for the Robins to display some of the championship form supposed to be contained somewhere in their systems. Ragan was favored by a handicap, at that, for he got a two-run margin in the first inning when Lew Malone, the Robins' young third baseman, shocked the onlookers with a life-sized and disastrous error. The stimulus failed to work properly on Ragan, and in the fifth inning, after his spell had passed entirely, he was derricked and replaced by Jack Scott. The latter was called in for rescue work when the score had turned Brooklyn's way, and he was instrumental in preventing a more humiliating rout for the Braves.

Rube Marquard, making his home début for the season, twirled and decided himself into a snug place in the hearts of Brooklyn's fans. He collected himself after that wabbly first inning, and had the Beaneaters spellbound for the remaining eight sessions. Six hits were collected off the tall left hander, two of them in the first frame. After that, however, not a Brave got any further than second.

With his war club Rube propelled home two runs, which put the game on ice for the Robins. This happened in the fourth stanza when Marquard slashed a grounder through the box, which scored Malone and Krueger with the runs which put the Robins in the lead. Rube worked indefatigably thereafter and was never in grave peril.

Behind Marquard the Robins played like an effective bit of mechanism. There wasn't a break in the Superbas' defense. Difficult grounders were scooped up with almost monotonous consistency, and the guardians of the outer gardens were utterly dependable. Hy Myers contributed a sterling piece of headwork in the eighth frame when the Braves were spoiling for a rally. Powell cracked out a screeching fly to deep centre field. With the crack of the bat, and with only a fleeting glance to see in what direction the ball was traveling, Myers was off like a rabbit. He didn't stop until he had planted himself solidly for a cheer-raising catch.

Manager George Stallings found it expedient to reconstruct the Braves' batting order because of the poor hitting of Jake Kelly, who has held the position of lead-off man. Kelly was shunted down to eighth position, following Wilson, and Rabbit Maranville got the post of honor. The Rabbit popped up to Krueger by way of greeting Marquard in the first. Herzog belted a grounder at Malone which went right through the young Robin third-baseman without any indication of a desire on his part to put obstacles in its course. Powell singled to right, and when Smith drew a pass the stations were crowded. Riggert scored Herzog and Powell with a single to left, while Smith moved up a peg. Both runners advanced on Holke's sacrifice and Marquard passed Wilson, again filling the bases. On Kelly's grounder to third Malone stepped on the bag, forcing Riggert for the third out.

Ragan, after passing the first three innings without disaster, got into a lot of hot water in the fourth, when the Robins went on a batting spree. Zach Wheat grounded out to Holke, and then Myers singled to right. On Konetchy's blow to the same pasture Hy scampered to third. Malone here redeemed his error of the first inning with a double to right, which scored Myers and placed Konetchy on third. On Krueger's grounder to Maranville, Konetchy was run down between third and home, while Malone went to third and Krueger to second. Then came Marquard's gratifying blow to centre, scoring Malone and Krueger and placing the Robins in front. Marquard was forced at second on Olson's grounder to Maranville.

In the fifth the tempest continued while Ragan remained on the hill. A pass to Magee started the frame. Lee became avaricious on Griffith's single to left, however, and was cut down between second and third. Wheat drew a pass, and Ragan had served up two balls to Myers when Manager Stallings instructed one of his henchmen to signal Don Carlos Pat from the box.

Scott took the hillock, and immediately fell afoul of the hit-and-run play. Myers cracked out a single to left, sending Griffith home from second and putting Wheat on third. Konetchy followed with a single to left, scoring Wheat and putting Myers on second. While Malone was being thrown out at first both runners advanced, Myers scored when Krueger bounced a hit off Smith's shins to short, but Konetchy was out trying to make home on the blow.

Scott held the Robins safe to the finish, allowing but two hits, which were made by Myers in the seventh and Krueger in the eighth.

The score:

BROOKLYN. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Olson,s	4	0	0	2	4
Magee,2b	4	0	0	4	3
Griffith,rf	3	1	1	4	0
Wheat,lf	3	1	1	0	0
Myers,cf	4	2	3	3	0
Konetchy,1b	4	0	2	7	0
Malone,3b	4	1	2	2	1
Krueger,c	4	1	2	5	2
Marquard,p	4	0	1	0	3
Total	34	6	11	27	11

BOSTON. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mar'ville,ss	5	0	0	3	5
Herzog,2b	4	1	0	1	5
Powell,rf	4	1	2	0	0
Smith,3b	3	0	0	0	3
Riggert,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Holke,1b	3	0	1	12	1
Wilson,c	2	0	2	4	1
Scott,p	1	0	0	0	2
aMiller	0	0	0	0	0
bBlackburne	1	0	0	0	0
Ragan,p	2	0	1	1	1
Total	33	2	7	24	19

a Ran for Wilson in ninth.
b Batted for Scott in ninth.
Errors—Malone, Herzog.

Brooklyn	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	—6
Boston	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hit—Malone. Stolen base—Olson. Sacrifice hit—Holke. Left on bases—Boston, 8; Brooklyn, 8. First base on errors—Boston, 1; Brooklyn, 1. Bases on balls—Off Ragan, 3; Scott, 1; Marquard, 3. Hits—Off Ragan, 6 in 4 1-3 innings; Scott, 5 in 3 2-3. Struck out—By Scott, 2; Marquard, 2. Wild pitch—Scott. Winning pitcher—Marquard. Losing pitcher—Ragan.

Southern Association.

Nashville, 6; Memphis, 4.
Atlanta, 7; Mobile, 1.
Little Rock, 4; Chattanooga, 2.

American Association.

Indianapolis, 4; Minneapolis, 3.
St. Paul, 6; Toledo, 5.
Louisville, 15; Kansas City, 2.
Milwaukee, 6; Columbus, 4.

HITS ARE ALL IN FASHION.

Senators and Athletics Get 34 Between Them—Washington Wins.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Washington made it three straight from Philadelphia by winning today, 12 to 6. Thirty-four hits were made by the two teams combined, and the visitors had seventeen men left on bases.

The score:

WASHINGTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shanks,ss	4	0	2	3	1
Foster,3b	4	1	2	3	3
Milan,cf	5	1	1	1	0
Rice,rf	4	4	3	3	0
Gharrity,1b	3	1	2	9	0
Menosky,lf	5	1	3	3	0
Janvrin,2b	3	1	0	0	3
Agnew,c	3	2	1	5	0
Johnson,p	4	1	2	0	3
Hovlik,p	0	0	0	0	0
Craft,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	12	16	27	10

PHILADELPHIA. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Kopp,lf	4	2	6	0	0
Grover,3b	6	1	3	2	3
Roth,rf	6	0	3	3	0
Burns,1b	6	1	3	8	1
Witt,cf	6	0	3	3	0
Shannon,2b	4	1	2	1	4
Dugan,ss	5	1	2	2	1
McAvoy,c	5	0	1	5	1
Kinney,p	2	0	1	0	0
Naylor,p	2	0	0	0	1
aPerkins	1	0	0	0	0
Total	47	6	18	24	11

a Batted for Naylor in ninth.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	3	0—6
Washington	0	3	0	0	5	1	4	1	1—12

Errors—Shanks, Gharrity, Janvrin, Kopp.

Two-base hits—Grover, Gharrity. Three-base hit—Shanks. Stolen bases—Rice, Johnson. Sacrifice hits—Shanks, Gharrity, (2.) Sacrifice fly—Janvrin. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 11; Washington, 7. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 2. Bases on balls—Off Johnson, 2; Hovlik, 1; Kenney, 2; Naylor, 2. Hits—Off Johnson, 10 in 7 innings; Hovlik, 4 in 2-3; Craft, 4 in 1 1-3; Kenney, 8 in 4; Naylor, 8 in 4. Struck out—By Johnson, 4; Craft, 1; Kenney, 1; Naylor, 1. Wild pitch—Naylor. Passed ball—Agnew. Winning pitcher—Johnson. Losing pitcher—Kinney.

INDIANS TOMAHAWK TIGERS

Put Over Winning Run in Ninth, Evening Series—Score 5 to 4.

CLEVELAND, May 4.—Cleveland evened the series today by beating Detroit 5 to 4. Detroit tied up the score with two out in the ninth on Flagstead's double and Ellison's single. In Cleveland's half, with two out, Chapman doubled. Speaker was passed purposely and Smith doubled, scoring Chapman.

The score:

CLEVELAND. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney,lf	4	2	1	2	0
Chapman,ss	4	1	1	2	3
Speaker,cf	3	0	0	2	1
Smith,rf	4	1	3	2	0
Gardner,3b	4	1	1	0	0
W'sganas,2b	4	0	2	1	4
Johnston,1b	3	0	1	12	0
O'Neill,c	3	0	1	6	0
Coveleskie,p	4	0	0	0	6
Totals	33	5	10	27	15

DETROIT. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush,ss	4	0	0	3	3
Jones,3b	4	0	1	0	1
Cobb,cf	4	1	1	0	0
Veach,lf	3	1	1	4	0
Heilman,1b	4	1	1	8	1
Flagstead,rf	4	1	2	1	0
Young,2b	2	0	0	3	2
Ellison,2b	1	0	1	2	0
Stanage,c	3	0	0	4	1
Ehmke,p	4	0	0	0	5
aShorten	1	0	1	0	0
Total	34	4	7	b26	14

a Batted for Young in seventh.
b Two out when winning run was scored.

Cleveland	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1—5
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0—4

Two-base hits—Cobb, Shorten, Flagstead, Graney, Smith, (2,) Chapman. Sacrifice hit—Chapman. Double plays—Ehmke, Bush, and Heilman. Left on bases—Detroit, 5; Cleveland, 9. First base on errors—Cleveland, 1. Base on balls—Off Ehmke, 4; Coveleskie, 2. Struck out—By Ehmke, 3; Coveleskie, 5. Wild pitch—Coveleskie, (2.)

CHICAGO WINS SHORT TILT.

Rain Halts Game in Middle, with Browns on Losing End.

CHICAGO, May 4.—Chicago won from St. Louis 4 to 2 today, play being stopped by rain in the last half of the fifth inning.

Chicago bunched four hits with three errors for four runs, driving Sothoron from the slab. Cicotte held St. Louis hitless for four innings, but in the fifth the Browns turned three hits into two runs. The score:

CHICAGO. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leibold,rf	2	1	0	1	0
Weaver,3b	1	1	1	1	0
Collins,2b	3	1	2	1	3
Jackson,lf	2	0	0	3	0
Felsch,cf	3	1	0	1	0
Gandil,1b	2	0	1	4	0
Risberg,ss	2	0	0	0	1
Schalk,c	2	0	0	3	0
Cicotte,p	2	0	1	0	1
Totals	19	4	5	15	5

ST. LOUIS. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin,lf	2	0	0	1	0
Gedeon,2b	2	0	0	0	0
Bisler,1b	2	0	0	2	1
Will'ms,cf	2	1	1	3	0
Demmitt,lf	2	1	1	1	0
Bronkie,3b	2	0	1	2	0
Gerber,ss	2	0	0	3	1
Severeid,c	2	0	0	2	1
Sothoron,p	1	0	0	0	2
Lowd'm'k,p	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	17	2	3	*14	5

*Game called with two out.
Errors—Tobin, (2,) Sothoron.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2—2
Chicago	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	—4

Two-base hits—Gandil, Demmitt. Stolen bases—Collins, (2,) Weaver, (2,) Gandil. Double play—Risberg, Collins, and Gandil. Left on bases—Chicago, 4. First base on error—Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Sothoron, 2. Hits—Off Sothoron, 5 in 3 innings; Lowdermilk, 0 in 1 2-3 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Lowdermilk, 1. Balk—Sothoron. Struck out—By Cicotte, 1; Lowdermilk, 2. Losing pitcher—Sothoron.

PIRATES BEAT CARDINALS.

Take Opening Game of Series at St. Louis by 3 to 1.

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—Cooper held St. Louis to five hits, while Pittsburgh combined four hits with an error by Cruise in the fourth and won the opening game of the series here today by 3 to 1.

The score:

PITTSBURGH. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Terry,ss	5	0	2	0	2
Carey,cf	5	1	2	2	0
Stengel,rf	5	0	1	2	0
Cutshaw,2b	4	0	0	3	3
Saier,1b	2	1	1	10	0
Boeckel,lf	3	0	1	0	3
Bigbee,lf	3	0	0	5	0
Schmidt,c	4	1	1	5	0
Cooper,p	3	0	1	0	3
Total	34	3	9	27	11

ST. LOUIS. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotton,lf	4	0	1	2	1
Smith,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Stock,3b	3	0	0	4	3
Hornsby,ss	3	0	1	0	5
Cruise,cf	3	0	0	0	0
Schultz,cf	2	1	1	0	0
Paulette,1b	4	0	1	17	2
Miller,2b	2	0	0	1	5
Snyder,c	3	0	0	2	5
Meadows,p	2	0	0	0	4
aClemons	1	0	0	0	0
Sherdel,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	31	1	5	27	21

a Batted for Meadows in seventh.
Errors—Schmidt, Stock, Cruise.

Pittsburgh	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—3
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two-base hits—Carey, Paulette. Stolen bases—Smith, Terry. Sacrifice hits—Boeckel, Cutshaw. Sacrifice fly—Miller. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 10; St. Louis, 6. First base on error—Pittsburgh, 1. Bases on balls—Off Cooper, 1; Meadows, 3; Sherdel, 1. Hits—Off Meadows, 9 in 7 innings; Hit by pitcher—By Cooper, (Hornsby, Miller.) Struck out—By Cooper, 5. Losing pitcher—Meadows.

Hall High Gun at Great Neck.

GREAT NECK, L. I., May 4.—H. Hall won the high-scratch prize at the traps of the Great Neck Golf and Country Club today when he broke 89 out of 100 clay birds. The high handicap prize went to A. G. Relyea, who broke 61 and had a handicap of 40. W. C. Poertner broke 75 and his handicap of 12 brought him up to third place.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT NEWARK.

First Game.

									R.	H.	E.
Newark	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	—5	8	4
Buffalo	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—2	6	2

Second Game.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	1	4	3	0	2	—10	11	3
Newark	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	— 3	4	3

AT JERSEY CITY.

First Game.

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	2	0	0

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—Black velvet bag, silver top, Saturday night, between Claridge Hotel and Times Sq.; important personal papers and keys; liberal reward. Ullman, 523 West 112th St. Phone Cathedral 7077.

LOST.—Diamond bar pin from auto, Broadway and 123d St., from Peters's, 97th St., Saturday night; full value paid for return; no questions asked. Mrs. Lisner, 380 Riverside Drive. Cathedral 7070.

LOST—Diamond bracelet, set in platinum, with sapphires, Monday, between 12:30 and 2:30, between Madison Av. and 31st St., the Brevoort Restaurant; liberal reward. Return to Leon Jobin, 136 Madison Av.

LOST.—Wednesday, April 30, diamond lorgnette chain, between 34th and 157th Sts. or Gimbel Bros. store; liberal reward; return to Mrs. E. J. Sithers, 3,800 Broadway, Apt. 36. Audubon 1815.

LOST—In taxicab, between Biltmore and Pennsylvania Hotels, Saturday afternoon, package containing two abdominal supporters; $5 reward for return to Room 904, 71 Broadway.

LOST.—On Riverside, between 98th and 102d, package containing spectacles and sewing material; reward. Roe, 310 West 98th.

LOST.—Generous reward for blue fox scarf left in taxi between 93d St. and Broadway and 141 East 44th. Telephone Murray Hill 8595. J. B. Maguire, 141 East 44th St.

LOST—Wedding ring, Saturday afternoon, Eltinge Theatre, initials "A. T. G. to L. A. S. 12-30-12"; suitable reward. T. S., K 223 Times.

LOST.—Between 147th and 161st Sts., West Side, small blue enameled watch and chain; small diamonds in centre; liberal reward. Urchs, 320 West 87th St., N. Y. C.

LOST—Pair celluloid spectacles on West 57th St. near 5th Av. on Sunday about 1 o'clock; reward. Room 1013, Netherland Hotel. Please telephone.

LOST.—Gold lorgnette, between 98th and 100th Sts., Broadway and West End Av.; kindly return to J. R., 808 West End Av., Apartment 11-C.

LOST.—Diamond pin, platinum mounting, sapphires, near 117th St., St. Nicholas Av.; liberal reward. Jacoby, 203 West 117th.

LOST—Between 44th West and Aeolian Hall, Sunday afternoon, fleur de lis pearl pin; reward. 1,133 Broadway, Room 829.

LOST.—Russian sable, one animal, at Times Sq. subway Sunday; liberal reward. Return to 60 Broadway, Room 1107.

LOST.—French dark brindle bull; green collar; answers name Mitzi; liberal reward. Sindeband, 55 East 93d St. Lenox 1770.

LOST — Gold meshbag, Martborough Hotel, Friday, April 25; liberal reward, no questions asked. Phone Schuyler 8308.

LOST—Lady's handbag, taxicab, Sunday evening, leaving Hotel Savoy; reward. Telephone Lenox 5760.

LOST—Silver wrist watch, initials H. K.; reward; return to 138 East 38th St.

LOST—Small purse containing cash and Canadian check. Scher, 515 W. 170th St.

LOST—Diamond pin, Sea Gate or Sea Beach subway; reward. Phone Bath Beach 4294.

$100 REWARD for return lavalliere and three diamond rings; lost Saturday afternoon in 2d St., between 2d St. and Washington Sq. section; no questions asked. M. Goldstein, Room 9, 204 East 2d St.

Found.

FOUND—Black fur cape, in Philadelphia taxicab for 4 P. M. Pennsylvania train for New York, May 1. Apply 1526 S. 15th St., Philadelphia.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs

LOST—Saturday morning, blue-gray Yorkshire terrier; wore harness bearing nametag engraved "Rex McGregor, 59 W. 69"; reward.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

SUCCESSFUL SALESMAN willing to invest in good MANUFACTURING BUSINESS that needs an active business man. D. G., 86 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

A responsible realty company in San Diego, Cal., wishes the agency for a fire insurance company not represented in that city. Address Eastern Realty Company, 308-309 U.-S. National Bank Building, San Diego, Cal.

Brokers and Jobbers wanted to handle our delicious jelly gazzette, and our concentrated flavoring extracts; liberal inducements. Nectola Food Products Co., 345 West Broadway, 1,055 Canal.

A sales company with a large sales force wishes exclusive line for the U. S. for hardware, drug, stationery, or jewelry trade. 836 Lexington Av., city.

TO MANUFACTURERS. — EXPORT CONCERN, HAVING ITS OWN BRANCHES AND WELL ESTABLISHED SALES ORGANIZATION THROUGHOUT CHINA, BRITISH INDIA, AND DUTCH EAST INDIES, IS OPEN TO RECEIVE SAMPLES AND CATALOGS FROM RELIABLE MANUFACTURERS WISHING TO EXPORT TO THESE MARKETS; A MEMBER OF THE FIRM IS ABOUT TO LEAVE TO FOSTER AND DEVELOP BUSINESS, AND MANUFACTURERS TAKING ADVANTAGE OF THIS OPPORTUNITY WILL HAVE THE ASSURANCE THAT THEIR INTERESTS WILL BE TAKEN CARE OF. WRITE TO A 511 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Andrade Baptista & Co., Head Office Rua 15 de Novembro, Sao Paulo, Brazil.—House founded in 1904, and has branches in all the principal towns in the interior of the State of Sao Paulo; is open to do business in corn, coffee, sugar, leather, ironware, machinery, automobiles, oils, &c.; will also accept agencies for fire insurance companies, transport companies, and exporting houses. For references apply to the following banks: London and Brazilian Bank, Limited, British Bank of South Africa, National City Bank of New York, or any of the principal houses in Sao Paulo.

FOR SALE.

For Sale—Clean stock of hardware that will inventory at $50,000, together with valuable real estate, upon which is erected a modern three-story brick store building, 40x83 feet, and garage 80x120 feet, built in 1915; business established in 1913; well located on Penn Av., West Reading, in the heart of rich industrial and agricultural district; must be sold owing to the serious illness of managing owner. Address William Kerper Stevens, Reading, Penn. Representing Owner.

A going wholesale business, with fully equipped factory, making and selling fancy and novelty furniture, cabinets, humidors and novelties; selling to all large establishments in U. S.; at least $8,000 cash wanted. S. N. Freedman, 135 Broadway.

Garage.—One of best on Long Island; $100,000 last year; prospects better this; stand thorough investigation; price right to right party. For interview address R. W. Scott, 19 West 31st.

For Sale.—Dress and novelty shop; located on busy thoroughfare in Bronx; write for particulars. L O 241 Times.

Selling at Sacrifice.—Attractive women's apparel shop, with or without stock, 4th Av., corner 54th St.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

PATENTS.—Over 70 years' practice; all communications strictly confidential; handbook on patents free on request; special facilities for office consultations. Munn & Co., patent attorneys, 611 Woolworth Building, New York.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF JULIUS KREPPEL and Joseph Goldbaum, heretofore existing under the name of Kreppel & Goldbaum and doing business at 2,440 Eighth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, is this 5th day of May, 1919, dissolved by mutual consent.

JULIUS KREPPEL,
JOSEPH GOLDBAUM.

LATIN AMERICAN TRADE.—FOR HELP wanted, business opportunities, &c., try La Prensa, only Spanish N. Y. daily. 245 Canal St. Tel. Franklin 678.

FOR SALE.

Hoffman pressing machine for sale; also two Singer sewing machines. Apply Cooper, 2,588 Broadway, near 98th St.

Complete outfit furnishings; large office; high-grade; quick sale desired; bargain. Room 901, 341 5th Av.

Australian rifle and bayonet, $25 or highest offer. 1,926 Broadway, Room 410.

Furniture.

Furniture.—Elegant hand carved antique dining room set; of interest only to those understanding high-class furniture. To be seen evenings, Sundays, or appointment by phone. 5 West 91st St., Apt. 6W. Phone Riverside 3864.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 453 Broadway.

Purchase and Exchange.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-visible, three months, $5.
Visible, three months, $7.50 and up.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4738.

Wanted—Comptometer, Burroughs, Comptometer, calculating and adding machines; I offer for sale and rent comptometer, calculating and other adding machines, with or without operators, by the day. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101, ground floor.

Furniture Wanted.—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place, Stuyvesant 3795.

OUR NATIONAL BANKS STRONGER THAN EVER

Controller Williams Shows Their Record for the Last Sixteen Months.

READY ON RECONSTRUCTION

Their Number, Capital and Surplus, and Resources Greatest in History of Country.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—That the financial condition of the nation is sound and the banking institutions prepared to do their part in the work of reconstruction which will hasten an era of great prosperity is asserted by John Skelton Williams, Controller of Currency, in a statement issued tonight regarding national banks.

"Nothing," said Mr. Williams, "could demonstrate more strongly the solid foundation upon which our banking and currency structure now stands and the improved manner in which the national banks of the country are being operated and safeguarded than the record they have made in the last sixteen months—embracing ten months of the stress and trial of war and six months of the dislocation and strain of reconstruction.

"The official reports show that today there are more national banks in operation with larger capital and surplus and greater resources, making bigger dividends, and with a more striking immunity from failure than ever in our history. A knowledge of these facts must necessarily give inspiration and fresh courage to all business men, for our economic history shows that every commercial panic and business prostration in the past has been precipitated by financial disorders and banking crises.

"Assured of healthy banking conditions and an abundance of money and credit to meet all natural and legitimate requirements, the commercial, agricultural, and industrial enterprises throughout our entire country can proceed with their plans for the present and the future with unprecedented confidence and assurance.

"The following figures emphasize the increasing safety, the unparalleled immunity from failure and the steady growth of the national banking system.

"In the four months ending April 30, 1919, there was only one national bank failure in the entire country—a small bank with $25,000 capital. During the three months ending March 31, 1919, (April returns not received,) there were twenty-four failures of banking institutions under State supervision, including banks and trust companies—an average of approximately two a week.

"In the sixteen months period from Jan. 1, 1918, to May 1, 1919, there have been only two national bank failures in the entire country—an average of one each eight months.

"In the fifteen months period from Jan. 1, 1918, to April 1, 1919, (April returns not yet in,) the returns indicate failures of between fifty and sixty State banks and trust companies under State supervision.

"During the four months ending April 30, 1919, 131 applications were received for charters for new national banks, and 113 applications for increase in capital of existing national banks were approved, making a total of 244 applications for new charters and for increases.

"In this period sixty-one charters were granted for new national banks; three requests for charters were refused and 191 applications for new charters are new pending, including forty requests from State banks which seek permission to convert into national banks.

"There were more than seven times as many applications for new charters and approved applications for increases of capital in this period, as there were voluntary liquidations (exclusive of those consolidating with other national banks)—244 such applications against a total of thirty-three voluntary liquidations."

SLIGHT DROP IN D. & H. INCOME

1918 Report Shows Big Jump In Freight Movement and Revenues.

The annual report of the Delaware & Hudson Company for 1918, which has just been issued, shows a net income of $4,714,792 after all deductions, which is equivalent to 11.09 per cent. earned on the $42,503,000 capital stock. In 1917 11.75 per cent was earned on the same stock. Gross income for the year is set down at $10,602,781, an increase of $509,133, while total deductions from gross increased $787,120 to $5,887,988. In his remarks to stockholders Leonor F. Loree, President, says in part:

"Data supplied by the Railroad Administration indicate that the operating revenues of the Delaware & Hudson Company's railway for 1918 increased $4,800,465, or 16.01 per cent., over 1917. Freight receipts increased $4,737,563, or 18.77 per cent., and passenger receipts decreased $232,007, or 7.64 per cent. Freight movement increased to 3,954,000,760 ton miles in 1918, a gain of 107,981,814 ton miles over 1917, or 2.73 per cent., while the average receipts per ton mile increased from 6.41 mills to 7.41 mills, a gain of 15.60 per cent.

"The increased freight movement was principally in anthracite, food products, and munitions of war. The Railroad Administration assumed a control over routing of traffic never exercised by railways under corporate management, generally refusing to permit shippers to select routes or to choose the delivering lines, and not only diverted to your railroad in order to relieve actual or threatened congestion at New York Harbor and elsewhere considerable traffic that would otherwise have moved differently, but also diverted from your lines numerous shipments which they would normally have carried."

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—A disturbance was central Sunday night over Indiana and moving eastward. It has been attended by showers over the Northern States from New England and westward over the Great Lakes, the Ohio, upper Mississippi, and Missouri Valleys. Thunder showers occurred at a number of points in the region of the Great Lakes, New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, and Missouri.

The outlook is for showers Monday and probably Monday night in the Middle Atlantic and New England States, the Ohio Valley, Tennessee, and the lower lake region.

Considerably cooler weather will overspread the lower lake region, the Ohio Valley, and Tennessee Monday and Tuesday and the Middle Atlantic States, South New England, and the interior of the South Atlantic and East Gulf States Monday night and Tuesday.

Winds for Monday and Tuesday—North Atlantic: Fresh and strong southerly, shifting to northwest Monday night; overcast and showery weather. Middle Atlantic: Fresh south winds, cloudy weather and showers.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Showers Monday; cooler Monday night. Tuesday fair and cooler.

Northern New England—Showers Monday. Tuesday probably fair and cooler.

New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Showers and probably thunderstorms Monday; cooler in the afternoon. Tuesday fair and much cooler.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	58	58	4 P. M.	70	79
6 A. M.	56	58	6 P. M.	66	79
9 A. M.	60	62	9 P. M.	57	73
12 M.	64	74	11 P. M.	53	69

This Thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 68; for the corresponding date last year it was 61; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 55.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 60; at 8 P. M. it was 74. Maximum temperature, 80 degrees at 5 P. M.; minimum, 57 degrees at 4:30 A. M. Humidity, 60 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 57 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.08 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.97 inches.

Fire Record.

A.M.

1:50—332 E. 4 St.; H. Miller.....Loss. None
2:20—316 E. 16 St.; F. Tana.....Slight
4:25—Pier 51, North River; Morgan Line.....Not given
7:05—1,175 Vyse Av., Bronx; S. Freid, Not given
8:20—107 Horatio St.; Manhattan Refrigerator Co.....Not given
11:15—347 Madison Av.; Lawson Bros. Considerable

P.M.

12:10—2,443 Ryer Av., Bronx; J. Tracey.....Not given
2:35—864 Columbus Av.; Kar Ker Tea Co.....Slight
5:25—300 E. Houston St.; Glickman & Son.....Slight
7:30—106 St. & Lexington Av.; U. S. Mail Box.....Slight
8:4C—217 W. 16 St.; Margaret Rose...Slight

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The Greatest Name In Goody-Land

Sealed Tight Kept Right

The Flavor Lasts

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises.....5:32 | Sun sets.....7:54

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:04		6:04	6:14
Governors Island	12:37		6:37	6:50
Hell Gate	1:30	2:22	8:38	9:00

Arrived—Sunday, May 4.

SS Nowsterg, Glasgow, April 22.
SS Ceres, Amsterdam, April 19.
SS Otto Sverdrup, Gibraltar, April 14.
SS Callabassa, Gibraltar, April 17.
SS San Giovanni, Gibraltar, April 16.
SS New York, Barry, April 20.
SS Nellson, Antwerp, April 13.
SS D. P. Benoit, Dunkirk, April 19.
SS Mohican, Macoris, April 29.
SS Esperanza, Havana, April 30.
SS A. C. Bedford, Tuxpam, April 26.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Cap Finisterre	Brest	April 25
Alphonso XIII	Bordeaux	April 13
Columbia	Marseilles	April 20
Liberty	Bordeaux	April 16
Caserta	Marseilles	April 20
Luella	St. Nazaire	April 17
Santa Anna	Bordeaux	April 23
George Washington	Brest	April 22
Savoie	Havre	April 26

DUE TOMORROW.

President Grant	Brest	April 24
Black Arrow	Bordeaux	April 24
Mocassin	Bordeaux	April 24
Chester	Brest	April 26

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Housatonic	Bordeaux	April 23
Huron	Bordeaux	April 25
Sofia	Marseilles	April 20
Kentuckian	Bordeaux	April 27

DUE THURSDAY.

Infanta Isabella	Marseilles	April 26
Mongolia	St. Nazaire	April 28
Yellowstone	St. Nazaire	April 18

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Clan Monroe, Cape Town	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Agamemnon, Brest		12:00 M.
America, Brest		12:00 M.
Pueblo, Brest		10:00 A.M.
Kroonland, Brest		10:00 A.M.

SAIL TOMORROW

Belgic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Leviathan, Brest		12:00 M.
Kroonland Brest		12:00 M.
South Bend, Brest		12:00 M.
Mobile, Brest		12:00 M.
Louisville, Liverpool	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Bassam, Gold Coast	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sergipe, Barbados	2:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Iroquois, Turks Island	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Santa Marta, Kingston	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Prins Willem I., Haiti	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Philadelphia, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Parima, St. Thomas	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

Regina d'Italia, Genoa	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Dunstan, Maranham	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Dominic, Para	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Finland, Brest		2:30 P.M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Suwanee, Brest		2:30 P.M.
Canonicus, Brest		2:30 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Clan Sinclair, Cape Town	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
San Juan, P'to Rico	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Esperanza, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
L. D. S. Adolph, St. John's	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Bolivia, at Gothenburg, April 24.
SS Baltique, at Frederikstad, April 24.
SS Peerless, at St. Nazaire, April 29.
SS Santa Olivia, at St. Nazaire, April 29.
SS Rochambeau, at Havre, April 29.
SS E. Occidente, at Havre, April 29.
SS Mar del Norte, at Marseilles, April 29.
SS Canopic, at Gibraltar, May 2.
SS Bristol City, at Bristol, May 2.

Sailed.

SS Mundelta, from Buenos Aires, April 30.
SS Ascutney, from Gibraltar, April 30.
SS Rotti, from Barbados, May 2.

Passed.

SS Galileo, New York for Hull, passed Lizard.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M. May 6, SS Louisville.

France—Close at 7:30 A. M. May 7, SS Savoie.

Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 7 A. M. May 8, SS Regina d'Italia.

Belgium and Luxemburg—Close at 7 A. M. May 5, SS Englantier, and at 7 A. M. May 6, SS Wauneke.

Portugal—Close at 7 A. M. May 5, SS Bayamo, and at 8 A. M. May 15, SS Patria.

South Africa, (Union of)—Close at 8 A. M. May 5, SS City of Lahore, and at 11 A. M. May 10, SS Clan Sinclair.

Greece—Close at 8 A. M. May 10, SS Antones.

Iceland—Close at 11 A. M. May 31, SS Lagarfoss.

Azores Islands—Close at 7 A. M. May 8, SS Regina d'Italia.

Norway—Close at 10 A. M. May 22, SS Bergenafjord.

Madeira and Liberia—Sailings uncertain.

Sweden, Denmark, Netherlands, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.

Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Nanking.....May 5
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver)—SS Niagara.May 5
Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver) —SS Empress of Japan.....May 24
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia, (via San Francisco)—SS Manoma.....May 26
Samoan Islands, Australia, and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura.....June 5
Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, and Netherlands East Indies close at 5:30 P. M. daily. These mails are forwarded to the Pacific Coast for dispatch to destination by the best opportunity.

"A Success"—

is always the theatre party's verdict when a charming supper and an hour or two of unique entertainment at Shanley's close the evening.

Vaudeville de luxe during and after dinner and until 1 A. M.

Luncheon—
Superior cuisine and restful atmosphere
12 to 2:30—Music—$1.00

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Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel. Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
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For Either One or Two Persons, Room and Private Bath
$3 to $5 Per Day
Parlor, Bedroom, Bath, $5 to $8 Per Day
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SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.
RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day.
Double, $2.00 to $5.00 a day.
Phone 2934 Riverside

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You are invited to attend this lecture without obligation. Write, or telephone Cortlandt 1465 for further information.
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College graduate, will tutor in academic subjects; specially qualified French, Latin. GATENS, 290 Broadway.

Evening classes in Spanish and English; prices moderate. Inquire The Beers Agency, Flatiron Bldg. Phone Gramercy 5030

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MODERN SOCIETY DANCING taught by refined young lady. Hours 9 to 9. Classes in the evening. Doris J. Durling, 55 West 46th St. Telephone Bryant 8025.

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SWIMMING SCIENTIFICALLY TAUGHT. Course in Elementary Swimming and Diving. Special Courses in Diving, Speed Swimming, etc. Call or write for Booklet T.
19 West 44th Street—308 West 59th St.

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SPANISH LADY, knowing some French and English, wishes to give Spanish lessons. Nieto, 12 West 92d St.

SPANISH, 25 Lessons $5—Classes start today at 12:15, 5:15, and 7 P. M. Gonzales, 25 West 42d St.

ACTING, public speaking, elocution, voice building taught, day, evening; appointment. C 126 Times.

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IMPORTANT
UNRESTRICTED SALE
TO-DAY, at 10:30 A. M., and To-morrow (Tuesday), Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, at 2:30 P. M.,
in the FIRST and SECOND FLOOR GALLERIES and BASEMENT of ROBERT C. GRAHAM, Auctioneer.
Costly and Artistic
FURNITURE AND FURNISHINGS,
200 PAINTINGS,
Steinway Baby Grand Piano and Large Victrola, &c., &c.
TO BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE BY ORDER OF THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN and for Estates and Private Owners
ON VIEW TO TIME OF SALE.
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Meals. Staterooms Always the Best.

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PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.00 to $3.24.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 36, North River, at 5:30 P. M.
Phone Spring 5490.

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Daily from Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; West 132d St., 6:30 P. M.; due Albany 6 o'clock following morning.

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For passenger information and reservations apply to companies' offices or Consolidated Ticket Offices, 64 Broadway; 57 Chambers St.; 31 West 32d St.; 114 West 42d St. Phone (all offices) 6700 Bryant. Or write

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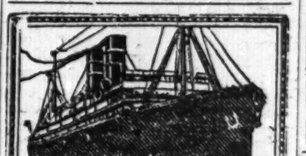

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Carmania	May 24
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Aquitania	June 2
Mauretania	June 10

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WHITE STAR
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL

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Celtic	May 24	Celtic	June 24
Lapland	June 7	Lapland	July 5
Adriatic	June 14		

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Every American has two businesses, his own and his government's. Money invested in the Victory Loan will help both—for it will enable the country to pay its debts and keep money free for the use of private business. It will make for prosperity, good times and general satisfaction.

A debt-ridden business is a bad business. The only way to get it back on a firm footing is to meet all obligations—wipe the slate clean—and then open the throttle wide!

Money invested in the Victory Loan is not only a manifestation of patriotism and good judgment—but good business!

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Government Loan Organization
Second Federal Reserve District
Liberty Loan Committee, 120 B'way, N. Y.

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION

Business Improvement Reaches Into Broader Lines—Liberty Bonds Rise

Coincident with the marked acceleration of the trading pace in stocks and the establishment of many new high record prices for the year during the last week came reports of materially improved business in various lines. In case of textiles, lumber, and hides increased activity was discernible; mills manufacturing wearing apparel throughout the Eastern States were said to be speeding up; mail order houses indicated an increased distribution. Merchants were reported to be rapidly moving high cost goods from their shelves at prices higher than a month ago. Considering the field of industry generally, it appeared as though steel and copper were practically the only major products where a dearth of demand and a curtailed production were discernible. Adverse weather held back planting of Spring crops in many localities and dispatches from parts of the Winter wheat regions showed that some damage had been done by frosts. But it appeared unlikely that the crops had been injured to any great extent, and in the Southwest, where the wheat is beginning to mature, optimism continues to hold sway. Oklahoma predictions called for an 80,000,000 bushel outturn of wheat in that State, and from Kansas came a prophecy of 210,000,000 bushels, which is realized will be far in excess of previous high records. If these figures are a criterion for the Winter wheat country, it would seem as though the May crop report, due on Thursday, would show only a moderate reduction of the extraordinary estimate of the crop made in the April statement by the Department of Agriculture. The evidence supplied in these several items is that the country approaches the day when peace will be formally ratified, with the understructure of wealth-producing elements soundly based and prepared to support a great expansion of trade and industry. More than this the news of the past week showed that confidence was rapidly being restored in directions where it had been weak-kneed since hostilities ceased. The stock market reflected all this and the branching out of speculation into new channels, notably among the railroad issues, indicated a confidence among speculators which equaled that among producers and consumers of goods. The succession of million-share days and the feverish upbidding of many specialties prompted expressions of caution in banking and brokerage circles, but the record showed that they had little effect in curbing the eagerness of traders. Inasmuch as stocks are wont to discount business events long in advance, the question to be raised in the light of known betterment of industry and distribution was whether the discounting process begun last February had not been partly overtaken by actual occurrences in trade. Apparently the average speculator in stocks thought that this was not the case. The elimination of the Steel Corporation's extra dividend, and the proof of declining earnings supplied in the quarterly statement gave opportunity for a reaction, but such a reaction as occurred last Wednesday could be catalogued merely as a brief flurry of prices. Steel common was marked down about 4 points and afterward recovered a good part of the loss. Other stocks seemed to reflect nothing more than a breathing spell and then forged ahead with fresh vigor, bordering at times on violence.

No man may say definitely when stocks are approaching a "dangerous" point in a speculative movement. At the present time the factors surrounding the market are so different from what they were before the war, and even in the great wartime speculation, that it is difficult to arrive at a basis for estimating the forces which direct trading activities. For one thing, a great many more people have become familiar with securities than five years ago. As a result of prosperity during this period the resources of speculators have increased largely. Brokers insist on more conservative methods in conducting speculative ventures—it is said that the once familiar process of "pyramiding" purchases is severely frowned upon. Margins are demanded and kept at a higher level than they used to be. There are many more stocks to be dealt in than before the war. The combination of these factors promotes greater safety in the handling of stocks and they destroy the old-time perspective of large markets. A turnover of 1,500,000 shares, once considered extraordinary and possibly indicative of the approaching culmination of a speculative movement, has become rather ordinary and difficult of reading even by the most experienced market follower.

The Victory Loan campaign is two-thirds gone and 60 per cent. or more of the notes remain to be subscribed. The situation in this respect is not one conducive of alarm—it is about the same as at the equivalent period in the Fourth Loan—but it indicates certainly that intensive work must be done this week. An interesting feature of the campaign lies in the advance which occurred last week in the outstanding Liberty bonds. Six of the seven issues gained ground, the fourth 4¼s rising more than a point. The second 4s gained nearly a point, the second 4¼s considerably more than three-quarters of a point, and the third 4¼s almost a half point. There appeared to be no evidence of Government supporting orders in the market and this made reasonable the assumption that investors were active. Among the items promoting a rise of these bonds is quite probably the fact that a great deal of selling by holders who were adversely affected by the cessation of war work and other causes has been completed. A secondary distribution has made much progress. The bonds sold by so-called weak holders have gone into the possession of investors at relatively low prices, into the hands of institutions and individuals content with a yield running from 4½ to nearly 5 per cent. Also the expectation that the Victory issue will be the last public offering has doubtless had a psychological effect on purchasers, who, visualizing the full extent of the Government's war bond issues, are looking ahead to an appreciation of quotations and a consequent decline of the investment yield in the future.

The lack of adequate housing facilities the country over had a rather full demonstration around May 1, when many leases ran out. Evictions and investigations of rent profiteering are showing, for one thing, the lack of investment enterprise in building operations. Capital is hesitant about entering into the construction of apartment houses because of the fear that the return on structures erected at high cost would not be adequate over a period of years in which prices of all sorts, including rentals, will tend downward. The problem centres upon the cost of steel and labor, and it is one of the many questions upon which the meeting this week between steel makers and representatives of the Railroad Administration may have a vital influence. Primarily, the conference will have to do with purchases of railroad steel, but this is only an incident. The greater matter is whether or not a process of stabilizing prices shall have the support of a Government department. If the support is not accorded, the signs will point toward an open market, whose future cannot be forecast. If the Railroad Administration finally consents to the prices as specified, the result in the way of strengthened confidence among steel consumers generally may have an important development during the remainder of the year.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Edward B. Hall, formerly with Harris, Forbes & Co., has been admitted to general partnership in the firm of Rutter & Co.

Dwight H. Ellis, formerly sales manager of the Packard Motor Car Co., has become associated with Harris & Abbott, dealers in investment securities.

Dominick & Dominick have issued a pamphlet giving a history of forty-five leading industrial preferred stocks.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED MAY 3, 1919.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	8,459,839	76,219,629
Same period a year ago..	2,040,194	41,765,800

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks.	80.69	78.04	80.69	69.73
Same period a year ago.	68.85	67.25	70.95	64.12

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
5,600	ADAMS EXPRESS	32¼	30	30½	+ ½
5,100	Advance Rumely	32⅜	31	32¼	+ ¼
3,400	Advance Rumely pf	69¾	68½	69	— ⅝
26,600	Ajax Rubber	95	91	92¼	+ 1¾
1,700	Alaska Gold Mines	3½	3½	3½	..
900	Alaska Juneau	2⅛	1⅞	2	..
55,000	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	41½	37⅝	41½	+ 3⅝
1,000	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf	94½	93	94½	+ ½
30,500	Am. Agri. Chemical	113⅝	108⅝	112	+ 2⅞
650	Am. Agri. Chemical pf	100⅛	100	100	..
40,800	Am. Beet Sugar	82½	76	81¼	+ 5½
100	Am. Beet Sugar pf	92½	92½	92½	+ 1½
100	Am. Brake Shoe & Fy. pf	166	166	166	+ 6
162,900	Am. Can	56⅝	52	55¼	+ 2⅝
400	Am. Can pf	103¼	102¼	103¼	+ ⅝
17,500	Am. Car & Foundry	96½	93¾	96	+ 2¼
300	Am. Car & Foundry pf	117	115	116⅝	+ ⅞
17,100	Am. Cotton Oil	58⅝	54⅞	57½	+ ⅞
8,500	Am. Drug. Syndicate	13⅝	12⅞	13¼	— ⅛
400	Am. Express	84	83	83½	+ ¾
49,400	Am. Hide & Leather	29⅜	27¼	27½	..
41,000	Am. Hide & Leather pf	116⅞	111	115½	+ 4⅞
5,500	Am. Ice	50⅛	47½	49⅝	+ ⅝
3,800	Am. Ice pf	72	68	72	+ 2½
218,400	Am. International	89¾	83	87¼	+ 1⅝
21,900	Am. Linseed	59¾	53½	58	+ 3
4,000	Am. Linseed pf	97⅝	95	97¾	+ 1½
84,900	Am. Locomotive	78	74½	75½	— ⅝
1,000	Am. Locomotive pf	105	104½	104½	+ ⅝
17,000	Am. Tel. & Tel	106½	102¾	104	+ 1⅜
3,960	Am. Tobacco	213½	206½	212⅞	+ 4⅞
600	Am. Tobacco pf., new	100⅞	100¼	100⅝	..
6,900	Am. Woolen	67⅞	66	67⅝	+ ⅝
900	Am. Woolen pf	100	99⅜	100	+ ⅝
22,650	Am. Writing Paper pf	47	41¾	46	+ 2½
17,600	Am. Zinc, L. & S	18	13⅜	17⅛	+ 2⅜
1,500	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	49½	48	48⅜	+ ⅜
28,500	Anaconda Copper	62⅜	61½	62½	+ 1
300	Ann Arbor	5	4⅝	4⅝	— ¼
300	Assets Realization	2	2	2	..
6,353	Asso. Dry Goods	45	41½	42¼	— 2⅝
80	Asso. Dry Goods 1st pf	75	75	*75	..
100	Asso. Dry Goods 2d pf	75	75	75	+ 12
3,400	Associated Oil	86	81½	85	+ 1⅞
10,600	Atch., Topeka & S. F.	96½	93⅜	*94⅜	+ ¼
2,610	Atch., Topeka & S. F. pf	86½	85	85¼	— 1
700	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	8½	7⅝	8½	+ 1½
1,800	Atlantic Coast Line	97½	96⅜	97½	— ½
122,200	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I.	134⅜	133¼	134½	+ 19¼
2,200	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I. pf	75¼	70⅜	74⅛	+ 3½
161,800	BALDWIN LOCOMO.	94⅜	90¼	92¼	+ ⅝
100	Baldwin Locomotive pf	105	105	105	+ ⅛
10,800	Baltimore & Ohio	50	47⅜	49½	+ 1⅝
2,400	Baltimore & Ohio pf	54⅜	52⅝	54⅜	+ 1⅝
4,925	Barrett Co.	133½	128⅜	130⅝	+ ⅝
100	Barrett Co. pf	114⅝	114⅜	114⅜	..
500	Batopilas Mining	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
300	Bethlehem Steel	74	72¾	73	— 2
91,800	Bethlehem Steel, Class B	75¾	71⅞	73⅜	— 1½
100	Bethlehem Steel 7% pf	98½	98½	98½	— 1½
1,200	Bethlehem Steel 8% pf	110	109⅝	110	+ ⅝
22,800	Booth Fisheries	23⅜	20⅜	22⅜	+ 1½
4,000	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	22	20½	22	+ 1
1,300	Do. cfs. of dep.	21¾	20	21⅜	+ 1⅛
500	Brooklyn Union Gas	81	80	80	..
400	Brown Shoe	85¼	84	85¼	+ 1¾
100	Brown Shoe pf	99½	99½	99½	..
3,300	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. Sec.	10⅜	9⅛	10⅛	+ ⅝
135	Buffalo & Susquehanna	72	72	72	+ 2
35	Buffalo & Sus. pf	50½	50¼	50½	..
1,500	Burns Brothers	163	157¼	*157¼	— ⅝
6,700	Butte Copper & Zinc	9	7	9	+ 1¾
13,600	Butte & Superior	23⅞	21⅜	23⅜	+ 1⅝
300	Butterick Co.	24¼	24	24	— ⅛
37,900	CAL. PACKING	65½	62⅜	63¼	+ 2¼
4,700	Cal. Petroleum	28⅝	27½	28	+ ⅜
1,300	Cal. Petroleum pf	72⅝	71½	72	+ ⅜
100	Calumet & Arizona	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞	+ ⅝
12,500	Canadian Pacific	166½	161⅛	163¼	+ 3½
900	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	99	97	98½	+ 1½
100	Central Foundry	21	21	21	+ 2
4,700	Central Foundry pf	42	30½	40	+ 12
37,550	Central Leather Co.	81½	78½	80⅜	— ⅛
600	Central Leather Co. pf	112	110⅝	112	..
3,400	Certain-Teed Products	48	41½	47⅛	+ 6⅝
32,200	Cerro de Pasco Copper	44⅛	38½	40¾	— 3½
2,600	Chandler Motor	145	142¼	144	+ 2
40,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	66⅜	61¼	65½	+ 3¼
500	Chi. & Alton	11⅝	9⅝	11⅜	+ 1⅝
1,200	Chi. & Alton pf	14⅝	14	14⅜	+ ⅜
6,400	Chi. Great Western	9⅝	8⅜	9⅝	+ 1⅛
2,100	Chi. Great Western pf	26⅞	25	26⅝	+ 1⅜
17,800	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	39⅝	37⅜	38½	+ ⅝
12,400	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf	69⅝	67¾	69½	+ 1⅝
4,000	Chi. & Northwestern	97	95	97	+ 1¼
185	Chi. & Northwestern pf	130	130	130	..
31,700	Chi., R. I. & Pacific	27½	25	27	+ 1½
2,500	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 7% pf	79	77½	78¾	+ 1¾
2,500	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 6% pf	67½	66	66¾	+ ⅝
47,100	Chile Copper	23⅝	21⅜	23⅜	+ ⅞
6,400	Chino Copper	37¼	35⅞	36⅞	+ ⅞
1,100	Clev., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	43¼	39½	42	+ 3
700	Clev., C., C. & St. L. pf	66½	66½	66½	..
4,300	Cluett, Peabody	75	67	75	+ 1
4,000	Col. Fuel & Iron	43½	41¼	43	+ ¼
13,700	Col. Southern	31½	27½	31	+ 4
500	Col. Southern 1st pf	54	53½	53½	..
100	Col. Southern 2d pf	47½	47¼	47½	+ 2½
14,000	Columbia Gas & Elec.	47⅝	45¾	46	+ ⅞
100	Computing Tab Record'g	45	45	45	— ¾
8,300	Consolidated Gas	99⅜	95½	98	+ 3
12,100	Continental Can	81⅝	78⅜	80⅞	+ 1½
100	Continental Insurance	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛	— ⅞
81,900	Corn Products Ref.	63½	60⅞	63	+ ¾
1,300	Corn Products Ref. pf	108¼	105½	108¼	+ 3½
96,400	Crucible Steel	72⅞	67⅝	71½	+ 3½
300	Crucible Steel pf	95	94	95	+ 1⅞
97,300	Cuba Cane Sugar	34½	28½	34½	+ 6⅜
9,900	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	81	77¾	81	+ 3½
625	Cuban-American Sugar	195	185	192½	+ 8
300	DEERE & CO. pf	98	96½	98	..
900	Delaware & Hudson	105½	105	105½	+ ½
1,200	Delaware, Lack. & West.	190	177	190	+ 14
6,500	Den. & Rio Grande	8	6⅝	8	+ 2⅛
42,000	Den. & Rio Grande pf	12⅞	8	12½	+ 4
50	Detroit Edison Co.	116	116	116	..
700	Detroit United Ry.	92	92	92	+ 1¾
3,100	Dome Mines	14	13¾	14	..
1,100	Duluth, S. S. & Atlantic	4½	3	4½	+ ¼
300	Duluth, S. S. & At. pf	9½	7	9½	+ 3
100	ELEC. STORAGE BAT.	75⅞	75⅛	75⅞	— ⅝
300	Elk Horn Coal	27½	27½	27½	..
15,600	Erie	17⅝	16⅜	17⅝	+ ⅝
5,600	Erie 1st pf	29⅝	27⅞	29⅝	+ ⅝
2,000	Erie 2d pf	20½	18¼	20½	+ ¾
400	FEDERAL M. & S.	12	12	12	— ½
800	Federal M. & S. pf	39½	38	38½	— 1⅞
1,300	Fisher Body	60	58	58¾	— ½
100	Fisher Body pf	98	98	98	— 1½
7,300	GASTON, WM. & W.	29⅞	28	*29⅜	+ ⅝
50	General Chemical pf	104	104	104	+ 1
68,200	General Cigar	72½	69½	70½	+ 13⅜
400	General Cigar pf	105½	105	105½	+ 1
8,700	General Electric	164½	180	164½	+ 2
55,300	General Motors	183½	178½	181⅜	+ ⅝
800	General Motors pf	92	90¼	92	..
1,100	General Motors deb.	90⅜	90	90	..
53,100	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	73⅞	70¼	73½	+ 1⅝
1,850	Goodrich pf	108¼	108	108	+ ⅛
300	Granby Consol.	65⅞	65	65	— ⅝
25,800	Great Northern pf	94⅝	92⅝	94	+ 1¼
26,200	Great Northern Certs. for Ore Properties	44⅜	42¼	44⅛	+ ⅝
5,075	Greene-Cananea Copper	40⅜	39¼	40	..
400	Gulf States Steel	54⅜	53½	53½	— 1
2,000	Gulf, Mobile & Northern	10½	8⅝	10½	+ 2½
7,300	HASKELL & BARKER	56¼	52	55⅞	+ 3⅝
300	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	101	100⅞	100⅞	— ⅜
19,900	Inspiration Copper	50⅝	49	50⅜	+ 1⅜
3,100	Interboro Consol.	4	3⅝	4	+ ⅛
2,700	Interboro Consol. pf	13⅝	12⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
17,300	Inter. Agricultural	26	17⅞	25⅝	+ 6⅝
12,700	Inter. Agricultural pf	82	73⅜	81⅞	+ 8⅝
8,300	Inter. Harvester, new	134⅜	130	132⅝	+ 1½
330	Inter. Harv. pf., new	116⅝	115½	115½	+ ½
274,900	Inter. Mer. Marine	42⅞	37¾	41½	+ 3½
157,600	Inter. Mer. Marine pf	120⅝	108¼	*110¼	+ 2⅝
61,000	Inter. Nickel	27	25	26	— ½
35,600	Inter. Paper	54⅜	49	52¼	— ⅛
700	Inter. Paper pf., stamped	75⅞	75	75⅞	..
800	Iowa Central	4⅝	4	4⅜	+ ⅝
11,700	JEWEL TEA	40¼	36	38	+ ⅛
300	Jewel Tea pf.	84½	84	84	..
19,700	KAN. CITY SOUTH'N.	24	21½	23⅜	+ ⅛
800	Kan. City Southern pf.	54¼	54	54¼	+ ¼
26,000	Kelly-Springfield Tire	128⅞	123	127½	+ 4
100	Kelsey Wheel	39½	39½	39½	— 3
22,350	Kennecott Copper	33	31⅛	32⅝	+ ⅝
83,800	Keystone Tire & R.	109	93⅜	*98⅝	+ 14⅝
5,900	LACK. STEEL	72⅜	70	71¾	— ⅝
200	Laclede Gas	70	69½	70	+ ⅝
900	Lake Erie & Western	10¼	9	10¼	+ 1¼
200	Lake Erie & Western pf.	19½	19½	19½	+ 2
26,900	Lee Rubber & Tire	37¾	32	36	+ 3
9,100	Lehigh Valley	55⅝	55	55½	+ ⅜
100	Liggett & Myers	210	210	210	+ 7½
100	Liggett & Myers pf.	111¾	111¾	111½	+ ½
2,100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	54	52½	54	+ 1
8,300	Lorillard (P.) Co.	168	152	167½	+ 15⅜
100	Louisville & Nashville	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	— 2⅜
700	MANHATTAN EL.	75	74	75	+ 1
4,850	Manhattan Shirt	113	100	107	+ 33
100	Manhattan Shirt pf.	117	117	117	..
900	Marlin-Rockwell	80½	71	77½	+ 7½
8,200	Maxwell Motors	42	39¼	40⅝	+ ⅜
2,300	Maxwell Motors 1st pf.	70½	68¾	68⅝	+ ⅛
1,800	Maxwell Motors 2d pf.	32¼	30⅜	30⅝	+ 1⅛
5,400	May Dept. Stores	89½	85	86½	— 2½
100	May Dept. Stores pf.	110	110	110	+ 1¾
288,200	Mexican Petroleum	181¼	173	176½	— 1⅝
100	Mexican Petroleum pf.	107¼	107¼	107¼	+ ¼
3,600	Miami Copper	23⅜	22⅝	*23	+ ⅜
29,400	Midvale Steel	46¼	44⅝	45½	— ½
29,000	Minn. & St. Louis, new	15½	11⅜	14⅝	+ 2⅝
1,100	Minn., St. P. & S. M.	90½	89	90¼	+ 1¼
29,400	Mo., Kansas & Texas	11⅝	8⅞	9⅝	— ⅜
4,900	Mo., Kansas & Texas pf	19⅝	15¼	18⅝	— ¼
84,900	Mo. Pacific	31⅝	27½	30⅜	+ 1⅝
8,900	Mo. Pacific pf.	57	53	56	+ ½
3,000	Montana Power	72⅛	69	69	— 1¼
2,900	NATIONAL ACME	37⅞	36¼	37⅝	— ⅛
700	National Biscuit	123½	120	123½	— 1¼
100	National Biscuit pf.	118	118	118	..
1,700	National Cloak & Suit	87	*82½	87	+ 6½
16,700	National Conduit & Cable	20⅝	19	20¼	+ ⅝
7,600	National Enam. & S.	62⅜	59¾	62	+ 2
9,400	National Lead	75½	71	75¼	+ 4¼
17	National Lead pf.	108	108	108	..
6,900	Nat. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	12¼	10¼	10⅞	— 1
3,700	Nevada Consol. Copper	16⅜	16	16⅜	+ ⅛
2,300	New Orleans, Tex. & M.	34	32	33	— 1½
2,800	N. Y. Air Brake	113⅜	109	110½	— 1½
20,800	N. Y. Central	76	75	75¾	— ¼
1,200	N. Y., Chi. & St. Louis	30	29½	29½	+ 3½
8,200	N. Y. Dock	35	26	32⅜	+ 6¾
1,100	N. Y. Dock pf.	54	50½	53	+ 3
13,100	N. Y., N. H. & H.	31⅜	29¼	31	+ ¼
3,200	N. Y., Ont. & West	21⅜	20	21¼	+ 1½
2,800	Norfolk & Western	106	104⅜	106	+ ⅝
100	Norfolk & Western pf.	75	75	75	+ 3⅜
2,400	North American	55½	50½	55	+ 4
10,400	Northern Pacific	94½	92¾	93¾	+ ⅝
9,300	Nova Scotia Steel & C.	65½	53¾	65	+ 11
215,500	OHIO CITIES GAS.	46½	42¼	46½	+ 3¾
500	Ohio Fuel Supply	50½	48	50½	+ 3¼
1,400	Ontario Mining	7½	7	7½	+ ½
112,200	Oklahoma Prod. & Ref.	11⅜	10⅜	10¾	+ ⅛
1,300	Owens Bottle Machine	54⅜	53½	53½	— 1½
100	PACIFIC COAST	47	47	47	+ 2
12,600	Pacific Mail	30⅞	35	38	+ 3½
2,200	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	27½	23½	24	+ 2
115,900	Pan Am. Pet. & Trans.	87⅝	80½	84¾	+ 2⅝
100	Pan Am. Pet & T. pf.	142¾	142¾	142¾	+ 3⅝
18,354	Pennsylvania R. R.	44⅞	44	*44¼	+ ⅜
500	Penn. Seaboard Steel	27½	27½	27½	— 1½
4,200	People's Gas, Chicago	50½	48	49½	+ 1⅝
1,500	Peoria & Eastern	7	5¾	7	+ 1¾
78,100	Pere Marquette	21¾	15	19¾	+ 4¼
700	Pere Marquette prior pf.	61⅜	60¾	*61⅝	+ ⅜
500	Pere Marquette pf.	45½	43	45½	+ 3¼
100	Petit bone, Muilliken & Co	30	30	30	..
53,900	Philadelphia Co.	43	39½	41⅞	— ⅝
28,100	Pierce-Arrow	52⅜	50⅜	51⅜	+ ⅝
800	Pierce-Arrow pf.	105½	105	105	..
132,400	Pierce Oil	26⅜	24½	25¼	+ ⅜
300	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	45	44	45	+ ¾
10,900	Pitts. Coal	51⅝	49¼	51⅝	+ 1½
900	Pitts. Coal pf.	87½	87	87	— ½
11,400	Pitts. & West Va.	37⅝	36	36⅞	— ⅝
300	Pitts. & West Va. pf.	82⅜	82	82¾	+ 2⅝
1,400	Pond Creek Coal	16½	14⅝	16	+ 3
16,700	Pressed Steel Car	76⅝	73¼	75½	+ 1¼
100	Pressed Steel Car pf.	101	101	101	..
3,500	Pullman Co.	122	119	*119½	— ¼
14,700	Punta Alegre Sugar	60½	57	59	+ 2
14,000	RAILWAY STEEL SPG.	89	86⅜	88	+ 1½
200	Railway Steel Spring pf.	108	107½	108	+ 1¼
7,200	Ray Consol. Copper	20¾	20¼	20⅝	+ ⅜
68,000	Reading	36½	33¾	35⅜	— ½
1,100	Reading 1st pf	36½	35¾	36	+ ⅛
600	Reading 2d pf.	37	36	37	— 1
7,800	Republic Iron & Steel	82⅛	80	82¼	+ ⅛
400	Republic Iron & Steel pf.	104	103⅞	104	+ ⅛
86,200	Royal Dutch, Am. shs.	114½	106¼	106¾	— 1
331,000	Royal Dutch, N. Y. shs.	115	106⅜	106¼	+ ½
234,000	ST. LOUIS-SAN FRAN.	25	17½	23⅛	+ 6
8,900	St. Louis-San Fran. pf.	37	28	31½	+ 4
2,900	St. Louis Southwestern.	22	18	22	+ 2½
500	St. Louis Southwest. pf.	35	32	34½	+ 1½
600	Savage Arms	56⅛	53⅜	56⅛	+ 2½
1,200	Saxon Motor	8	7½	8	+ ⅛
3,800	Seaboard Air Line	9¾	8⅜	9⅜	+ ⅝
4,500	Seaboard Air Line pf.	20¼	18¾	20¼	+ 1½
1,300	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	187	183	187	+ 1½
310	Sears, Roebuck & Co. pf.	120	120	120	..
500	Shattuck-Arizona	12¾	12	12¾	..
420,400	Sinclair Oil Refining	61½	56	60	+ 4¼
2,000	Sloss-Sheff. Steel & Iron	53½	52⅛	53	..
170,200	Southern Pacific	109½	105⅝	107⅝	— 1¼
1,400	South Porto Rico Sugar	179	159	179	+ 29
68,300	Southern Railway	31¼	28¼	30⅝	+ 1⅝
3,500	Southern Railway pf.	69½	68⅝	69¼	+ ⅝
110	Standard Milling	140	140	140	..
60	Standard Milling pf.	93⅝	93⅜	93⅜	+ ⅜
12,300	Stromberg Carburetor	46¾	42½	46½	+ 3⅝
76,100	Studebaker Co.	78	73¼	77	+ ⅞
900	Studebaker Co. pf.	99	99	99	+ 1
7,400	Stutz Motor	60	56⅜	59	+ 3½
2,300	Superior Steel	38⅞	37⅜	38⅞	— ¼
22,100	TENN. COP. & CHEM.	16⅜	14½	16½	+ 2
49,000	Texas Co.	230	218	228	+ 9
200	Texas Co. sub rcts., f. p.	223	220	220	+ 4½
97,400	Texas & Pacific	46⅞	42¾	44¾	— 2
1,914	Texas Pac. Land Trust	460	310	460	+ 160
600	Third Avenue	14⅞	13½	14⅞	+ ⅝
500	Tide Water Oil	235	230	235	+ 8
37,350	Tobacco Products	89⅜	85¾	89¼	— ¼
406	Tobacco Products pf.	100⅞	100	100⅝	— ¼
300	Toledo, St. Louis & W.	5½	5	5	..
3,300	Toledo, St. L. & W. t. r.	8	5	8	+ 3
900	Tol., St. L. & W. pf. t. r.	15	11	15	+ 5
1,200	Transue & Williams	48	45½	45⅝	— 1¼
1,100	UNDERWOOD TYPE	177	160	177	+ 18⅜
23,700	Union Pacific	132¼	130	131⅜	— ⅜
500	Union Pacific pf.	73	73	73	— ⅞
6,100	United Alloy Steel	46½	45	45⅝	— ⅝
25,900	United Cigar Stores	134¾	130¾	*133⅜	+ 1¾
310	United Drug	127	126	126	— 2⅜
200	United Drug 2d pf.	119	119	119	— ¼
3,800	United Fruit	176	173½	174½	+ 1½
10,000	United Railways Invest.	15¾	14¼	14¼	— ¾
5,900	United Rys. Invest. pf.	31	28½	29	— ⅞

Why Trustees, Executors, and Administrators Should Invest in Victory Liberty Loan Notes

BY their very nature the 3¾%-4¾% Convertible Gold Notes of the Victory Liberty Loan provide a pre-eminently desirable investment for funds held in trust and in the hands of executors and administrators.

In the case of Trust Funds the yield and absolute certainty that principal will not be impaired give these Notes precisely the character required for this type of investment. Furthermore, their early maturity provides insurance against market fluctuation.

For Executors and Administrators Victory Notes offer the ideal investment for funds awaiting distribution through the settlement of estates. Running for a short term, these Notes are obviously an ideal investment. Available funds can be employed at rates more advantageous than if left in bank, and in winding up the estate, the distribution is greatly facilitated by the holding of liquid assets of this character.

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DISCUSSES TRADE OUTLOOK

Volume Will Improve in Coming Months, Bank Believes.

In discussing money and trade conditions and the outlook the Mechanics and Metals National Bank, in its May circular, says:

"No attempt has been made during the progress of the Victory Loan to regulate the disposition of credit accommodations by means of a central governing committee of bankers like that appointed for the purpose during preceding loans. A certain control over the granting and calling of loans has nevertheless kept the money market on an even keel, and it is likely to bear good results after the immediate subscription period is ended and the financing of the country's general business receives undivided attention again.

"It is impossible to forecast the volume of money that will be needed to finance the domestic and foreign trade of the country this year, or to move the crops. So much depends on volume, for one thing, and on price for another. For the present the outlook for trade is that the volume will be improved upon as the year advances, while for crops the prospect is excellent.

"Prices for our wheat crop are being directly influenced by the world shortage of foodstuffs, so that the amount of banking accommodations needed for that cannot be determined very far in advance. Prices for wheat—as well as prices for other commodities necessary to sustain life—are on a high plane, but prices for many other commodities are lower than they were, and, with business diminished from its pell-mell war pace, it would seem that the amount of banking accommodation required for business and for the crop movement will not be so great as last year, when the war was at its height."

Acceptance Council Convention.

It was announced yesterday that the American Acceptance Council will hold its first annual convention at Detroit on June 9. The forenoon program will be given over to a discussion of bankers' acceptances, while trade acceptances will be taken up in the afternoon. In the evening there will be a general discussion and conference. The convention precedes the convention of the National Association of Credit Men, which will begin in Detroit on June 10.

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

Output for April Shows Another Falling Off from Previous Month.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., May 3.—Anaconda in April produced 13,750,000 pounds of copers compared with 18,900,000 pounds in March and 26,500 pounds in April, 1918.

Old Dominion smelter output in April was 2,289,000 pounds compared with 2,574,000 pounds in March and with 2,814,000 pounds in April last year.

Miami copper production in April was 4,489,748 pounds compared with 4,551,115 pounds in March, and 4,913,850 pounds in April, 1918.

April production of the Phelps-Dodge Corporation totaled 8,262,176 pounds, against 5,334,000 pounds in March and 18,396,899 pounds in April a year ago.

Earnings of $7.84 a share were made by the Quincy Mining Company during 1918 against $23 in the preceding year. The company obtained an average price of 24 cents a pound for its metal compared with 25.06 in 1918.

Butte dispatches say that the clearing away of the old trestles at the Colorado mine of the Davis-Daly Copper Company is under way preparatory to the installation of enlarged ore bins, skips, new machine, carpenter, and blacksmith shops. The decision of the company to sink the Colorado shaft an additional 200 feet is regarded as of much importance.

Up to the time of this country's entry into the war only one man in ten in the United States lived to accumulate $1,000

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Or you can buy on the weekly payment plan—$2 down and $1 a week on each $50 of Victory Notes—at any bank in New York City.

For your own benefit and for the welfare of those dependent upon you, buy to your limit of Victory Liberty Loan Notes. They pay the highest rate of interest which this Government has offered in over fifty years and the terms of purchase are most liberal.

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BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED MAY 3, 1919.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$75,572,300	$1,113,149,139
Same period last year..	40,946,000	464,353,500

	Last Week. High.	Low.	Year to Date. High.	Low.
Average price 40 bonds.	77.01	76.87	79.01	76.60
Same period a year ago.	76.56	76.14	77.42	75.77

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
65	59	2	ADAMS EXP. 4s....	59	59	59	— 1
77	73¾	4	Alb. & Susq. 3½s....	74	73¾	74	— 2
103½	97	16	Am. Ag. Ch. cv. 5s..	99¼	98½	99	+ ½
112¾	100	187½	Am. Ag. Ch. deb. 5s.	112¾	109	110½	+ 2
89¼	88	1	Am. Cotton Oil 5s..	88¼	88¼	88¼	— ¼
93	80½	18	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s..	90	89¾	90	..
85	83¾	21	Am. T. & T. col. 4s..	84½	84	84¼	..
104	100¾	378	Am. T. & T. cv. 6s..	103½	101¾	102¾	+ 1
90	85¼	2	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	88	88	88	..
94	90	37	Am. T. & T. c. t. 5s.	91¼	90½	91¼	+ ¾
90¾	86½	90	Am. Wr. P.5s,tr.ctfs.	90¾	90	90	+ ¼
58	54¾	14	Ann Arbor 4s.....	54¾	54¾	54¾	— ¼
88¾	86	7	Armour & Co. 4½s...	87¾	87¾	87¾	+ ¼
85½	81¼	38	A., T. & S. F. gen.4s	82¼	82	82¼	+ ¼
73½	74	1	A., T. & S.F.adj.4s.st.	76	76	76	..
79¾	79¾	5	A.,T.&S.F.gen.4s,reg.	79¾	79¾	79¾	..
95¾	93½	13	A., T. & S.F.cv.4s,'60	96¼	95½	96	+ ½
80¾	74½	12	A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s	75¾	75¼	75¾	+ ½
76½	74	2	A., T. & S.F.cv.4s,'55	75	74	74	— 1½
85½	80¼	6	At. Coast L. 1st 4s..	81¾	81¼	81¾	+ ½
88	82	2	At. C. L. unified 4½s	82	82	82	— ½
78½	73¾	51	A.C.L., L. & N.col.4s	74¾	74½	74½	..
82½	75	38	BALT. & OHIO g. 4s	75¾	75½	75¾	+ ⅜
82½	77¼	71	Balt. & Ohio ref. 5s..	77½	77¼	77½	..
89¼	88	16	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s.	88¾	88¼	88¼	— ¼
80	73	216	B. & O. conv. 4½s...	77¾	76½	77¾	+ 1
86¾	83	7	B. & O., S.W.Div.3½s	83¾	83¼	83¾	— ⅜
96½	93½	28	Beth. Steel ext. 5s..	96¼	95¾	96	+ ¼
89½	87	20	Beth. Steel ref. 5s...	87½	87½	87¾	+ ¼
86	80	14	Beth. Stl. pur. m. 5s.	85¼	85	85½	— ¼
70	61	6	B'way & 7th Av. 5s..	61¼	61	61	— ¼
96	92½	2	Braden Copper 6s...	94	94	94	+ ¼
86	75	54	B. R. T. 7s, 1921....	81	79	79½	— 2⅝
76	62	17	Brooklyn R. T. 5s...	65	63	63	+ ½
79¾	72	5	B'klyn Un. El. 5s...	79	79	79	+ ¾
81	80½	5	Bush Terminal 4s....	81	81	81	..
96½	93	11	CAL. GAS & EL., 5s	93½	94	95½	— ½
95¼	91	6	Can. So. cons. 5s..	92	92	92	+ 1
98½	96	4	Cent. Dist. Tel. 5s..	96	96	96	..
96½	93½	78	Cent. Leather 5s....	96	95¾	96	..
83	78	17	Central Pacific 4s..	80½	79	80¼	+ ⅜
85¾	82¾	13	Central Pacific 3½s.	85	83	83	+ ½
82	78	1	Cent. Foundry 6s...	80	80	80	— 1
93¾	89	18	Cent. of Ga. con. 5s	92½	90¾	92½	+ 1¾
105	102	3	C. of N. J. gen. 5s..	102½	102½	102½	+ ½
89¾	84¾	411½	Ches. & Ohio cv. 5s.	89¾	87¾	89¼	+ 1¾
90½	97¾	6	Ches. & O. cons. 5s.	99	98½	98½	+ ½
81½	77¾	43	Ches. & O. cv. 4½s.	81¼	80¼	81	+ ½
83¼	77	5	Ches. & O. gen. 4½s.	79½	79½	79½	..
76	72	14	C. & O., R. & A. 1st cons. 4s.....	76	72	76	+ ½
53	50½	1	Chi. & Alton 3s....	52½	52½	52½	+ 1¼
40	35¾	5	Chi. & Alton 3½s...	37	37	37	..
83	80	37	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s.	81¾	80¾	80¾	+ ⅛
96	95¾	232	C., B. & Q. joint 4s.	95¾	95¾	93¾	— ⅛
95¾	93¾	2	C., B. & Q. jt.4s,reg.	95¾	95¾	95¾	..
93¾	92¾	5	C., B. & Q., Neb. ext. 4s.....	92¾	92¾	92¾	— ⅛
85½	90	1	Chi. & Erie 1st 5s..	90	90	90	— 3
62½	50¾	18	Chi. Gt. West. 1st 4s	61¾	60½	61	— 1
76½	72	10	C., M. & St. P. g. 4s	73¾	72½	73½	+ 1½
84	81½	2	C., M. & St.P.4s,'25	82¾	82	82	..
74½	66½	16	C.,M. & St.P.ref.4½s.	70	69¾	69½	+ ⅜
73¾	70	2	C., M. & St.P. 4s,'34	72½	70	72½	+ ½
81¾	77	14	C., M. & St. P. cv.5s	77½	77	77	— 1
82	75	61	C., M. & St.P.cv.4½s	77½	76¾	77½	+ 1
98¾	97	1	C., M. & St. P., C., P. & W. 5s.....	97¾	97¾	97¾	+ ⅛
98¼	96¾	2	C., M. & St. P., W. & M. 5s.....	96¾	96¾	96¾	— ¼
70	68½	3	C., M. & Pu. Sd. 4s.	70	68¾	70	+ 1
100¾	98¼	14	C. & N. W. gen. 5s.	99¾	99¾	99½	..
80	80	4	C. & N. W. ext. 4s.	80	80	80	..
96½	96¼	1	C. & N. W. s. f. 5s.	96¼	96¼	96¼	— ⅛
73¾	70	1	C. & N. W. gen.3½s	70¾	70¾	70½	+ ⅛
98	98	1	C. & N.W. d. 5s,'21	98	98	98	..
81	71½	4	Chi. Railways 5s...	72¾	71½	71⅝	+ ⅛
79½	75¾	3	C., R. I. & P. gen.4s	75½	75½	75½	— ½
76½	70	40	C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	73¾	72½	73¾	+ ¼
65	61	7	C.&W. Ind. cons. 4s	62½	62	62¼	+ ¼
104½	102½	2	C. & W. Ind. gen.6s	103	103	103	— ½
120	106	50	Chile Copper 7s....	118½	116¾	118¼	+ 1
88½	81½	158	Chile Cop. col. tr. 6s	88½	87	88¼	+ ⅝
80	82½	29½	Chile Cop. cv. 6s....	80	80	80	+ ¼
81¾	81¾	1	Cin. Leb. & Nor. 4s	81¾	81¾	81¾	— 4¼
72½	66	4	C.,C.,C.& S.L. gen.4s	68	66	67½	..
99¾	99¾	1	C., I., St. L. & C. con. 6s.....	99¾	99¾	99¾	— ⅜
91	88	1	Col. F. & I. gen. 5s	91	91	91	— 1
77½	73½	10	Col. Industrial 5s...	74⅜	74½	74½	..
89½	87	5	Col. & South. 1st 4s.	87½	87	87½	+ ⅛
79½	77¼	11	Col. & So. ref. 4½s.	78⅝	78¾	78⅝	+ ⅜
85	82¾	7	Comp.-Tab. Rec. 6s.	83¾	83¾	83¾	— ¼
103	100	316	Con. Gas cv. 6s....	102½	100¾	101⅝	+ 1¼
98	96½	1	Con. Gas Bal. cv. 5s	98	98	98	+ 1½
91	90½	1	Corn P. R. s.f.5s,'31	100	100	100	+ ½
100½	99½	11	Corn P. R. s.f.5s,'34	100½	100¼	100½	..
96¾	96	5	D. & H. lien eq. 4½s	96¾	96¾	96¾	+ ⅛
85¼	83½	25	Del. & H. 1st&ref.4s.	84¾	84	84¼	..
94¾	90¾	5	Del. & Hud. cv. 5s	92	92	92	+ 1⅜
73	66½	48	D. & R. G. con. 4s..	69¼	68¾	69¼	+ 1¾
76	72	1	D. & R. G. con. 4½s	72¾	72¾	72¾	— ½
57¼	45	131	D. & R.G. 1st ref.4s	48½	46½	48¼	+ 2½
78½	76	3	D. & R. G. imp. 5s	76	76	76	— 3
96⅝	96¼	1	Det. City Gas 5s....	96½	96¼	96¼	..
94	93	2	Det. Edison ref. 5s.	93½	93½	93¾	— ⅜
84¼	80	1	Det. Riv. Tun. 4½s.	80	80	80	— 1½
81½	71	3	Detroit United 4½s.	75	75	75	+ 1½
91	89	6	Distillers' Sec. 5s..	90	89	89	— 1
94½	92⅝	1	Dul. & Iron Rge. 5s	92¾	92¾	92⅝	..
84½	83	1	D. S. S. & Atl. 5s.	84½	84½	84¾	+ 1¼
100¾	99¾	4	ERIE 1st cons. 7s...	100¾	99¾	99¾	— ¼
56½	52½	49	Erie gen. 4s.....	54½	53	53½	..
70½	65	9	Erie 1st cons. 4s...	67¾	66¾	66⅝	+ 1⅜
49	46½	6	Erie cv. 4s. Ser. A.	47	47	47	..
48¾	46	375	Erie cv. 4s. Ser. B.	47	46	46½	..
52¾	48	88	Erie cv. 4s. Ser. D.	50	48½	50	+ 1
85	81	8	FL. E. COAST 4½s.	82	82	82	— ⅝
101¾	97½	6	GEN. ELEC. deb. 5s.	100	99⅝	100	— ⅜
73½	71½	1	Gen. Electric 3½s...	72½	72½	72½	+ 1
98	95	1	Granby cv. 6s, sta.	95	95	95	— 3
89	80¼	9	Gt. Nor. ref. 4¼s..	86¾	86	86	..
8¾	6⅝	62	Gr. Bay & W. deb.B.	8¾	7	8¾	+ 2¼
83	77	2	HOCK. VAL. 4½s..	77¾	77¼	77¾	— ⅝
66¼	54	134	Hud. & H. n.-ref. 5s	63¾	58¾	63¾	+ 5½
18	14	163	Hud. & Man. adj. 5s	17¾	16½	17	— ½
84¼	78¼	3	ILL. CEN. ref. 4s.	80½	80½	80½	+ ⅜
98½	95	7	Indiana Steel 5s....	97¾	97	97	+ ¾
85½	82¼	2	Illinois Steel 4½s...	84½	84½	84½	..
43¾	27¾	307	Inter.-Met. 4½s.....	31¾	30¾	30¾	— ⅜
30	29¾	6	Int.-M. ctfs. of dep.	30	29¾	29¾	..
74½	65	366	Int. Rapid Tran. 5s.	66¾	65	65	— 1¾
82¾	76½	110	Int. Agricultural 5s.	82¾	81	82¼	+ 1¼
102	97	315	Int. Mer. Mar. 6s..	90¾	99	99¼	+ ⅜
77½	76½	1	Iowa Central 1st 5s.	76½	76½	76¾	..
46½	42	70	Iowa Central ref. 4s	46¾	42	46¼	+ 3⅜
103¾	101½	1	K. C., F.T. S.&M. 6s	102	102	102	..
75½	66¼	49	K. C., Ft. S. & M.4s	69¼	68	69¼	+ 1¾
85¾	81¾	10	Kan. City So. 5s...	85¾	85	85¾	+ ⅝
92½	92½	5	Kan. City Gas 5s..	92½	92½	92½	+ 4½
81	76	18	Kan. City Term. 4s.	77¾	77¼	77¾	+ 1
70¾	65	3	Keokuk & Des M.5s	68	68	68	— ½
80½	75	13	Kent. Cent. 4s.....	79	76¾	79¾	+ 2½
102½	99	1	K&sCo.E.L.&P.M. 6s	102½	102½	102½	+ 2¼
90½	86	2	LACK.STEEL 5s,'50	90	90	90	+ ¼
97	93	7	Laclede Gas ref. 5s.	94¾	94¼	94½	+10
90	88	2	Lake E. & W. 1st 5s	88	88	88	— 1
90	86½	25	Lake Shore 4s, '28..	88½	87¾	88¼	+ 1½
89	86	1	Lake Shore 4s, '31..	86¾	86¾	86¾	..
73	71¼	4	Lake Shore 3½s....	73	71¾	71¾	+ ⅜
102¾	101¼	23	Leh. Val. col. tr. 6s	102¾	102¾	102¾	..
95¾	92¾	1	Lex. & Eastern 5s..	94½	94¼	94¼	+ 2⅜
94	90	7	Liggett & Myers 5s.	93¼	93	93¼	— ⅛
113¾	111	15	Liggett & Myers 7s..	113	112¾	113	+ 1
76½	75	5	Long Island ref. 4s.	76	76	76	+ 1
75¼	73¾	1	Long Island unif. 4s	75¼	75¼	77¾	..
113	109¾	1	Lorillard 7s.....	112½	112½	112¾	+ ¾
94	89¾	12	Lorillard 5s.....	92	91¼	91¾	+ ¼
88½	83½	20	Lou. & N. unif. 4½s.	85	85	85	..
57	55¼	2	L.&N., St.L.Div.3½s	55½	55¼	55¼	— ¼
60	60	1	MANHATTAN 2d 4s	60	60	60	—14½
92½	90	2	Mich. State Tel. 5s..	91¾	91¾	91¾	— ⅛
89½	86	69	Midv. Steel 5s.....	88½	88¼	88¼	— ⅜
47¾	41½	4	M. & St. L. ref. 4s.	42¾	42¼	42¼	+ ¼
89	83¾	10	M., St. P. & S. S. M. cons. 4s.....	84¼	84½	84½	— ⅜
71½	70	3	M., K. & T., Okla.5s	70	70	70	— 1½
60	62	4	Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	66	63½	66	+ 3
34	29	35	Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s..	31	30	30½	— 3½
28½	28½	5	M.,K.&T. Ext.5s. tr.	28¾	28½	28½	..
47	42	10	M., K.&T.1st&ref.4s.	45	45	45	— 2
63½	57¾	379	Mo. Pacific gen. 4s.	62	61	61¼	+ ⅜
100	98¾	3	Mo. Pacific cons. 6s.	99¾	99¾	99¾	..
92	89½	18	Mo. Pacific 5s. '20.	89½	89	89	..
94⅜	91¾	5	Mo. Pacific 5s. '23..	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	..
87⅞	82¾	5	Mo. Pacific5s. '65..	87	87	87	+ 3¼
81½	80¼	1	Mob. & O.St.L.&C.4s	81½	81½	81½	+ 1⅜
95¾	91⅜	14	Montana Power 5s..	92¼	91¾	91⅝	— ⅜
97½	94	6	N. O., T. & M. 6s...	95	95	95	..
58½	50	63	N. O., T. & M. inc.5s	53½	51	51½	— ½
96¾	96	55	N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s.	97¾	97½	97⅝	+ ¼
85¾	81	6	N. Y. Cent. ref. 4½s	82¾	81	81	— 1½
86	82	6	N. Y. Cent deb.4s,'34	83	83¼	82¾	— 1
76½	73½	1	N. Y. Cent. cons. 4s	76	76	76	+ ½
73	70	36	N. Y. Cent. gen.4½s	71¾	70½	71¼	+ ⅜
67	62½	12	N. Y. C.-L. S. col. 3½s, reg.....	65¼	62¼	65¼	— 1⅞
75	71	2	N.Y.,C. & St.L.deb.4s	74⅜	74⅜	74⅜	+ ⅜

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
83	80	8	N.Y., C.& St.L.1st 4s	82	81	81	— 1
90¾	83	2	N.Y. Conn. R.R. 4½s	85½	84	84	— 1½
94	91½	2	N.Y.G.E.L.,H.& P.5s	93¾	93¾	93½	+ ½
74¾	69	12	N.Y.G.,El.L.,H.& P.4s	72½	72	72	— ¼
52	50	1	N. Y., N. H. & H. n.-cv. 4s, '55.....	53	53	53	..
50½	52	..	N. Y., N. H. & H. n.-cv. 4s, '56.....	52½	52½	52¾	— ⅜
70	65	4	N. O., O. W.ref.4s	65½	65½	65¾	+ ¼
44½	39	51	N. Y. Rwys. ref. 4s.	42¾	41	41⅞	— 1
12¾	11⅞	11	N.Y. Rys. adj.4s,cfs.	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
13¾	10½	67	N. Y. Rys. adj. 4s..	12¾	11½	12	— ⅛
91½	87¾	9	N. Y. Teleph. 4½s..	89	88½	88½	+ ⅜
53	42¾	23	N. Y., W. & B. 4½s.	44½	44	44½	+ ¼
69¼	67	9	Norf. So. 1st ref. 5s	69½	69¾	69¾	..
106¾	106	99	N. & W. cv. 6s, J. p.	107½	106½	107½	+ ⅝
86½	81¼	7	N. & W. cons. 4s...	81¾	81¾	81¾	+ ½
82	70½	5	N. & W. divisnl. 4s..	81	81	81	+ 1
86	82	33	Nor. Pacific 4s.....	82¼	82	82¼	+ ⅛
61¾	58¼	9	Nor. Pacific 3s.....	58½	58¾	58½	..
91	89	2	ONT. POWER 5s....	90¾	90½	90½	..
86	79¾	3	Ore. R.R.& N.con.4s.	82	82	82	+ 2
101½	100¾	19	Ore. Sh. L. 1st 6s...	100¾	100¾	100¾	+ ⅛
88	84½	17	Ore. Sh. L. ref. 4s..	87½	87	87½	+ ⅝
98¾	96¾	2	Ore. Sh. L. con. 5s..	97½	97½	97½	+ ⅛
79¾	75½	68	Ore.-Wash. 1st ref.4s	77½	77	77	..
95¾	90¼	13	PAC. TEL. & T. 5s.	91½	90¼	91¼	+ ⅝
88	85¼	14	Pac. Gas & Elec. 5s	86	86	86	..
140	125	53	Pan Am. P. & T. cv. 6s, 1927.....	136¼	133	136½	— 3⅝
140½	129	4	Pan. Am. P. & T. cv. 6s, 1924.....	140½	140½	140½	+ 3½
96¾	96¾	1	Penn. gtd. 3½s, reg.	96¾	96¾	96¾	+ ⅝
89¾	81¼	25	Penn. gen. 4½s.....	86¾	86	86¾	— ¼
97¾	94	86	Penn. g. 5s, tem.cfs.	95¼	94¾	95¼	+ ¼
90¾	93½	8	Penn. con. 4½s.....	94	93½	94	+ ½
77½	74¼	5	Peo. Gas Chi. ref. 5s	74½	74½	74½	— ⅝
56	51	9	Peo. & East 1st 4s.	55½	55	55¾	+ 4½
15	12	43	Peo. & East. inc. 4s.	15	14	14½	+ 1½
14	14	2	Peo. & East inc. 4s, ctfs. of dep.....	14	14	14	..
69½	68½	1	Pere Marq. 1st 4s...	70¾	70¾	70¾	— ¼
89½	83¾	29	Pere Marq. 1st 5s..	85	84½	84¾	— ⅜
93	91	11	Phila. Co. cv. 5s, '22	93¾	92¼	93¾	+ 1⅝
47	45	5	Philippine Ry. 4s...	47	47	47	+ 1
132⅝	100	75	Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '20.	132	124	130	+11
110¼	88¾	336	Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '24.	100	106½	108	+ 2
80	75	23	Public Service 5s....	76	75	76	+ 1
86¾	82¼	21	READING gen. 4s..	83¼	83	83½	+ ½
95¾	92¾	22	Rep. I. & S. 5s, '40..	95¼	94½	95	+ 1
71½	63¾	46	Rio Gr. W. 1st 4s..	69	68	69	+ 1
72¾	67	6	Rock I., A. & L. 4½s	69	68	69	+ ¾
96½	94	6	ST.L.,I.M. & S. g. 5s	94½	94	94½	+ ½
82¾	78½	13	St. L., I. M. & So. unif. & ref. 4s....	80½	80	80¼	..
77	72¾	37	St. L., I. M. & So. River & Gulf 4s..	76¾	75½	76½	+ ⅝
98	96½	1	St.L.& S.F.Ry.gen.5s	97½	97¾	97¾	+ ⅝
106	102	1	St.L. & S.F.Ry.g.6s.	103½	103¾	103¾	— 2½
64	59	267	St. L. & S. F.pr.1.4s	63¾	62	63¼	+ ⅜
71	63¼	203	St. L. & S. F. adj.1.6s	71	67	70	+ 4
49¾	40½	466	St. L. & S. F. inc.6s	49¾	46¾	49	+ 2⅜
79¾	73¾	92	St. L. & S. F.pr.1.5s	76½	74¾	76	+ 1½
74	66	5	St. L. S. W. 1st 4s.	67½	67½	67½	..
62	58	15	St.L.S.W.1st Term.5s	59¾	59	59¾	+ ¼
58½	57¼	1	St.L.S.W.2d inc. 4s	58	58	58	— ¼
74	69½	7	St.P., K.C.&St.L.4½s	69	68½	69	+ 1
81	76	1	Scioto V. & N. E. 4s	76¾	76¾	76¾	— 2¼
68	64¼	1	San An. & A. P. 4s.	64¼	64¼	64¼	— ⅜
53	47½	40	Seab. Air L. adj. 5s	50	48¾	50	+ 1½
99¾	95	646	Sinclair Oil 7s.....	99½	98¾	99¼	+ ⅛
132½	98¼	238½	Sinel. Oil 7s, with w.	132½	121½	131	+ 9½
93½	90	11	So. Bell Teleph. 5s..	93¾	90¼	90¼	— ½
77	75	40	So. Pac. col. 4s....	75¾	75¼	75¼	+ ¼
108¾	100	775	So. Pac. cv. 5s.....	108¾	106	107½	— 1
85¾	82¾	389	So. Pac. cv. 4s.....	84½	84	84½	— ⅜
83½	79½	43	So. Pac. ref. 4s.....	80¾	80	80¾	+ ⅛
96¾	92⅝	16	Southern Ry.

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JUMP IN BOND HOLDINGS.

Federal Reserve Banks Increase Their Holdings by $20,400,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Resumption of investments in United States war bonds by the banks of the country and further redemption of Treasury certificates are indicated in the board's weekly statement showing the condition on April 25 of 772 member banks in leading cities.

Holdings of United States bonds, other than circulation bonds, show an increase for the week of $20,400,000, this amount apparently representing largely sales of Victory Notes to the reporting banks. Treasury certificates on hand show a decrease of $33,100,000 as the result of deliveries in exchange for Victory Notes and other deliveries for redemption before maturity of certificates due on May 6. Loans secured by United States war obligations increased $5,900,000, notwithstanding some net liquidation under this head reported by the New York City banks. Other loans and investments show only a slight decline.

United States war securities and war paper decreased from $3,810,700,000 to $3,804,000,000, and constitute 26.5 per cent. of the aggregate loans and investments of all reporting banks, as against 28.6 per cent. the week before.

Government deposits show a further reduction of $127,000,000, of which $92,700,000 represent net withdrawals from member banks in the twelve Federal Reserve Bank cities. Other demand deposits (net) increased $23,700,000, the larger gain at the banks in Federal Reserve centres being offset in part by aggregate reductions of $22,100,000 shown for the banks outside these cities. Time deposits increased $3,200,000. Cash in vault shows a similar gain, while reserve balances with the Federal Reserve Banks increased $12,000,000, notwithstanding a decline of about $5,000,000 under this head reported by the member banks in New York City.

MEMBER BANK STATEMENT.

This statement shows the principal resource and liability items of member banks in leading cities, including member banks located in Federal Reserve Bank cities and in Federal Reserve branch cities, as of close of business April 25:

	New York.	Chicago.	All Fed. Res. Cities.
Number of reporting banks	65	44	256
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	$39,232,000	$1,169,000	$103,619,000
Other U. S. bonds, including Liberty bonds	261,123,000	22,396,000	376,200,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	862,475,000	150,539,000	1,390,928,000
Total U. S. securities	1,162,830,000	174,104,000	1,870,747,000
Loans secured by U. S. bonds, &c.	505,495,000	98,637,000	968,143,000
All other loans and investments	3,607,375,000	856,974,000	6,755,371,000
Reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	621,398,000	112,164,000	962,498,000
Cash in vault	107,025,000	37,049,000	205,716,000
Net demand deposits	4,351,058,000	823,923,000	7,212,965,000
Time deposits	216,765,000	164,187,000	791,454,000
Government deposits	270,597,000	34,063,000	400,851,000

TOTAL OF STATEMENTS FOR ALL REPORTING BANKS.

	Fed. Res. Branch Cities.	All Other Report'g Banks.	Grand Total.
Number of reporting banks	160	357	772
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	$54,829,000	$110,375,000	$268,823,000
Other U. S. bonds, including Liberty bonds	111,199,000	170,298,000	657,897,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	300,462,000	345,968,000	2,046,358,000
Total U. S. securities	475,490,000	626,641,000	2,972,878,000
Loans secured by U. S. bonds, &c.	113,429,000	120,326,000	1,000,898,000
All other loans and investments	1,540,185,000	1,908,451,000	10,264,007,000
Reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	151,567,000	173,979,000	1,288,044,000
Cash in vault	55,870,000	91,587,000	353,173,000
Net demand deposits	1,267,763,000	1,729,026,000	10,209,754,000
Time deposits	499,408,000	516,912,000	1,717,852,000
Government deposits	61,904,000	62,920,000	525,735,000

CREDIT MEN'S CONVENTION.

Timely trade problems affecting business both here and abroad are to be discussed by some of the most distinguished speakers in the country at the twenty-fourth annual convention of the National Association of Credit Men which will be held in Detroit on June 10, 11, 12, and 13, when it is expected that 2,000 delegates will consider what steps should be taken to retain America's place as the foremost commercial nation of the world.

Admitting that the program had not been yet completed, J. H. Tregoe, Secretary-Treasurer of the National Association of Credit Men, which has 28,000 members, last night said that he hoped to secure the foremost financiers, exporters, and captains of industry generally to speak at the various sessions of the convention. At the present time Mr. Tregoe is devoting his efforts toward obtaining the promises of the nation's business leaders to take an active part in the convention and to getting an attendance that will make the gathering the greatest assembly of credit grantors in the history of the United States.

"The men who are defending the credit interests of the nation during this period of readjustment must move forward together," said Secretary Tregoe last night. "In credit relationships there can be no North, South, East, or West. There can be no cleavage between men who are responsible for holding our credits certain and sound. It is for all of us to work together, first, that the principles underlying sound credit shall be better understood, and second, that the standards of credit granting shall be raised steadily to higher levels.

"Never in the history of America has there been such a need of the interchange of ideas, views, and opinions by the credit men of the nation. The coming convention should exert a mighty influence in the right direction. It should make the credit man see that he has a real job if he but opens his eyes to the possibility. Every modern business institution should insist that its credit man participate in the coming sessions. There are salient questions to be considered. The labor situation, the railroad problem, the export opportunities and the work of reconstruction that is to be done abroad are merely a few of the important matters to be considered.

"The morning session on Tuesday, June 10, which is to be the general get-together gathering, will be held at the Washington Theatre. The afternoon meetings are to be held in the main auditorium of the Detroit Board of Commerce. Special arrangements are being made to provide entertainment for the wives or daughters of the delegates.

"The group conferences covering the various trades, which have proved so helpful in the last two conventions and out of which came several papers that became important contributions to the literature of credit, will be continued as a special convention feature."

AIR SERVICE SEEKS MEN.

Secretaries of the Y. M. C. A. to Aid in Enrollment Campaign.

Captain Charles J. Glidden of the Government Air Service, at 104 Broad Street, has mailed to 2,000 Secretaries of the Young Men's Christian Association in the United States a letter requesting that a rallying committee of 20,000 men, ten in each association, be appointed to present to men in and out of the association the advantages offered by the Government to join the air service.

The request is made in the letter that the combined committee shall submit the names of at least 100,000 men, five for each member of the committee, between th eages of 18 and 40, who are inclined to join the service and to whom full particulars can be mailed. At present only 15,000 men will be permitted to join the service, and excess applications will be placed on file.

Asia Bank in New Home.

The new office of the Asia Banking Corporation at 35 Broadway will open today. The interior is modeled after similar institutions in China, and is finished in Chinese black lacquer. The annual meeting of the corporation will be held tomorrow.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.—Dealings discontinued.

	—May.— High	Low.	—July.— High.	Low.	—Sept.— High.	Low.
CORN.						
April 28	1.74	1.65½	1.70¾	1.65	1.67	1.62¼
April 29	1.64½	1.55½	1.63	1.53½	1.60½	1.51
April 30	1.61	1.53	1.57½	1.51¾	1.53¾	1.47
May 1	1.65	1.57¾	1.63⅝	1.56¼	1.59⅝	1.52½
May 2	1.68½	1.63	1.67	1.62½	1.63	1.60
May 3	1.71	1.68½	1.69	1.67	1.65	1.63½
Wk's rg.	1.74	1.53	1.70¾	1.51¾	1.67	1.47

	—May.— High	Low.	—July.— High.	Low.	—Sept.— High.	Low.
OATS.						
April 28	73¾	71½	73¾	71½	73⅝	69½
April 29	71	68¼	71	68⅝	69¾	66¾
April 30	69¼	67⅝	69⅝	68	68⅝	66
May 1	70¾	68½	72	69¾	70½	68
May 2	72¾	69	72¾	70⅝	70⅞	69¼
May 3	71¾	70¼	72⅝	71⅝	71	70¼
Week's range	73¾	67⅝	75⅜	68	72⅜	66

Provisions.

	—May.— High	Low.	—July.— High.	Low.
LARD.				
April 28	33.00	32.40	32.25	31.20
April 29	...	...	31.05	30.50
April 30	32.40	32.20	31.02	30.40
May 1	33.35	32.40	31.80	30.80
May 2	34.05	33.25	32.20	31.55
May 3	...	...	32.20	31.90
Week's range	34.05	32.20	32.25	30.40

	—May.— High	Low.	—July.— High.	Low.
RIBS.				
April 21	28.75	28.50	28.50	27.50
April 29	28.05	27.75	27.98	27.15
April 30	28.70	27.75	27.20	26.60
May 1	...	...	28.05	27.25
May 2	28.85	28.37	28.40	27.90
May 3	28.95	28.75	28.40	28.07
Week's range	28.95	27.75	28.50	26.60

	—May.— High	Low.	—July.— High.	Low.
PORK.				
April 28	53.25	52.75	51.60	51.10
April 29	...	...	50.70	49.30
April 30	53.25	52.25	49.50	47.90
May 1	54.70	53.40	51.50	49.80
May 2	53.80	53.55	52.50	51.35
May 3	53.90	53.70	51.75	51.35
Week's range	53.90	52.25	52.50	47.90

NEW CONTRACT COTTON.

	—May.— High.	Low.	—July.— High.	Low.	—Oct.— High.	Low.
April 28—Holiday.						
April 29	28.80	28.40	27.29	26.66	25.55	24.79
April 30	28.70	27.85	26.90	26.10	24.98	24.20
May 1	28.65	28.12	26.91	26.30	25.05	24.50
May 2	28.92	28.35	27.13	26.57	25.33	24.67
May 3	28.43	28.25	26.72	26.43	24.80	24.52
Wk's range	28.92	27.85	27.29	26.10	25.55	24.20

	—Dec.— High.	Low.	—Jan.— High.	Low.	—Mar.— High.	Low.
April 28—Holiday.						
April 29	24.89	24.32	24.60	24.00	24.30	23.90
April 30	24.30	23.75	24.10	23.52	23.79	23.21
May 1	24.55	24.05	24.15	23.75	23.75	23.50
May 2	24.82	24.25	24.45	23.93	24.18	23.60
May 3	24.30	24.00	23.91	23.75	23.70	23.50
Wk's range	24.89	23.75	24.60	23.52	24.30	23.21

ITALIAN DISCOUNT & TRUST NEW YORK

A Monthly Circular on Trade with Italy

OUR circular, *Italy*, issued monthly, contains a digest of current activities in Italian commerce, finance and industry. The May number comprises chapters on imports and exports, shipping, dry-docks at Naples, immigration to Italy, the eight-hour day, the coal shortage, credits and exchange, and the Italian silk market.

The circular will interest and perhaps be a source of profit to merchants, manufacturers, importers and exporters now engaged in or thinking of trade with Italy. Sent on request.

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MAY 3, 1919.

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Rhode Island Suburban Railway Company
Pawtuxet Valley Electric Street Railway Company
Cumberland Street Railway Company
BONDHOLDERS' PROTECTIVE COMMITTEE.

To the Bondholders of the Rhode Island Suburban Railway Company, The Pawtuxet Valley Electric Street Railway Company and The Cumberland Street Railway Company:

The undersigned, who have heretofore been organized as a Protective Committee for the bondholders of the Rhode Island Suburban Railway Company, have consented to serve in the same capacity for the bondholders of the Pawtuxet Valley Electric Street Railway Company and the Cumberland Street Railway Company, subsidiaries of the Rhode Island Suburban Railway Company, under deposit agreements which have been executed by the undersigned in substantially the same form as the deposit agreement for the bondholders of the Rhode Island Suburban Railway Company.

A number of executors, trustees, and corporations holding the bonds of these companies have signified their wish to deposit their bonds with the committee, but are unable to do so within the time originally fixed for such deposit because it is necessary for them to obtain some corporate or other action before so doing. In compliance with their request for an extension of the time, the committee has voted that bonds of either the Rhode Island Suburban Railway Company, Pawtuxet Valley Electric Street Railway Company, or Cumberland Street Railway Company may be deposited with either the National Exchange Bank, Providence, R. I., or the Bankers Trust Company, New York City, on or before May 15, 1919.

MICHAEL F. DOOLEY, President, National Exchange Bank, Providence, Chairman,
EDWARD B. ALDRICH, Trustee Estate of Nelson W. Aldrich,
BENJAMIN A. JACKSON, President, Rhode Island Suburban Railway Company.
GEORGE L. SHEPLEY, President, Rhode Island Insurance Company, Providence.
FREDERICK S. PECK, Treasurer, Asa Peck & Company, Inc.
GEORGE C. CLARK, Jr., Clark, Dodge & Company, Bankers, New York.

C. H. W. MANDEVILLE, Cashier, National Exchange Bank, SECRETARY OF THE COMMITTEE, 43 Westminster Street, Providence, R. I.

COUNSEL: EDWARDS & ANGELL, Providence, R. I.
DEPOSITARIES: NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK, Providence, R. I. BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, New York City.

Providence, R. I., April 15, 1919.

Employers of Labor—
A Scientific Method of Adjusting Wages to the Cost of Living
is described in an article entitled
The Index Number Wage
In the May 7th issue of
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Stand. G. & E. Com. & Pfd.
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40 Wall St., N. Y. Phone John 6330

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CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

Trading by Days

	Industrials	Oils	Mining	Bonds
Monday	214,800	809,160	662,060	$298,000
Tuesday	190,000	753,350	500,050	264,000
Wednesday	320,950	1,096,823	541,730	220,000
Thursday	143,875	829,642	526,600	433,000
Friday	187,125	729,315	672,550	115,000
Saturday	150,070	614,475	540,000	28,000
Total	1,206,820	4,832,765	3,151,990	$1,358,000

INDUSTRIALS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
10⅞	6¼	18,200	*Aetna Explosives.	10½	9½	10¾	+ ⅝
81	59	100	*Aetna Exp. pf...	66½	66½	66½	— 3½
54¼	53	25	*Air Reduction....	53	53	53	— 1
85	61½	11,100	*Am. Bosch Mag..	85	75	84	+ 9
7	2	6,600	Am.-British Mfg..	7	3	6¼	+ 2¾
42½	23	2,150	Am.-Brit. Mfg. pf.	42½	30	42½	+ 8½
1¼	1	2,800	*Am. Chem. Prod.	1¼	1	1¼	..
42	24	400	*Am. Malt & Gr...	42	40	40½	+ ½
67	8	500	*Am. Road Mach..	62	58	60	..
36½	31½	49,500	*Am. Steel F., w.i.	36½	32½	35	+ 2⅝
30	28½	700	*Am. Sewer Pipe..	30	28½	29½	..
16	7	7,600	*Annapolis Ferry..	10	8	8	+ 1
24½	22	1,800	Br.-Am. Tob., reg.	24	24	24	+ ⅜
25⅜	23	19,800	Br.-A. Tob., coup.	25¼	23½	25¼	+ 1⅜
30	12½	100	*Bayuk Co.....	22	22	22	+ 2
35	25	4,400	*Butterworth Jud..	35	28	33	+ 5
12	4	4,800	*Chalmers Motors.	10	9½	9½	..
280	140	100	Chev. M. C.....	280	280	280	+75
37½	35¼	17,700	Cities Serv. B.I.sh.	37½	36⅜	37½	+ 1
127	82	2,370	*Cramp Shipbldg..	127	118	127	+ 9
124	120	45,000	*Cudahy	124	120	122	..
5	2	2,000	Emerson Phono...	5	4⅜	5	+ ⅛
75	44	8,400	Endicott-Johnson..	75	63	75	+11
103	99½	2,300	End. John. pf....	103	100½	102	+ 1⅛
64	54¼	3,900	*Fairbanks Co....	64	59	64	+ 5½
88	46	8,100	*Fam. Play-Lasky	88	85¼	88	+ 2
39	29	14,800	*Fisk R. T., w. i.	37	33½	37	+16
72½	59	9,100	*General Asphalt.	69¼	65½	69	+ 1
100	87	2,100	*Gen. Asph. pf....	104	101	104	— 1
⅝	⅝	2,600	Grape-Ola	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
1⅛	1⅛	2,700	Grape-Ola pf....	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
10¾	9	700	Hock. Val. Prod..	10¾	10½	10¾	+ ⅛
9⅝	4⅜	41,300	Hupp Motor Car..	9¼	8½	9¼	+ 1
25½	19¼	49,800	Inter. Rubber....	25¾	20½	23	+ 1⅜
28	22	200	*Jones Bros. Tea..	24½	24½	24½	..
35½	10⅝	7,450	*Lack. Co. Coal..	27	23	24	— 5
34½	19½	17,100	*Libby, McN. & L.	32	29½	31¾	+ 1⅜
47	27½	5,700	*Lima Loco.....	47	35	47	+12
5	4	1,500	Marconi of Am...	4¾	4¼	4⅝	..
33⅜	24	17,000	*Nat. A. & C....	33¾	31½	32¼	— ¾
67¾	47	200	Nat. Coal & Ice...	61	60	60	— 2
20¼	6½	3,200	*Nat. Fireproofing.	11	8¼	10¾	+ 2½
35¼	13½	3,900	*Nat. Fpfg. pf....	22½	16¾	22¼	+ 5¾
6¼	3½	114,000	N. Mex. & Ar. L.	6¾	3½	5⅝	..
47	16	1,500	N. Y. Shipbldg...	43	41	42	— 4
8	2¾	140,600	Nor. A. P. & P...	6⅞	5¼	6⅜	+ 1⅛
3⅜	1⅝	3,700	Pearson Coal....	3	2⅜	3	..
28½	18	700	Peerless T. & M..	28½	27	27	— 1¼
1⅝	½	285,000	Perfection T. & R.	1⅛	½	1⅛	— ⅜
14	7	45,500	*Phil. Morris, w. i.	13½	11⅞	13⅜	+ 1⅜
7¼	4½	2,300	*Poulsen Wireless.	5⅜	4½	5½	— ½
65	41⅜	6,375	Remington Typew.	65	61	65	+ 2
11½	6¼	10,600	*Simpson Coal....	11⅜	6¼	7½	..
40	24	93,200	*Sayold Tire.....	49	40⅛	40	+ 1
44	20½	8,200	*Standard G. & E.	40⅛	36½	40¾	+ 4
47	38	1,200	*Stewart Mfg.....	47	46	46½	+ ⅛
18	10	10,200	Submarine Boat...	16	15	15½	— ½
65½	40½	26,500	*Swift Int., w. i.	62	55½	61¾	+ 4¾
1¼	⅛	2,500	Triangle Film....	1	⅞	1	— ¼
73	60¼	1,000	*Union Carbide....	69¾	69	69½	— ½
2⅝	1½	6,500	*U. S. L. & H....	2⅝	2	2⅜	+ ⅛
2½	⅛	45,000	Un. Profit Sharing	1½	1⅛	1½	+ ⅛
5⅜	2	34,000	U. S. Stmship Co.	2¾	2¼	2¼	— ⅛
48	42½	2,200	Warren Bros.....	48	42¼	47	..
4½	3⅜	5,850	Wayne Coal.....	4¼	3¾	4	+ ⅛

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES

22½	17½	9,700	Anglo-Amer. Oil...	22½	21	22½	+ 1
102	91	45	Buckeye Pipe Line.	102	101	102	..
108	100	42	Cumberl'd Pipe L..	108	107	108	+30
107	99	10	Indiana Pipe Line.	105	105	105	— 2
113	107	10	North. Pipe Line..	113	113	113	+ 3
404	316	20	Ohio Oil.....	389	388	389	—10
800	650	715	Prairie Oil & Gas.	800	680	795	+95
278	263	10	Prairie Pipe Line.	276	276	276	..
322	292	30	South Penn. Oil...	309	308	308	— 2
286	257	65	Stand. Oil of Cal.	284	279	281	— 2
820	770	30	Stand. Oil of Ind.	819	815	817	— 3
730	668	360	Stand. Oil of N. J.	730	713	730	+14
395	306	45	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	384	381	383	..
443	346	20	Vacuum Oil.....	439	438	438	..

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

4½	⅝	27,850	*Allen Oil.....	4¼	3⅝	4	+ ⅜
5½	4½	5,200	*Alliance O. & R.	5	4½	5	..
2⅜	1⅜	161,500	*Amal. Royalty...	2¼	1½	1⅝	— ⅛
⅞	⅞	7,300	*Barnett Oil.....	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
6⅞	3	36,200	*Boone Oil. & R..	7⅜	6⅜	7⅛	+ ⅜
52	18	228,000	*Bost.-Wyo. Oil...	52	38	51	+12
49½	12	107,200	Caddo Oil.....	49¼	43¾	48¾	+ 7
51¼	37	14,750	*Com'wealth Oil..	48¼	43	43½	+ 5½
9⅞	8¼	23,700	Continental Ref..	9⅞	8¼	9⅜	..
4⅜	3¾	2,800	Continental Pet...	4¼	3⅝	3¾	— ⅛
10	6⅞	22,000	Cosden Oil.....	9⅝	9¼	9¾	+ ⅛
2	1¼	3,500	*Crystal O. & R..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
1⅛	1	2,900	*Curman Pet.....	1⅛	1	1¼	..
10¼	6	14,500	*Elk Basin Pet...	10¼	9¾	9¾	+ ⅜
16	4	611,000	*Esmeralda Oil...	16	8	15	+ 8
4	2	19,500	*Federal Oil.....	2⅝	2¼	2¾	— ⅛
8¼	3½	58,500	*Glenrock Oil....	7¾	6¼	7¼	+ ⅝
10½	9⅞	8,000	*Her. Pet., Cl. A.	10⅛	10¼	10½	+ ⅛
36	27	170,000	*High Gravity....	36	27	36	..
20	10	3,300	*Home O. & R....	20	17½	20	+ 1
134	75	21,000	*Houston Oil.....	134	97	132	+34½
5¾	55	20,400	*Hudson Oil.....	5¾	3½	5⅜	— ⅛
33	16¾	8,400	*Inter. Pet.....	30½	29	29¾	— ⅜
9¼	6¾	30,200	*Island O. & T....	8¼	6¼	8⅛	+ ⅛
16	5⅞	22,700	*Kenova Oil.....	6	6	6	+ ⅛
4¼	3⅝	6,600	*Kentucky Pet....	4¼	3½	4	+ ⅜
44¾	23	45,500	*Louis. Oil & R..	44¾	37½	44¾	+ 6½
7½	6¾	14,000	*Marland Pet.....	7½	6¾	7	— ⅛
33¾	21	31,000	*Merritt Oil Corp..	33¼	30¾	31⅝	— 1⅛
4½	2¾	10,500	Met. Pet.....	3¾	2½	3¼	+ ⅛
1⅜	1⅛	10,000	*Midwest Oil.....	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛	..
188	125	20,515	*Midwest Ref....	188	170	184	+ 8
1⅛	1¼	78,000	*Midwest-Tex. Oil.	1½	1¼	1

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QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ‡‡Sells flat. §Special. x Ex-dividend.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Quotation May 2, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
Albany Southern, '39	5	Mar. & Sep.	73	76
A. W. W. & Elec., '34	5	Apr. & Oct.	62	66
Anac. & Pot. River, '40	5	Apr. & Oct.	95	97
Appalach. Pwr. 1st, '41	..	June & Dec.	71	74
Ariz. Power 1st, '33	6	May & Nov.	84	88
Ark. V. R., L. & P., '20	7	Jan. & July	96½	96½
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	90
Au.-Aiken R. & E., '32	5	June & Dec.	70	80
B. Rouge El. 1st, '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	78	83
Buff. Gen. El., '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	96	96½
Do deb., '22	6	Feb. & Aug.	103½	104
Buff. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35	5	Jan. & July	..	89
Do 1st, '48	5	Jan. & July	93½	96½
Buff. & Lock. 1st, '38	5	Jan. & July	..	98
Buff. & Sus. I. 1s, '32	5	June & Dec.	86	88½
Cape Breton El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	77	86
Capital Trac. 1st, '47	5	June & Dec.	96	97
Cent. Power & Lt., '46	6	Jan. & July	90	95
C. & P. Tel. cons., '29	5	Jan. & July	96½	..
Charleston Con. Ry. G. & E., '90	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	90
Cin. Serv. Jeff. Sec., B	7	Jan. & July	129	130
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '30	5	Apr. & Oct.	93	94½
Colo. Power 1st, '53	5	May & Nov.	87	89
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	83½	89
Conn. Pr. 1st & con., '63	5	Apr. & Oct.	88	94
Conn. R. & Lt., stpd., '51	4½	Jan. & July	80	84
Do unstamped, '51	4½	Jan. & July	80	84
Cons. Gas, (Balt.) '54	4½	Jan. & July	85	88
Do, 1939	5	Jan. & July	97	100
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr., (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July	83¼	84½
Cons. G. of N. J., '36	5	Jan. & July	90	..
Do 1st, '65	5	Apr. & Oct.	83	86
Cons. T. of N.J. 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	..	..
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30	5	Jan. & July	93	98
Do deb., '30	5	Jan. & July	83	..
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32	5	May & Nov.	90	94
Dallas Elec. 1st, '22	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	94
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42	5	May & Nov.	85	88
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '56	5	June & Dec.	93	98
El., Plain. & C.N.J., '50	5	Apr. & Oct.	..	75
Eliz. & Trenton, '62	5	Jan. & July	85	90
El Paso Elec. coll., '32	5			
Ex. Springs Water, G. & Elec. 1st, '32	6	June & Dec.	80	90
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54	5	Apr. & Oct.	77	82
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40	5	May & Nov.	78	85
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49	5	June & Dec.	90	..
Gen. Gas & El. 1st, '52	5	Jan. & July	45	55
Gt. West. Pwr. 1st, '46	5	Jan. & July	84	85
Harwood Elec. 1st, '39	5	Jan. & July	93	..
Hoboken Ferry, '46	5	May & Nov.	80	..
Houston Elec. 1st, '25	5	Feb. & Aug.	92	..
Hudson Co. Gas, '49	5	May & Nov.	90	95
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49	4	May & Nov.	..	92½
K. C. Long D. T., '25	5	Jan. & July	81	57
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23	5	Jan. & July	..	83
Knoxville Trac., '38	5	Apr. & Oct.	87¾	88½
Met. Ed., '20	5	June & Dec.	94	..
Middle West Util., '25	6	Jan. & July	88	97½
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Mar. & Sep.	88	93
Mobile Electric 1st, '46	5	May & Nov.	77¾	79
Musk. G. & E. 1st & ref., '26	5		74	78
Nash.R.& L.1st con., '53	5	June & Dec.	90	95
Do ref., '58	5	Jan. & July	93	100
Nev.-Cal. El. 1st 6s, '46	6	Jan. & July	70	75
Newark Gas, '45	5	June & Dec.	90	95
Newark Pass. Ry., '30	5	Jan. & July	90	..
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '48	5	May & Nov.	90	91
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004	4	Jan. & July	62½	66
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	95	96
Do ref., '32	6	Apr. & Oct.	100	102
Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36	5	June & Dec.	..	80
Norf. Ry. & Lt., '49	5	May & Nov.	90	95
N. Ont. Lt. & Pr., '31	6	Apr. & Oct.	82	87
Nor. States Power, '41	5	Apr. & Oct.	88	91
N. Tex. El. coll. tr., '40	5	Jan. & July	80	85
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28	5	Jan. & July	72	76
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con., '28	5	Jan. & July	70	76
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb. & Aug.	89	91
Do deb., '21	6	Jan. & July	96	98
Ottum. R. & L. 1st, '24	5	Jan. & July	88	91
Pacific Gas & Elec. Calif., 1st, '31	5			
Pat. & Pass. G. & E., '49	5	Jan. & July	..	88
Paterson Ry. gen., '44	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	87
Pensacola Elec. 1st, '31	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	95
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30	5	Feb. & Aug.	80	85
Port. El. Power 1st, '29	5	May & Nov.	75	78
Do cons., '36	5	June & Dec.	96	98
Public Service ctfs.	6	Jan. & July	93	93½
Riverside Tr., '39	5	May & Nov.	..	85
Rutland R. & L. 1st, '46	5	June & Dec.	80	85
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & P. Power 1st, '37	5	Mar. & Sep.	55	65
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '52	5	May & Nov.	82	84
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb. & Aug.	88	90
So. Cal. Edison gen., '39	5	Jan. & July	88	93
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '58	5	Mar. & Sep.	88	92
Stand. Gas & El., '35	6	Apr. & Oct.	84	..
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '31	4	May & Dec.	70	87½
Syracuse Lt. & P., '54	5	Jan. & July	..	77
Syracuse Light 1st, '51	5	June & Dec.	86	90
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	87	..
Twin States Gas & El. 1st & ref., '53	5	Apr. & Oct.	76	82
United El. of N. J., '49	5	June & Dec.	69	72
Un. Lt. & Rys. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	84½	87½
Do deb., '26	7	May & Nov.	83	90
United Lt. & Ry., '23	6	Apr. & Oct.	96	99
Do, '20	7	May & Nov.	97	99
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar. & Sep.	60	70½
Do Income, '49	4	Mar. & Sep.	69½	70½
U. S. Pub. S. 1st, '27	6	June & Dec.	48	49
Unit. Util. conv., '43	6	Feb. & Aug.	84	91
Wash., B. & A., '41	5	Jan. & July	78	87
Washington Gas, '60	5	Mar. & Sep.	81	81½
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	May & Nov.	96½	97
W. St. Gas & El., '27	6	Jan. & July	70	70½
Wheel. Tr. 1st con., '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	87	91
*Flat.		Jan. & July	..	85

INDUSTRIAL BONDS.

Lima Locomotive, '32	6	May & Nov.	96	..
Monon Coal 1st, '36	5	June & Dec.	58	64
Poch. Con. Coll. 1st, '57	5	Jan. & July	87	89
Rogers-Brown Iron 1st ref., '40	5	Jan. & July	90	97
Wickwire Steel 1st, '34	6	May & Nov.	97	100

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per Cent.	Period	Date.	Quotation May 2, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Pwr. Do pf.	1½	Q	Apr 1, 19	14	16
Am. Gas & El. ($50)	1½	Q	Apr 1, 19	74	76
Do pf. ($50)	*1¼	Q	Apr 1, 19	145	149
Am. Light & Trac.	10c	Q	May 1, 19	41	43
Do pf.	75c	Q	May 1, 19	260	265
Am. Power & Light.	1¾	Q	May 1, 19	97	99
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Mar 1, 19	57	60
Am. Public Utilities	¾	Q	Apr 1, 19	76	78
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 14	35	40
Am. W. Wks. & Elec.	1½	Q	Apr 1, 19	5	20
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Feb 15,19	59	5¾
Do participating pf.	½	Q		9	61
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf	3	S	Dec 2, 18	73	11
Buffalo Gen. Electric	2	Q	Mar 31,19	107½	106½
Cal. Electric Gen. pf.	1½	Q	Apr 1, 19	84	88
Capital Traction	1½	Q	Apr 1, 19	86	87
C. Miss. V. El. cum. pf	1½	Q	Dec 1, 18	..	45
Cities Service	*½	M	May 1, 19	360	362
Do pf	*½	M	May 1, 19	79½	79¾
Colorado Power	1½	Q	Jan 15,19	23	26
Do pf	1½	Q	Mar 15,19	97	101
Columbus Elec. pf.	3	S	Jan 15,18	70	73
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.	1	Q	Nov 1, 18	22¼	24
Do pf.	a1¾	Q	May 1, 19	48	50
Conn. Power pf.	1½	Q	Mar 1, 18	73	..
Con. Trac. of N. J.	2	S	Jan 15,19	..	62
Eastern Texas Elec.	2½	S	Jan 2, 19	55	60
Do pf.	2½	S	Jan 2, 19	75	..
Elec. Bond & Share pf	1½	Q	Mar 15,19	93	96
El Paso Electric	2½	Q	May 1, 19	93	96
Essex & Hudson Gas	4	S	Dec 1, 18	110	120
Federal Light & Trac. Do pf.	..	..		..	..
Gal. & Hous. El. pf.	1¾	..	Sep 1, 14	12	12
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	3	S	Mar 15,19	47	50
Illum. & Pr. Sec.	2½	S	Jan 1, 19	65	68
Do pf.	..	..		73	..
Miss. River Pr. pf.	1¾	Q	May 15,19	10	20
Nashville R. & L. pf.	1½	Q	J. & J.	83	95
Newark Con. Gas	2½	Q	Apr 1, 19	40	44¼
Niagara Falls Pwr. pf.	1½	Q	J. & J.	50	60
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.	1¾	Q	Apr 15,19	78	82
Do pf.	..	..		99	102
No. States Power	1¾	Q	Jan 15,19	11	15
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 20,18	65	60
Nor. Texas Electric	1	Q	Apr 21,19	70	72
Do pf.	1	Q	Mar 1, 19	40	92
Pacific Gas & Electric	1¾	Q	Mar 1, 19	49	54
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Apr 21,19	70	75
Pac. G. & E. (Ariz.) pf	1¾	Q	Apr 21,19	56	56½
Pac. Pr. & Lt. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb 15,19	87½	88
Republic Ry. & Light.	1	N	Jan 10,19	80	90
Do pf.	1	N	Jul 15, 18	21	100
Southern Cal. Edison	1¾	Q	Apr 15,19	60	22
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Feb 15,19	88	82
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	1¾	S	Apr 15,19	98	89
Standard Gas & Elec.	1¾	S	Dec 1, 18	100	102
Do pf.	..	..		..	105
Tampa Electric	1½	Q	Mar 15,19	43¼	40
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	2½	Q	Nov 15,18	110	45
Do pf.	..	..		..	112
Tri-City R. & L. pf.	1½	Q	Apr 1, 19	19	4¾
United Light & Rys.	1	Q	Apr 1, 19	77	5¼
Do 1st pf.	1	Q	Apr 1, 19	90	22
Un. Rys. & El. (Balt.)	30c	Q	Apr 1, 19	40	82
United Utilities	..	..	Jan 22,19	15	41
Do pf.	..	..		..	71
Washington Gas	90c	Q	Apr 1, 19	80	15½
Wash. Ry. & Electric.	1½	Q	Feb 1, 19	50	90
Do pf.	1½	Q	Mar 1, 19	..	51
Western Power	1¾	Q	Mar 1, 19	60	50
Do pf.	..	..		..	61
West. States Gas & E.	3-16	M	Apr 15,19	64½	18
Wisconsin Edison	1¾	Q	Jan 15,19	75	20
	$2		Dec 31,18	31	80
					36

*1% payable in com. stock. †Incl. 2½% payable in com. stock. ‡Incl. 3% extra. a—Payable in scrip.

TRUST COMPANIES.

Bankers Tr.	15,000,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 19	420	425
Brooklyn	1,500,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 19	500	510
Cent. Union	12,500,000	5½	Q	Apr 1, 19	440	448
Columbia	5,000,000	4	Q	Mar 31,19	342	370
Commercial	500,000				100	103
Empire	2,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,19	294	..
Equitable Tr.	6,000,000	5	Q	Mar 31,19	450	455
Far. L. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	May 1, 19	455	465
Fidelity	1,000,000	2½	Q	Mar 31,19	220	225
Franklin	1,000,000	2	Q	Mar 31,19	225	235
Fulton	500,000	*5	S	Jan 2, 19	240	255
Guaranty	25,000,000	5	Q	Mar 31,19	406	410
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	May 1, 19	260	265
Hudson Tr.	500,000	2	Q	Mar 31,19	135	145
Irving Trust	2,250,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 19	..	..
Kings Co.	1,000,000	2	Q	Jan 15,19	23	26
Law.T. & T.C.	4,000,000	4	Q	Mar 15,19	97	101
Lincoln	1,000,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 19	127	128
Manufact'rs	1,000,000	2	Q	May 1, 19	175	185
Merc. Nat. (D.)	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 19	160	..
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,19	320	330
New York	2,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31,19	610	615
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	25	Q	Dec 10,18	780	800
People's Tr.	1,000,000	4	Q	Mar 31,19	295	305
Q. Co., Jama.	600,000	..			75	82
Title G. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Mar 31,19	395	400
United States	10,000,000	23	Q	Jan 2, 19	910	925
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	20	Q	Mar 31,19	445	455

*And 2% extra. ‡See Irving Nat. Bank.

INSURANCE, REALTY, AND SURETY COMPANIES.

Am. Alliance	$1,000,000	1½	S	J. & J.	235	..
Am. Bur'y ($50)	5,000,000	$1	Q	Mar 31,19	62	66
Bd. & Mtg. G.	5,000,000	*1	Q	Feb 15,19	200	205
City of N. Y.	600,000	3	S	Dec 31,18	110	120
Commonw'lth	500,000	5	S	Nov 1, 18	300	325
Continental	10,000,000	2½	S	Jan 8, 19	470	485
Fidel. Phenix	2,500,000	15	Q	Apr 30,18	950	..
Globe & Rut.	700,000	15	S	Jan 8, 19	378	385
Great Amer.	5,000,000	*6	Q	Apr 15,19	378	385
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 19	80	83
Home Fire ($50)	6,000,000	12½	S	J. & J.	320	330
Lawyers Mtg.	2,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 19	92	128
Mtg. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 3, 19	92	96
Nat. Lib. ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	170	180
Nat. Surety.	4,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 19	244	249
N.Y. T. & M.	2,125,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 19	104	107
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	*15	S	Jan 15,19	..	..
No. Eliver ($25)	600,000	3	S	A. & O.	177	..
Pacific ($25)	400,000	5	S	Jan 22,19	45	60
Realty Asso.	4,000,000	3	S	Jan 15,19	88	95
Stuyv't ($100)	700,000	3	S	Jan 15,19	88	95
Westc'r ($10)	1,000,000	2½c	Q	Jan 1, 19	60	60

*Incl. 5% extra. †And 1% extra. ‡And 15c extra. §And 5% extra. a—2½% extra, payable April 16.

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

Bklr. St. & F. Ferry stock	$900,000	3½	S	J. & J.	21¼	..
B'way&7thAv	2,100,000	2½	Q	Jan 1, 19	40	80
Bn. C.R. ($10)	12,000,000	25c	Q	Apr 15,19	10½	11⅛
Ch. & 10th St.	650,000	2	Q	Jan 15,19	50	75
8th Av. R.R.	1,000,000	4	Q	Jan 15,19	100	140
42d St & G.St	748,000	4½	Q	Feb 1, 19	..	190
Ninth Av.	500,000	2	Q	Jan 15,19	..	110
6th Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar 20,19	..	95

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per Cent.	Period	Date.	Quotation May 3, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
America	$1,500,000	15	S	Jan 2, 19	550	..
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	a7	S	May 1, 19	243	..
Atlantic ($100)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 19	175	180
Batt'y Pk. N.	1,500,000	3	S	Jan 2, 19	180	183
Bowery	250,000	*3	S	Jan 2, 19	200	212
Bw'y Cent'l.	100,000		Q	May 1, 19	425	..
Bronx Nat.	200,000	3	S	Jan 2, 19	135	145
Bronx Boro.	150,000				150	155
Bryant Park	200,000	2	S	Jan 1, 19	125	130
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	..	Jul 1, 18	30	..
Chase Nat'l.	10,000,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 19	450	460
Ch.-Ph. Nat.	3,500,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 19	420	425
Chelsea Ex.	400,000	3	S	Apr 1, 19	100	110
Chemic. Nat.	3,000,000	3½	Q	Jan 17, 19	510	..
Citizens Nat.	2,550,000	2½	Q	May 1, 19	230	..
City (Nat'l).	25,000,000	5	S	Apr 1, 19	220	225
Coal & I. N.	1,500,000	2	S	May 1, 18	448	452
Colonial	500,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 19	400	..
Columbia	1,000,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 19	175	185
Comm. Exch.	200,000	10	S	Dec 31,18	390	405
Commonw'th.	400,000	6	S	Jan 2, 19	215	230
Com. Nat.	25,000,000	2½	Q	May 1, 18	235	237
Contin'l ($75)	1,000,000	3½	Q	Apr 1, 19	110	..
Corn Exch.	4,200,000	5	Q	Feb 1, 19	380	390
E. R. N&t.	1,000,000	2	Q	May 1, 19	150	..
Europe	150,000	2	..	Jun 1, 16	110	130
Fifth Av.	200,000	12½	..	Jan 13,17	2000	2200
Fifth Nat.	250,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 19	215	225
First Nat.	10,000,000	15	Q	Apr 1, 19	985	..
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,19	185	..
Gotham Nat.	200,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 19	198	200
Greenwich	500,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 19	350	..
Hanover Nat	3,000,000	8	Q	Apr 1, 19	770	785
Harriman N.	1,000,000	5	S	Jan 3, 19	325	..
Imp. & T.Nat	1,000,000	12	Q	Jan 3, 19	380	..
Irving Nat.	4,500,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 19	†350	..
Liberty Nat.	2,000,000	4½	Q	Apr 1, 19	670	680
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	May 1, 19	280	290
Manh'n ($50)	2,500,000	22½	Q	Apr 1, 19	210	220
Mech. & Met.	6,000,000	2	S	Apr 15,19	346	..
Mer.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	2	S	Jan 2, 19	150	155
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2½	Q	Apr 2, 19	180	190
Mutual	200,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 19	375	400
N. Netherl'd.	200,000	4	S	Apr 1, 19	200	215
N.Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 19	440	..
N.Y. Co. Nat.	1,000,000	10	Q	Jan 2, 17	135	145
N.Y. Fro. Ex.	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr 15,19	225	..
Pacific ($50)	500,000	182	Q	May 1, 19	150	..
Park Nat.	5,000,000	6	Q	Apr 1, 19	695	705
People's ($25)	300,000	3	Q	Jan 10,19	135	140
Public	1,250,000	3	Q	Mar 31,19	260	265
Seab'd Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 19	500	..
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 19	450	500
Sherman Nat	500,000	1½	Q	Feb 1, 19	125	135
State	2,000,000	3	S	Feb 1, 19	130	138
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Feb 1, 19	130	..
United States	1,000,000	10	..	Jul, 1918	165	170
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Dec 31,18	175	185
Wash. Hgts.	100,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 19	275	..
Westch'r Av.	100,000	2	Q	Feb 1, 19	160	175
Yorkville	200,000	5	Q	Mar 31,19	300	325

*And 7% extra. †Incl. 1½% extra. ††Includes one-half share Irving Trust Co. ‡And 5% of First Security Co. a—Incl. 2% extra. d—Incl. 2% extra.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Per Cent.	Period	Date.	Quotation May 3, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
American Brass	*1½	Q	Feb 15,19	218	223
American Chicle	1	Q	May 1, 19	115	116
Amer. Typefounders	1½	Q	Apr 1, 19	84	85
Atlas Powder	3	Q	Apr 15,19	43	45
Do pf.	3	Q	Mar 10,19	147	149
Babcock & Wilcox	2½	Q	May 1, 19	91	92
Bord. Cond. Milk	4	S	Apr 1, 19	122	122
Do pf.	1½	Q	Feb 15,19	107	110
By-Products Coke	1½	Q	Mar 15,19	97	100
Carbon Steel	1½	Q	Feb 15,19	103	110
Do 1st pf.	12	Q	Apr 15,19	90	100
Do 2d pf.	4	S	Mar 31,19	98	100
Cardenas Am. Sug. pf.	6	S	Jul 30, 18	67	72
Celluloid	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 19	..	80
Central Aguirre Sugar	2	Q	Mar 31,19	135	139
Central Coal & Coke	2½	Q	Apr 1, 19	188	191
Chi. Ry. Equipment	1½	Q	Apr 15,19	70	73
Childs	1½	Q	Apr 1, 19	102	104
Do pf.	..	..	Sep 10,18	61	65
Columbia Graphophone	$2½	Q	Mar 10,19	99	101
Do pf.	2	Q	Apr 1, 19	246	247
Crocker-Wheeler	1¾	Q	Apr 15,19	95¾	95¾
Do pf.	2	Q	Apr 15,19	90	95
Del., Lack. & W. Coal	$1¼	Q	Apr 15,19	96	100
Eastern Steel	$2½	Q	Apr 15,19	160	165
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Apr 15,19	73	77
Eastman Kodak	a2½	Q	Mar 15,19	84	90
Fajardo Sugar	2½	Q	Apr 1, 19	568	575
Federal Sugar	1¾	Q	May 1, 19	103	100
Do pf.	1¾	Q	May 1, 19	103	103
Gillette Safety Razor	*82	Q	May 1, 19	103	..
Guantanamo Sugar	$1¼	Q	May 1, 19	144	147
Hercules Powder	4	Q	Mar 25,19	57	58
Do pf.	4	Q	Mar 25,19	223	228
Ingersoll-Rand pf.	1½	Q	Feb 15,19	107	109
Int. Silver	3	S	Jan 1, 19	99	102
Do pf.	..	..		..	25
Lanston Monotype	1½	Q	Apr 1, 19	88	92
Lima Locomotive	1½	Q	Feb 28,19	66	67½
Manati Sugar	..	..		35	36
Do pf.	2½	Q	Mar 1, 19	97	100
Matanzas-Am.	1½	Q	Apr 1, 19	90	92
Do pf.	..	..		5	12
Mergenthaler Linotype	..	..		..	80
Midwest Refining	2½	Q	Mar 31,19	139	..
Nat. Candy	*81	Q	May 1, 19	183	..
Do 1st pf.	2½	S	Mar 12,19	..	103
Do 2d pf.	2½	S	Mar 12,19	103	104
Nat. Sugar Refining	1¾	Q	Mar 12,19	95	97
New Jersey Zinc	4	Q	Apr 25,19	110	110½
New Niquero

THE BUSINESS WORLD

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY.

Notice of Annual Meeting of June 2nd, 1919.

Notice hereby is given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the International Mercantile Marine Company will be held at the principal office of the Company, at the building of the Hudson Trust Company, No. 51 Newark Street, in the city of Hoboken, County of Hudson, New Jersey, on Monday, the second day of June, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, for the transaction of any and all business that may come before the meeting, including the election of six Directors, to hold office for three years, and the ratification of all contracts, acts, proceedings, elections and appointments by the Board of Directors or the Finance Committee since the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Company on June 3d, 1918.

The stock transfer books of both Common and Preferred Stock will be closed at the close of business on Monday, the 12th day of May, 1919, and will be reopened at ten o'clock in the morning of Tuesday, June 3d, 1919. EMERSON E. TAYLOR, Secretary.

Hoboken, New Jersey, April 21, 1919.

THE NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.

New York, N. Y., April 21, 1919.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Eighty-ninth Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The New York and Harlem Railroad Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, in Grand Central Terminal, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the 20th day of May, 1919.

The Poll will be open at 12 o'clock Noon and continue open for two hours thereafter.

The Transfer Books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, the 30th day of April, 1919, and reopened on the morning of Wednesday, the 21st day of May, 1919. DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

KENNECOTT COPPER CORPORATION

120 BROADWAY, New York, N. Y.

Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Kennecott Copper Corporation will be held at the principal office of the Corporation, Room 3549, No. 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on the 6th day of May, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Corporation will be closed on April 21, 1919, at 3 P. M., and will be reopened immediately after the final adjournment of said meeting.

C. T. ULRICH, Secretary.

New York, N. Y., April 4, 1919.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF

ROBERT KAMBER & HOFFMAN, INC.

SIRS: YOU WILL PLEASE TO TAKE NOTICE, that a meeting of the Stockholders of the above corporation will be held at the office of the company, No. 85 5th Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 12th day of May, 1919, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon thereof, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that such corporation be forthwith dissolved, and for the transacion of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated, New York, April 10th, 1919.

Yours, &c.,
ROBERT KAMBER, President.
D. S. HOFFMAN, Secretary.

St. Louis, Mo., May 1, 1919.
ELECTION NOTICE.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Missouri Pacific Railroad Company will be held at the General Office of the Company, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, May 13th, 1919, at nine o'clock A. M., for the election of seventeen Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may come before said meeting.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY
By HARRY BRONNER, President.
H. J. UTTER, Secretary.

HENSHAW FLORAL CO., INC.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of Henshaw Floral Company, Inc., will be held at its office, No. 127 West 28th Street, New York City, on the 12th day of May, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, April 28th, 1919.
FRANK R. MARTIN, Secretary.

PLAZA OPERATING COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of Plaza Operating Company for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, on Monday, May 12, 1919, at two o'clock in the afternoon. R. G. BABBAGE, Secretary.

Des Moines & Ft. Dodge Railroad Co.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Des Moines & Fort Dodge Railroad Company will be held in the office of the Company, Room 607 Equitable Building, Des Moines, Iowa, in the City of Des Moines, Iowa, on Thursday, June 5th, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon. Transfer books close May 24, and will reopen June 6th, 1919.

A. C. DOAN, Secretary.

NEW YORK CITY MARBLE CEMETERY

The Annual Meeting of the Vault Owners of The New York City Marble Cemetery will be held in Room 1507, 141 Broadway, on Monday, May 5, 1919, at 8 P. M.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY

49 Wall Street

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 38.

New York City, April 23rd, 1919.

The Board of Directors of the Standard Milling Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. (1½%) upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable out of the earnings for the current fiscal year on May 31st, 1919, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business on May 21st, 1919.

JOS. A. KNOX, Treasurer.

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY

49 Wall Street

COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 10.

New York City, April 23rd, 1919.

The Board of Directors of the Standard Milling Company have today declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. (2%) upon the Common Stock of this Company, payable on May 31st, 1919, in cash, to Common Stockholders of record at the close of business May 21st, 1919.

Checks will be mailed.

JOS. A. KNOX, Treasurer.

ST. JOSEPH LEAD COMPANY

61 Broadway, New York.

May 3, 1919.

A dividend of twenty-five cents per share on the outstanding capital stock of the above company has been declared payable June 20, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 9, 1919. The transfer books of the company will close on June 9, 1919, and reopens June 21, 1919.

LEONIDAS H. BESSON, Secretary.

AMERICAN HIDE & LEATHER CO.

New York, April 29, 1919.

A Dividend of 1¾% has this day been declared upon the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company, payable out of the accumulated net Profits arising from the business of the Corporation, payable on July 1, 1919, to the Stockholders of record at the close of business June 14, 1919.

GEO. A. HILL, Treasurer.

THE J. G. WHITE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION.

43 Exchange Place, New York.

The regular quarterly dividend (Twenty-Fifth Quarter) of One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents ($1.75) per share has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable June 1, 1919, to stockholders of record May 15, 1919.

T. W. MOFFAT, Treasurer.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

New York, April 30th, 1919.

THE SPECIAL PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between MARTIN BRAUER as General Partner and CHARLES H. LOUIS as Special Partner has this day been terminated. MARTIN BRAUER.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is hereby given that THOMAS TRACY, as owner, and TRACY TOWING LINE, INC., as charterer, of the steamtug "Mary T. Tracy" and Walter Tracy," filed their petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage, or injury from said vessels on January 24, 1919. Value of vessels and freight, as per order of court, $17,200.

All persons claiming damage because of said loss, destruction, damage, or injury must prove their claims before Herbert Green, Commissioner, at his office at No. 1 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before July 30, 1919, or be defaulted.

Dated, April 24, 1919.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.

FOLEY & MARTIN,
Proctors for Petitioners.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is given that OWEN McAFFREY'S SONS, owner of the steamtug "Bulley," for engines, etc., has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage or injury from said steamtug on December 12, 1917. Stipulated value of vessel $12,000. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Henry W. Goodrich, Esq., Commissioner, at his office, No. 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 12th day of May, 1919, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

APPAREL Wanted.—We need 10,000 dresses, suits, capes, coats, immediately, from $3 to $50 per garment, in jobiots, for cash only. Phone Canal 4222.

BEANS Wanted.—Steel; either bottled, loose, or bunched. Kramer, Melrose 5634.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Columbia or botany taupe; brown; plum. Madison Square 1060.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany No. 315, or similar; old rose and peach. Farragut 9950.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—We are open for F. & H. and Botany in all colors. Becker & Mondschein, 29 West 36th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—110, colors black and navy; cheap cash. Farragut 9127.

CAPES, Dolmans, Suits, Coats, Dresses, Waists, Skirts, Silk Underwear Wanted.—Surplus; best grades; cash. National, Tel. Canal 4222.

CHINCHILLA Wanted.—White suits or similar, any quantity. Louis Greenberg Bro., 71 West 23d.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Better grade for Fall; Monday and Tuesday. Liberty Cloak and Suit Co., Chicago, Room 909, 1,170 Broadway.

COATS Wanted.—Western jobber will buy 5,000 ladies' and misses' pile fabric and cloth coats, last season's styles; spot cash. V 28 Times.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber ready to place Fall orders on coats and suits; call with samples. Blaustein, 10 East 30th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Ladies and misses; also Pile fabrics sport coats; will look from 10 to 5. 8th floor, 18 West 21st.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Looking at Fall coats and suits of the better grade all week. 3d floor, 10 East 33d.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Ladies' and misses'; now looking at Fall samples. S. Bernstein & Co., 30 West 33d.

COATS Wanted.—Ladies', misses', juniors'; all kinds of cloth; also pile fabrics. Call 29 West 33d; 9th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber exclusively looking at silvertones, crystal cord and other better kinds. First floor, 48 West 22d.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall samples, ladies' and juniors' coats, 1,140 Broadway; Room 1506.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Placing orders on high grade Fall coats and suits; call with samples. 32 East 31st, 9th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Looking at samples of high-grade coats entire week. 99 Madison Av. 15th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Children's exclusive jobber looking at Fall lines all week. 3 East 17th, 9th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at cloth coats all week. 105 Madison Av., 5th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Will look at Fall samples, better grade. 11th floor, 145 West 30th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at children's coats in cloth and pile fabric. 29 West 30th, 1st floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Fall suits and coats; call with samples. 7th Floor, 32 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Infants' and children's Fall coats. 137 West 27th; first floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on coats. 36 East 10th; 3d floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on coats. 144 West 27th; 4th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall samples. 9th floor, 29 West 30th.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall samples. 122 West 26th, 6th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Children's 6-14. Call 20 West 33d; 9th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Pile fabrics. 45 West 27th, 4th floor.

CORDUROY Wanted.—White imported, hollow cut. Louis Greenberg Bro., 71 West 23d.

CREPE Wanted.—Serpentine and Pacific crepe; submit samples. 11th floor, 118 West 22d. Chelsea 3050.

CREPE METEOR Wanted.—Open for quantity; not over $1.75; cash. Dicker & Ginsberg, 22 West 32d St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Flesh; quantity for cash. Addison, 49 West 25d.

CREPE WINDSOR Wanted.—White and pink. Phone Stagg 1181.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing large stock orders on taffetas, satins, georgettes, crepe de chines, serges; call all week with samples. 25 West 32d; 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at satin, serges, georgette; Fall; placing orders all week; also buying jobs in satins, georgettes. Paris, 18 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for Fall styles, tricotines, serges, satins, and tricolettes, all of better grade, up-to-date models; large orders placed. 31st floor, 24 Times.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders white voile and organdie dresses. 12 West 32d, 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—500 printed georgette dresses; the newest models. George Rosenheim, 1,270 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on sport dresses in all materials, also cotton and jobs on silks. 43 West 33d St., 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—For cash; georgettes, crepe de chines, taffetas, and satins; must be at a price. 319 5th Av., 2d Floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Georgettes, voiles, ginghams, foulards, crepes; spot cash; jobs, big quantities preferred. Farragut 5154.

DRESSES Wanted.—Job georgettes, taffetas, and figured georgettes, for cash. Underselling Waist Co., 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—For Fall silks and serges, large jobber placing orders. 8 West 27th, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large quantity, high-class dresses; only for cash. Mr. Weinstein, 11th floor, 19 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—500 printed georgette dresses; the newest models. George Rosenheim, 1,270 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Looking at samples of serga and satin for Fall. 18 West 27th, Room 605.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity, spot cash, better grade. Normans Dress, 270 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted. — Jobber placing big orders on printed cotton voile. 12 West 32d, 12th floor.

FLANNELS Wanted.—Outing or flannelette, red or scarlet. Haas, 100 5th Av. Chelsea 8636.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—Open for quantity; cash prices. Fanay, 145 West 30th.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Plaids and stripes; all kind. Phone 1118 Stuyvesant. H. & L. Sacks.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Dress patterns; large quantity. M. Weisman & Sons, 118 West 22d St.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—All kinds; cash. Madison Square 8671.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—In small or large quantites. Esco Waist, 151 West 25th.

KHAKI AND GRAY CANVAS Wanted. — Phone 5840 South.

LINEN Wanted.—Damask and huck toweling; submit samples; quantities; cash. E. 774 Times Downtown.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Silks, georgettes, georgines, Jap silk, taffetas; quantity. Queen, 114 West 26th.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Pile fabrics in all qualities. Fredk. Winters Corp., 220 5th Av. Madison Square 2804.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Quantity. Blumenthal 1410, 40-40, H. & H. 200, similar; cash. Spring 8840.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Peco plush. Farragut 9802.

POM POM.—Winter cotton warp, all dark colors. Chelsea 5494.

POPLINS, SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy quantity at right price. A. Smollan, 243 7th Av., care Itzkowitz Bros.

SATEEN AND VENETIANS Wanted.—Plain and flowered; for cash. Madison Square 8671.

SATINS Wanted.—Open for large quantities; flesh wash satins and messalines, 90c-$1 cash. Telephone Spring 7099.

SATINS Wanted.—Open for 40-inch, all colors; must be cheap for cash. Shapero, Lewis & Co., 150 Madison Av.

SECO Wanted.—Also cotton goods, all kinds; spot cash. Madison Square 8671.

SERGES Wanted. — Tricotines, poplins, American, botany, Jullliards, Garfields, U. S., Gera, or others; state lowest cash prices. L. L., 244 Times.

SERGES and Poplins Wanted.—Open to buy serges and poplins of all kinds, black and navy, any quantity. Mirkus, 43 East 21st St., Gramercy 2744.

SERGES Wanted. — 2001 Whitman, 2272 Whitman, 7614 Amoskeag, 7312 Amoskeag, 587 A. W. Co., 3844 A. W. Co.; navy only. Phone 328 Stuyvesant.

SERGES Wanted.—Cash; 54280, 7120, 6120, W. F. X., 7008, 9240, 7614, 7301, 11433, 780. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th. Gramercy 1989.

SERGES, Broadcloth, Silvertone Wanted.—09070, 0936, 235, 54280, 696, 7120, 7301; cash. Farragut 9855.

SERGES Wanted.—54280, 7120. Congress Waist and Dress Co., 32 West 20th.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 6120, 47116, 11433, 519, 54280 for cash. Gramercy 4493.

SERGES, Pom Poms Wanted.—Green, brown, blue; spot cash. Spring 5397.

SERGE Wanted.—4, 103, 104 navy; spot cash. Madison Square 6716.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 1464, 0000, 11433, 54289; spot cash. Gramercy 1813.

SERGES Wanted.—87, 1210, 7002, 2402, 6120, 7120. P. P. L. Madison Square 1802.

SERGES Wanted.—7614 or similar; spot cash. S. Ornstein, 57 East 11th St.

SERGES Wanted. — Navy 009, or similar. Madison Square 3515.

SERGE Wanted.—White only, good quality French serge; also white wool gabardine and white storm serge. Ext. 6, Mad. Sq. 8482

SERGES Wanted:—104, 54289 and lightweight velours, Preston Woolen Mills, 44 East 23d. Gramercy 5425.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, WFX, 11433, 54280, navy and black; price must be low for cash. Y 2 Times Annex.

SERGES Wanted.—7614, 7120, W. F. X., 54280; also pom pom and zibeline. Madison Square 5814.

SERGE Wanted.—Whitman's 3 original tickets, will exchange black for navy. Chelsea 2210.

SERGES Wanted.—7614, MFL, 87, VSL, three similar qualities; spot cash. Spring 5397.

SERGES, Velours, Tricotine, Silvertone Wanted.—Premier Garment Co., Chelsea 1995.

SERGES Wanted.—Will pay cash for 104 navy or similar. Spring 9630, Extension 42.

SERPERTIN CREPE Wanted for cash. Hamburger Bros., 134 West 26th St.

SHARKSKIN AND MOHAIRS Wanted.—Open quantities S. K. W. sharkskin, navy, brown, green, 54 inches, Sicilians, all colors, including green, brown. Phone Canal 9487, Dept. 16.

SHIRTINGS Wanted:—We are open for a large quantity of silk and cotton and silk fibre shirtings for spot cash. Spring 9263.

SILKS Wanted.—Will buy for cash any quantity of silk, satin, taffeta, georgettes, printed foulard, novelties of velvet and velveteens, also chiffons and tender silk. Call Madison Square 2673.

SILKS Wanted.—White tub; quantity no object; cash if necessary; submit samples. Boston Reliable Petticoat Co., 40 Harrison Av., Boston, Mass.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for any quantity in seconds of silk, tricolettes, for cash. Madison Square 4941.

SILKS Wanted.—Satin striped crepe de chines and taffetas; cash prices. 145 West 30th.

SILK Wanted.—Jap, Habutai messaline; all weights. Rice, 100 5th Av. Chelsea 8636.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Joels Americans, velour, 544 broadcloth. Gotlieb & Lalkind, 27 West 20th.

SILVERTIP Wanted.—Bolivia crystal cords; velours, all colors. Markowitz & Schlossman, 40 West 33d St.

SILVERTONES Wanted for Cash.—Americans and similar. Spring 5372.

SILVERTONES Silvertips, and Polos Wanted.—Chelsea 8080.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted, (Fall.)—Jobber placing stock orders of better kind call any morning with samples. Room 312, 40 West 33d.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Fall garments. Call all week Premier Garment Co., 145 West 28th.

SUITS Wanted.—300, poiret, twill, gabardines, tricotines, in the newest models. George Rosenheim, 1,270 Broadway.

SUITS Wanted.—300 Poiret twill gabardines, tricotines in the newest models. George Rosenheim, 1,270 Broadway.

SUITS, COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall styles. Morris Waldman, 17 West 28th.

SUITS, COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders; call mornings, all week. 39 West 32d, 3d floor.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Changeable; not over dollar yard. Lewis Leopold, 127 West 20th.

TRICOLETTE Wanted.—Fancy stripes. B. Lotzker, 122 West 26th St.

TRIGOTINE Wanted.—Lorraine 3683, Garfield 4718, duvais, U. S. or other good qualities. Gramercy 1890-6726.

TRICOTINE Wanted. Geo. Kuhn, 148 West 24th, 7th floor.

TUL SILK Wanted.—Flesh color; also navy radium; can use large quantity; cash. Lotzker, 117 West 29th.

UPHOLSTERY FRINGE Wanted.—Silk and cotton. World Merchandise Corp., 536 Broadway.

VELOURS AND BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Lightweights, Fall shades; cash. Chas. Cohen Co., 315 4th Av.

VELOURS Wanted.—632, 0360, 11050, K 544, 18009, in all shades; spot cash. Ulln and Einstein, 39 West 19th.

VELOURS AND BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Botany for cash. Madison Square 5617.

VELOUR Wanted.—Dress weight; cash on delivery. Marion Dress, 2 West 33d.

VELOURS Wanted. — Light weight Deering & Milliken, or similar. Gramercy 4400.

VELOURS Wanted.—American 11005, or similar. All colors. Canal 4377.

VENETIANS Wanted.—De Luxe, 32 and 54 inch; any quantity, for cash, at a price. Spring 9.

WAISTS Wanted.—1,000 French voile waists, newest models in peplum front. George Rosenheim, 1,270 Broadway.

WAISTS Wanted.—1,000 French voile waists, newest models in poplin front. George Rosenheim, 1,270 Broadway.

WAISTS Wanted.—Job in silk. Underselling Waist Co., 118 West 22d St.

WASHABLE SATINE, Crepe de Chine, Silk and Cotton and Fine Sateens Wanted.—Flesh colors only; open for a quantity. J. & S. Milberg, 512 Broadway.

WHITE ARMY DRILL Wanted.—Any quantity. Royal Hat Co., 181 Mercer St.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Jobs, all kinds; cash; also regular merchandise. Madison Square 9837.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

ASTRACHAN.—Black, wool plush, Dobson's poplin, American 12075, broadcloth 315, all shades. Gramercy 3247.

BROADCLOTHS.—Botany 315, Worumbo, 9922, 6120, also velours K 544, 11050, 18009, and light weight velours; at reasonable prices. Boston Woolen Mills, 29 East 22d.

BROADCLOTH, Velours, Serges, Poplins, Tricotines, corporation and other numbers; immediate delivery. A. Chessman & Son, 332 4th Av. Madison Square 4412.

BROADCLOTHS, Velours, Serges, Panamas, Poplins, all makes. Utopia Mills, 29 East 21st St., Gramercy 4475-4476.

BROADCLOTH, Velours, Serges, Oxfords; cheap delivery. Evans Bros, 404 4th Av., Mad. Sq. 292.

BROADCLOTHS AND SERGES.—Botany 315, Stevens 7022, 87, 54280, cheap. Chelsea 6549.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany white broadcloth for sale. I. Arbus & Sons. Farragut 3334.

BROADCLOTH.—Reindeer 551, Parker Willbur, Gotlieb, 1,120 Greely.

CAPES, DOLMANS, COATS.—Immediate delivery; high-class Bolivias, silvertone, serges, satins, taffetas, &c., at sacrificing prices. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

CAPES, COATS, DOLMANS.—Closing out; large assortment; immediate delivery. Pottter & Schattman, 31 West 31st.

CAPES AND COATS.—Infants' and children's 2 to 6, 7 to 10, 8 to 14, on racks. Jos. Lesser, 137 West 25th St.

CAPES, CAPES, CAPES, CAPES.—Flappers, girls', infants'; immediate shipment. Julius Goldstein, 153 West 25d St.

CAPES AND DOLMANS.—Large stock to close out at a very low price. Rosenfeld & Newmark, 18 West 27th.

CAPES, COATS.—Girls, 2 to 14, serges, poplins, checks; immediate delivery. Kommel, 27 West 20th.

CAPES, Coats, Suits; immediate delivery; big reduction in price for quantity. Berstein, 118 West 27th St.

CAPES, Dolmans, Coats, and Suits.—To close out. S. & S. Garment Co., 22 West 27th.

CAPES, Dolmans, Suits at closing out prices. B. Lasker, 122 West 26th.

CAPES, SUITS.—Better grade; closing out. Kirschman Bros., 36 West 25th.

CAPES, DOLMANS.—At reduced prices. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

CHECKS.—Fancy shepherd checks, to close out. Greeley 4377.

CHILDREN'S CAPES for immediate delivery. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS, AUTO DUSTERS.—Mohair, linen, and Shantung; immediate delivery. S. D. Seliger, 11 West 17th St. Phone Chelsea 9350.

COATS.—Fall line silvertones, bolivias, velours, broadcloths, now ready for jobbers. Gottlieb & Lalkind, 27 West 20th.

COATS.—Salt's pile fabrics in every style; cloth coats in exclusive models and materials. N. Hurwitz, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—Children's; sacrificing Spring stock; opportunity for wonderful buy. D. Kantor Co., 3 East 17th.

COATS, Capes and Dolmans.—Closing out entire stock. Newman, 137 West 27th.

COATS.—Smart styles, satin capes and velvet coatees. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—Straight line at sacrifice. I. Frank, 48 West 22.

CORDUROYS.—Boyd's 3100, navy, brown, green, plum, chestnut; 67½ cents net. Phone Spring 1664.

CORDUROYS.—36 inch white and high shades. Phone Madison Square 8064.

COTTON GOODS.—Printed voiles; latest designs; reasonable prices. Madison Square 1452.

COTTON OSNABURG.—About 3,000 yards; 36-inch; 10c. yard. Farragut 4770.

COTTON DRILL.—Khaki color, about 5,000 yards. Farragut 4770.

DOLMANS AND CAPES.—Large stock to close out at a low price. Rosenfeld & Newmark, 18 West 27th St.

DRESSES. — Georgettes, beaded, assorted sizes, colors, to close, $9.50. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Most wonderful line of taffetas, Georgettes, crepe de chines, wash dresses, $4.75 to $7.75, for immediate delivery. Doubt it? Will you believe your own eyes? Make the call today and convince yourself that you can buy dresses here at prices other firms call "close outs." M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—Come right over and see our most remarkable close out jobs of printed georgette dresses at $9.75; other georgettes from $9 up; poplins $3.75; crepe de chine $6; taffeta $5.50; 5,000 dresses ready for immediate delivery. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Have you seen "Marlette"? If not—why not? She's the best buy on the market today, for Summer business. She's cleverly put together; on view in my showroom only; take your pick at once, $6.75. Peller, 30 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—Contractors will dispose for cash job beaded Georgette tafeeta and Georgette taffeta combination; also printed voile, assorted colors and sizes; only those using better merchandise should reply. Madison Square 2369.

DRESSES.—Beautiful new Summer dresses in high grade flowered, beaded and plain georgette, also taffetas to close out at unusually low prices; immediate delivery. Klif Dress Co., 28 West 27th.

DRESSES.—2,000 to close out; foulards, satins, taffetas, printed georgettes, and combinations, crepe meteor, $10 up; cottons, $4.75 up. Regent Dress, Suit and Skirt Mfg. Co., 158 West 29th.

DRESSES.—2,000 dainty, artistic, Summer dresses on racks; voiles, ginghams, crepes, satins, taffetas, georgettes; prices exceptionally low to ten-day concerns. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—1,500, better grade flowered, beaded georgettes, and all-wool jerseys for immediate delivery. Leading Dress and Costume Co., 65 West 36th.

DRESSES.—Better grade printed and beaded indestructible georgettes, tricolettes, meteors, satins; immediate delivery. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—1,000 taffeta crepe de chine; snappy style; $5.25 to $7.50 colors, sizes; best value in town. Loeb Nussbaum, 110 West 25d.

DRESSES.—All kinds of assorted washable dresses for immediate delivery; snappy styles; good value. London Apparel, 9 West 20th.

DRESSES.—5,000 taffeta and satin; low prices; also big job silk dresses and large assortment cotton dresses for immediate delivery. Pan-American, 12 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Satin, georgette and serge dresses; immediate delivery; best selling styles. Mohawk Dress & Costume Co., 41 Union Sq. West. Orchard 7074.

DRESSES.—After Easter sale, 1,000 taffetas, georgettes; close out at low price. Florabell Dress, 38 West 20th.

DRESSES.—Contractor has 50 assorted silk dresses; latest models; sacrifice. Essanay Dress, 14 West 17th.

DRESSES.—To close out at price, georgette, taffetas, serges; also discarded samples wash dresses. Chauser, 137 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Graduation and confirmation crepe de chine, georgette silk lined, to close out cheap. Square, 1,193 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Contractor has 500 beaded georgette dresses; will sacrifice. Farragut 3653. D. & D. Dress Co.

DRESSES.—Wash, voile, gingham, organdies; immediate shipments; $3.50 up. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Exclusive line cotton georgettes, taffetas, crepe de chine; immediate delivery. Cohen & Polowan, 10 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Jobs to close out; all kinds of silks, $5. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—For stouts; immediate delivery. Stout Dress House, 59 West 32d Street.

DRESSES you will like; new models and close-outs. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Georgettes, taffetas, and satins, at sacrifice. Silk, 48 West 22d.

DRESSES.—Taffetas, jobs to close assorted; $5. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Job lot for sale. 26 West 17th, 12th floor.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES. — Wonderful assortment; big sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

GINGHAMS.—Imported William Anderson; 500 pieces for sale. Tip Top, 35 West 32d

HATS.—100 trimmed hats for sale 25c piece. Smolin, 5 West 37th.

LINING.—25 pieces Seco and 10 pieces cambric; will sell reasonably; white and colors. Belnord Dress, 41 East 21st.

M. F. L. V. S. L., M. D. S., F. S. G., C. P. L., F. B. W., S. S. G. L., 1210, 1067, 1099, 1095, 9, 1464, 6002, 774, Huebshman 41, 100 white corduroy, white gabardine, silk poplins, for immediate delivery. Gramercy 2744.

MEN'S COVERALLS with patent "slip-off," khaki and denim, triple stitched; special price. Motor Clothing Co., Baltimore, Md.

PANAMA.—54-inch Cleveland 7792 navy, 10 pieces to close out; also 6 pieces Coff's white serge. River Road Woolen Co., Boston, Mass.

PANAMAS.—In all shades, BPNL, 228, PNA., SPA. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

POPLINS and Panamas, all wool and cotton warps, F. P. L., 774, 767, S. P. A., H. W. P., Danish poplin cloth; also velours, Gera 50303, and oxfords; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

POPLINS, Saxonia, Brightwood, navy and black Amoskeag; Folwell's, all colors. Greeley 4377.

POPLIN.—American 90610 navy and black. I. Arbus & Sons. Farragut 3334.

SATEENS.—Plain and flowered, wonderful assortment; big sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

SECO.—Plain and colors; big sacrifice. New York Textile, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES, all wool and cotton warps, storm and French serges, 609, 09, 104, M. F. L., W. F. X., W. F., F. S. W., F. S. G., C. P. L., C. S. B., P. L. B., W. S. G., F. S. G., 1209, K. S. 1717, T., F. S.; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

SERGES.—7614, Botany 780, MFL., WFX., WF., VSL, and other mannish serges, DYE, black and navy, BPNL., PNA., SPA., 228; also silvertones, tricotines, broadcloths, kerseys and velours in Fall shades. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—7614, 3000, 6002, 812, 9301, 7008, W. S. L., tricotines, silvertones, American poplins 8158, navy and all high shades; at reasonable prices. Boston Woolen Mills, 29 East 22d. Gramercy 4481.

SERGES.—Broadcloth 54280, W. F. X., 4002, 104, 1464, and broadcloth all colors. Weinstein & Davidoff. Madison Square 4622.

SERGE.—Botany, French, and men's wear, styles 821 and 824; also Stevens black broadcloth. Gramercy 6726-1809.

SERGES.—09, 1464, CS, SBGL, WFX, 1294, 3135. United States Textile Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4816.

SERGE.—2186 navy, all wool, 36 inches wide; 20 pieces; 4281 Stevens taupe. Madison Square 0690.

SERGES, Velour, Poplin, Broadcloth.—0600, 9070, 936, 812, W. F. X., 06077, 315, 11050. Kaplan, Farragut 9855.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—104, SBGL, silvertones, velours and kerseys. Madison Square 651.

SERGES.—104 navy, large quantities for immediate delivery; original tickets. Gram. 1814.

SERGES, WFX 4061, VSL, also 774 Poplin. Grossman Bros., 229 4th Av. Stuyvesant 6833.

SERGES.—0936, 09070, navy and black; also silvertones and velours. Farragut 5759.

SERGES.—09070 blacks, 240 net. Dover Woolen Co., Mad. Sq. 8797.

SERGE.—41, 102. Call 4885 Spring.

SERGES 1464, 3850. Gramercy 2452.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—All constructions, 54-inch width; immediate delivery. Mad. Square 6260.

SILKS of every description for immediate delivery; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Mad Sq. 9380.

SILVERCLOTH.—Three pieces white; will sell reasonably. Belnord Dress, 41 East 21st.

SILVERTONES.—Peking, Copen; good quality navy tricotine; all colors botany yalama; F. & H. duvet. Madison Square 1520.

SILVERTONES.—De Land's 9600, 21 ounces, wonderful assortment, Fall shades, reasonable. Chelsea 6540.

SILVERTONES.—At once deliveries; Fall colors; good quality. Bax Y 73 Times Annex.

SKIRTS.—Jobs of high-grade skirts, to close out before moving; extraordinary value for buyers seeking good merchandise. G. N. C. Skirt Co., 15 East 26th St., Room 1805.

SKIRTS. — Susquehanna poplins, colors, changeables, $1.45, $1.95 up; stripes, plaids, $2.50 up; incomparable; spot delivery. Strike or no strike, we deliver the goods. New York Silk Garment Co., 1,140 Broadway.

SKIRTS.—To close out, silk poplin and silk plaids at lowest prices. Massachusetts Skirt Co., 1,210 Broadway.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna silk poplins to close, $1.50 up. Ford, 114 West 26th.

SKIRTS.—Wash, gabardine, $7.50 dozen up. Nivel, 114 West 26th.

SKIRTS.—Better grades; low prices. Pioneer Skirt, 3 West 29th.

STRAW for hats or millinery, 36 inches wide; 50-yard pieces; 3,000 yards. Farragut 4770.

SUITS.—Ladies', closing out; tailor-made. Gowin Co., 54 West 31st.

SUITS.—Desirable Spring Styles, at sacrifice. I. Frank, 48 West 22d.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SUITS.—100 better grade suits and 200 coats and capes to close out at once. Louis Bloom, 41 West 33d.

SUITS.—50; also 150 dolmans and capes, to close at a great sacrifice. F. J. Gelfond & Co., 141 West 28th St.

SUITS.—200 to close out, in serges and tricotines. Eisenberg & Sommerfield, 32 East 31st St.

SU

JUNE WILL MARK BIG BUILDING TURN

Material Dealers to Make Application for Free Lighterage Permits.

WILL LOWER SOME COSTS

Inquiry for Cement In Last Four Months Three Times Total of All of 1915.

Co-operation of a sort heretofore considered unattainable between factors controlling transportation, demand, supply, and consumption of building materials has made it possible to mark June the starting month for the active 1919 building season.

Next to the last hindrance to the free resumption of building was the matter of restoring the free lighterage system that helped in former times to keep the cost of materials delivered on the job down to sane levels.

The continued tenseness between those who desired to proceed with construction plans and those who wanted to rent the completed new buildings as soon as possible brought the Federal authorities to a realization that all the co-operation among distributers in the matter of getting prices back to acceptable levels here would avail nothing unless bulky building materials could be assured of this important transportation facility that was denied them as a war measure.

There was no assurance until Saturday morning that this restriction was to be lifted, but dealers in building materials lost no time in getting their applications for permits in shape for presentation today so that the privilege may become operative for building materials at the earliest possible moment.

Building investors may look for some downward price changes between now and the first of the month, notably in hollow tile, neat cement mortar, hydrated lime in cloth and possibly in barrel lime, although in the latter case price reductions are not wholly assured because the lime manufacturers have been absorbing the higher carrying charges due to lifting of free lighterage during the war. The fact that hydrated lime in cloth bags only will be affected by the change is attributed to the refusal of the companies to lighter this material in paper bags. It was not possible to ascertain on Saturday whether the restoration of free lighterage would result in a change downward in the price of cement. It will have no effect on the price of common brick from the Hudson district nor from the Raritan district, which comes into the New York market again today after being out of it practically since the duration of the war.

All common brick is firm at $15, a thousand, wholesale, with some special grades bringing even higher levels. Although there are only five and a half months of the common brick making season left, the manufacturers have been able so far only to get the general preparations under way.

Recent counts of brick stocks show that while there is plenty of brick on hand for all the work that now seems likely to proceed to contract this year, there is so much doubt regarding the availability of labor and its dependability once it is employed, and the possibility of an unexpected enlargement of demand for this commodity, aside from the requirements of this city, that while efforts are being made by dealers and manufacturers alike to keep prices where they are, some brick is being sold at levels above $15.

Hudson brick is being used in cities in Connecticut and at other points on Long Island Sound, thus reversing the custom of sending Connecticut brick into the New York market in times of emergency to relieve the stress here, according to the Dow Service Daily Building Reports.

One of the most significant indices of sharp turn for the better in the general building situation is that in cement. Leading companies, showing inquiry sheets and order books, reveal that inquiries in the first four months of this year are three times what they were in twelve months of 1915, and that actual orders in April were more than twice what they were in April of 1915.

The fact that the volume of road construction that was expected earlier in the year has not yet matured has real significance in that the heavy volume of cement inquiry and orders is reflective of the notable change in the building outlook in this market especially.

Architects are advising their clients that the building market is more favorably inclined toward them today than it has been in three years or will be in the next five years. They are now able to show: Known abnormal demand, known sub-normal supply, and price levels at consequent artificially low levels. Price of lumber already advancing, common brick held down to present levels by conciliation, steel at levels which leading officials declare cannot be forced lower in the light of potential demand and current wage scales. Portland cement at bottom levels commensurate with operating costs and increasing demand, prices on a 50 per cent production basis, linseed oil advancing, plaster handicapped by lack of barges, stone and gravel in at least a partially stabilized market, prospective building code revisions to help cut cost of building construction relating to brick, concrete and lumber, free lighterage restored and a possible downward movement in hollow tile.

Supplemental building commodity mills, like pipe, fabricating plants, are hungry for business and are making concessions that will probably not have currency more than three months at the outside.

The architects point to the last restraining factor in a free building market as being the difficulty of obtaining building loans, but according to intimations given by conspicuous mortgage and banking officials to them last week, there will be a decided change for the better in this regard before the first of June. Financial men say they know of no reason why building money should not be much freer after the first of June so that construction work may proceed without further hamper.

WANTS LOYAL TEACHERS.

Defense Society Upholds the Views of School Superintendent.

The American Defense Society, in a letter sent Dr. John L. Tildsley, Associate Superintendent, it was announced yesterday, commends him for his plan to recommend to the Board of Education that the economic views of prospective teachers be examined. The letter, in part, says:

"The American Defense Society is profoundly rejoiced by your recently declared intention to urge the Board of Education to eliminate Marxian Socialist teachers from the schools of New York City. With you, we believe that our springs of knowledge should not be poisoned at their source.

"We believe that it would be a wicked wrong any longer to permit the boys and girls of New York to be led into dangerously false doctrines by teachers who not only will teach harmful Bolshevism, but who assuredly will not teach Americanism and love of country.

"It is the bounden duty of all American educators to refuse, openly and boldly, to employ as a teacher any man or woman who is an apostle of discontent, and to eliminate from our schools all diabolical propaganda. From Bolshevist teachers our schools already have suffered quite enough. It is time resolutely to clean house, and thereby give the American boy and girl a fair start and a square deal. The American Defense Society will support you to the utmost."

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—In Room 401, P. O. Bldg., 4th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Equity.

Hughes<Corn Prod Refining Co.
US<Von Tillig.
Vapor Car Heating Co<Gold Car Heating & Lighting Co. (4.)
Nat Sanitary Service Co<U S Sanitary Apparatus, Inc.
Massillon Wire Basket Co<Nat Mfg Co.
Wire Wheel Corp of Am<C. T. Silver, Inc.
Boston Pencil Pointer Co<Automatic Pencil Sharpener Co.
Simpson<Newport News Shipbuilding & Dry Dock Co.
Fair & Carnival Supply Co<Banner Metals Co.
Meccano, Ltd<John Wanamaker, N Y.
Tintograph Co<Star Co.
Judd<Ransome Concrete Mach Co.
Internat Signal Co<Vreeland Apparatus Co.
Beck<Wilson.
Jungst<Sheridan Iron Works.
Same<Hill Pub Co.
Landis Christmas Sav Club Co<Bankers' Service Corp.
Penn Cement Co<Bradley Cont Co.
Klahn<Klahn Instrument Co.
Lindemann & Hoverson Co<Rose & Co.
Rushmore<Haroids Motor Car Co.
Same<Locomobile Co of America.
Primos Chemical Co<Fulton Steel Co.
Harper Flim Corp<Fontana.
Myers<Mail and Exp Co.
Muser<Bell.
Traum Rubber Co<Lodi Corporation.
Farr<North Am Watch Co.
Fairman<Jerome H. Remick & Co.
Richardson<Bradley, E. Ingham Co<Lugerman & Morrison.
Italian Book Co<Cardilli.
Same<Mamillo.
Treat<Propp.
Com Acetylene Co<Prest-O-Lite Co.
Baker<Hughes-Evans Co, (3.)
Carmen<Fox Film Corporation.
Rivolta<Guaranty Trust Co.
Ault & Wiborg Co<Kruse.
Kellogg<Peake.
DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—In Room 227, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar.
Sinatra<Mills.
Nitke<Warren Leather Goods Co.
US<O'Leary.
Hogan<McQuade Stevedoring Co.
O'Brien<Hood Tire.
Royal Button Works<Baird Mach Co.
McGill<Moulton.
Cal<Stevens-Aylsworth Co.
Muller<Cronin.
Anzelotte<McAdoo.
US<Fid & Deposit Co
Nat Pub Co<Inter Paper.
Nardo<Hines.
Scandinavian Tr Co<Jarvis W'houses.
Wolpert<Flaxman (2)
US<N Tyx.
Same<One Strand Pearl Necklace.
Same<On two-Strand Pearl Necklace.
Same<25 Pictures.
Gentry Film Co<Educational Film Corp.
Morrell Co<McAdoo.
Keeney<McCormick.
Frawley<McAdoo.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Room 3, 12th floor, Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

Roberts<Tug W B Pollock.
Rosenblum<Phoenix Ins Co.
Same<Royal Ex Ins.
Same<Universal Ins.
Lees Lighters<Moskowitz.
Central Transp<Berner & Co.
Boston Prov Co<S S Guyane.
Acti, &c, Tricolor<Barge Class D
L V RR<Liverpool, L & G Ins Co.
King & Co<Tug G M Sorrell.
DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Court opens in Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal calendar.
Trials:
Nora A Brown.
Milton Marvin, (3.)
Julius Reider.
Thomas McGrath.
Antonio Petraglia.
Abraham Wolkind.
Strong Machinery Co.
Frank Cutris.
Benjamin Pollock.
Bernard Wessels.
Fred Beck, &c.
Philip F. Cohen.
Geo L. Gower.
Solomon Slavin (2.)
Grace Fuller.
Harry Salzberg.
Irving Urish.
DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Court opens in Room 255, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy discharges.
George Coon.
Greenberg & Posner.
Ed J Hauxhaust.
Palmantonio Epifano.
Sig Rosenthal.
Rudolph Schonzett.
Coleman R Chamberlin.
Henry Weiner.
Under objections:
Adolph Edelson.
Fred H Hovey.
Louis Seberger.
Ella B Riding, (2.)
Actes & Levine.
Adjourned cases:
John Kress.
Hovendon & Kling.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—Room 312, Post Office Building—At 10 A. M.
Jorgenson<Atlantic Steve Co. (on trial.)
10:30 A. M.:
Tardoglione<Russian Volunteer Fleet.
CRIMINAL CALENDAR.
For call:
US<Paul L. Delaney.
For pleading:
US<Russian Monopol.
G. Piel Co, Inc<Gen Automobile Supply Co.
Nisbet<Perkins.
Buckingham Theatre Co<Columbia Amusement Co.
Koch<Lebenbaum.
Imperial Machine Co<Beau-Site Co.
Damon<Damon, (2.)
Investment Registry, Ltd<Morrison.
Same<Whiting Mfg Co
Marconi Wireless Tel Co<De Forest Radio T & T Co.
Same<Wireless S. Apparatus Co.
Same<Atlantic Communication Co.
Pompkins-Hawley-Fuller Co<Holden.
Sumner<Parr.
Strasbourger<Equit Trust Co of N Y.
Marconi Wireless Tel Co<Simon.
Ross<Motor Car Equipment Co, Inc.
Tim<Navy Knitting Mills, Inc.
Richardson<Germania Bank.
Imperial Machine Co<Whyte, Inc.
Same<Met Life Ins.
Nikola Tesla Co<Marconi Wireless T Co.
Manus Motor Works<Driggs Ordnance Co, Inc.
New Haven Bank<Driggs Mfg Corp.
Bave<Booth & Flynn, Ltd.
Jacoway<Falk Tobacco Co.
Bobbs-Merrill Co<Equit Motion Picture Corporation.
Proctor<Bassick & Brittain.
Strouse<Dukas.
Westinghouse<B R T Co.
Am Metal Co, Ltd<Burke.
Allenberg<Cosmopolitan Bank
Perimutter<Simon.
Am Exch Nat Bank<Palmer.
Luckenbach SS Co<A. W. Duckett & Co.
Protective Amuse Co<Pathe Exchange, Inc
Imperial Machine Co<Reese & Stindt.
Lyttle<Licht.
Herrmann<Palmer.
Bayard<Huriburt Motor Truck Co.
Meyer & Bush Co<Charles Weisbecker, Inc.
Moser<Dailey's Towing Line, Inc.
Clark<Hemsley Co.
Cent Un Stock Yds<Morgan T & T Co.
Eastman<Tugs Imperial and Ticeline.
Owners Tug Imperial Limitations, &c.
Owners Tug Ticeline, Limitations, &c.
Mosquero<SS Mohawk
Standard Oil Co<Tug W'm H Taylor.
Mills<New Eng SS.
B & O RR<JE Moore & Co.
Atlantic & P SS Co<SS La Touraine.
Camp Gen Transp<SS Santa Clara.
Hand, J.—Court opens in Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal calendar.
Trials:
Hugh A McKevitt.
Lee Fong.
Emil Boesch.
Thos D Galbraith, Ju Nigh.
Solomon Rothman, &c.
Emil H Kiedanz, &c.
Patrick McGrath, &c.
Liam Mellows.
James McDermott.
Christ Paraskevopoulos.
Frank X Ahearn.
Joseph Heineman, &c.
Leizer Haimovitz, &c.
Sentenced:
Charles Thomas.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Court opens in Room 255, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy discharges.
Involuntary case:
Petition—Jas B Jornet
Motions:
N J Knit Shoe Co.
Charles W Galvin.
Frances Kral.
Henry L Mans.
W M Reynolds.
I & M Heller.
Fougner Concrete Shipbuilding Co.
F Cristaina & Co.
Jos Rosenbluth.
Robichek & Co.
Acme Gas & Elec Fix.
Toole, Henry & Co (3)
Samuel Friedman.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—Room 312, Post Office Building—At 10 A. M.
Jorgenson<Atlantic Steve Co. (on trial.)
10:30 A. M.:
Tardoglione<Russian Volunteer Fleet.
CRIMINAL CALENDAR.
For call:
US<Paul L. Delaney.
For pleading:
US<Russian Monopol.
For sentence:
US<John J Schultz.
Appeal bonds:
US<Samuel A Cohen
US<Jacob Ackerman.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

Bonsall, respt., v. Shiverick, Aplt.; City of New York, Aplt., v. Whiteridge, as Receiver, &c., Respt.—Motion for leave to appeal granted.

Marsh, et al., infants' &c., Respts., v. Raught, Aplt., Impld. with Woodworth, et al., &c., Respts.; Egan as Exr., &c., Respt., v. Westchester Co. Brewing Co., Aplt.—Motions for leave to appeal denied with $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.

Titus, et al., Aplts., v. Dubois, et al., Respts.; Shanahan, Aplt., v. State of New York, Respt.—Motions for direct appeals granted and appeals dismissed with costs and $10 costs of motions.

Re Claim Sheridan for Compensation, &c., v. Trainer Corp., Emp., and ano.—Motion for leave to appeal denied without costs.

Peo., respt., v. Keller, aplt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted and appeal dismissed.

Krug, aplt., v. Bliss, respt.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, without costs.

Bergen, aplt., v. Pettus, et al., &c., respts. —Motion for substitution granted, without costs, and the Supreme Court is requested to direct its clerk to return the remittitur herein to this court, and it is further ordered that the order herein be entered nunc pro tunc as of the 18th day of March, 1919.

Kleiman, respt., v. Silberkraus, et al., aplts.—Motion to open default granted on payment of $10 costs and filing and serving printed copies of the papers upon appeal within 20 days, otherwise motion denied, with $10, costs.

Cohen, as admx., &c., respt., v. N. Y. & W. Ry. Co., aplt.—Motion for leave to appeal denied for the reason that the order is unnecessary.

Hirsch & Schofield., aplt., v. Gusmer, respt.; Brooklyn Structural Steel Corp., aplt., v. Levy Dairy Co. and another, impld., &c., respts.; Hudson Building, aplt., v. Compagnie Generale Transatlantique, respt., Gunn, aplt., v. Lackawanna Steel Co., respt.; Garson, respt., v. Thomas & Buckley Hoisting Co., aplt.; Pratt et al., respts., v. City of Schenectady, aplt; Boffo and another, as admrs., &c., aplts., v. Consolidated Telegraph & Electrical Subway Co., respt.; Lynn, aplt., v. McCann, impld., &c., respts.; Springfield, L. I., Cemetery Society, respt., v. Herman and another, aplts. Judgments affirmed, with costs.

Tiedemann, respt., v. Tiedemann, aplt.—Motion for reargument denied, with $10 costs and necessary printing disbursement.

The Village of Argyle, respt., v. Plunkett, deft.; American Surety Co. of N. Y., aplt.—Judgment reversed and complaint dismissed, with costs in all courts.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Guy, Bijur, and Delehanty, J. J.—At 10 A. M., Appeals from orders and judgments of the City Court.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Harding<Conlon.
Stanley & Patterson<Pattee.
Degen<Steinbrink.
Re Gordon, (Feeley.)
Appell<Appell.
Re Gilchrist, (Frank Crawford, Inc.)
Blue Ribbon Garage<Rundle.
Schindler<Harding.
People ex rel Metcalfe<Cantor.
People ex rel Morewood Rty Holding Co<same.
People ex rel Scribner<same.
People ex rel Waters Farm Co<same.
People ex rel Strobel & Wilken Co<same.
Moers<St Louis, San Francisco Ry.
Klein<Bartke.
Re Zalkin.
Nat Gum & Mica Co<Geni Commi Co.
Klein<Bartke.
Shell<Waldorf-Astoria, Inc.
People ex rel N Y & Queens Elec, &c, Co<Deisler.
Home Ins Co<Etkin.
Joell<Joell.
Rosenfeld<Dry Dock, &c, RR. (2.)
Physioc Studios<Free Milk for France, Inc.
De Gonzalez<Gonzales.
Riverside Realty Co<CNY.
Villega<Bush Terminal Co.
Chase, Talbot & Co<Eaton.
Traurig<Carovel Co.
Burns Mfg Co<Bowker Chem Co.
Caplain<Lee Co.
People ex rel Lewis<Fowler.
Re Vanderpool.
Seavens<St Lawrence Cond Milk.
Meyer<Cleveland Realty Co, (2.)
Nemia<Coastwise Lumber, &c, Co.
Miller<Manfredа.
Kahn<Delafield.
Hutter<Sinclair Realty Co.
Kevitz<Kevitz.
Gorham<Gorham.
Phillippi & Co<Notite.
Wichouski<42d St, &c, Ry.
Raymond<National Nassau Bank.
Rose<Rose.
Karanjia<Nisson Trading Co.
Harper<Samuel & Co.
Bigler<O'Rourke.
Hunter<Hutchinson.
Schiller<Lesser | Schiller Co.
Copeland<Cent RR of N J.
Re Epstein, (Kresen.)
Rashkoff<Rozenzweig.
Chaiken<Salomon.
McGinnis<Cunard SS.
Gibson<Quicksilver Mining Co.
Lebowitz<Warhelt Pub Co.
Herpe<Herpe.
Bellinson<Bellinson.
Heineman<Goslin.
Eisen<Kolken.
Ernst<Dinkelspiel.
Berger<Zuhr, (2.)
McLoughlin<Ahrens.
Talentino<Bunke & Meyer.
Wiener<Schmiat, (2.)
Ehrgott<Ehrgott.
Walter<Walter.
PART II.—Weeks, Ex parte business.
PART III.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Motions.
Thompson<NY Tr Co.
Walsh<Nat Surety Co
Den Norske Ameriel, &c<Sun F & P Co.
Nat Surety Co<Dougherty.
Gutman<Bendlen, (2.)
Hyman<Leo.
Isaacs<Gen Fisk Co.
Maynard<Maynard, (3.)
Greater Eagle Wet Wash Laundry<Katz.
Bleiby Pay Co<Cantor Street<Post.
Helfer<Titus.
Watson<Wood-Brown.
NY Trust Co<Whiting.
Am Men's & Boys' Clothing Mfrs Assn<Fraser.
Carruthers<Carruthers.
Wilder<Levin.
Scribner<Cantor.
5th ave 34th St Corp<same.
Orinoco Rty Co<same
Empire City Sub Co<State Board of Tax Commrs, (2.)
Tanenbaum<Purdy, (5.)
Watts<Hagar.
Hedden<Hedden.
Rosenzweig<Rosenzweig.
Simonds<Simonds.
Schwed<Schwed.
Kortman<Bauman.
Anderson<Anderson.
Scelsa<Demarco.
Best Linen Supply, &c. Co<Bothin.
Piotnick<Piotnick.
US Trust Co<Taylor.
Vincent Valentine Con Co<O'Connor.
Holter<Hofter.
Gottlieb<Fichter.
Cummings<B'dway-94th St Rty.
Hedden<Hedden.
Mann<Ethan Lith.
Demurrer:
Clear.
PART IV.—Mullan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.
PART V.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.
Ing—Love<Clendinat.
Hershelmer & Schwartz<Pils Brew<Kanyo.
Hoffman<Astra Sales Co, Inc.
Nauss<Nauss Bros & Co.
Kinth<Am Ed Alliance.
Goldfine<Lipplt.
Gilbert<Rosen.
The Parfelo Co<Fine.
Michelman<Lamazow.
Birch<S & C Clothing
Hynan-Levin Co<Miller.
Wise<Kerner.
Silberstein<Regun.
Donald<Warner.
Polakoff<Russian Vol Fleet Co.
Beer<Henderson.
Wirdra & Co<Brown.
B Brown & Bros<Ceccaro.
Grubman<Deutsch.
Betts<Johanson.
Calder<Stem.
Hammer<Einhorn.
Gianata<Pandino.
Sherman Nat Bk<Goldstein.
Dukas<Clark.
PART III.—Donnelly.
Blumenthal<NY Hippodrome Corp.
Neiss<Bloomingdale.
Gutman<Kahowitz.
Tarlamonti<Leefkovics.
Stern<Leighton.
Lucas<Int R T.
O'Connor<Brady.
E Solowitch<Rothschild.
L Solowitch<same.
Cohen<5,153 Maiden Lane, Inc.
Wisely<Strauss.
Elliott<Degnon Cont.
Herrman<Wendell & Evans.
Votaw<Farrell.
Zimmerman<Fink.
Wisotzky<NY Rys.
Gilbert<Metzinger.
Lupo<Schlesinger Rty.
Weiser<Isaac.
Shevlin<Schneider.
Cassoria<Hauck.
Sheingold<Raab.
Ramras<Levine.
Huntington<Anderson.
Bauer<Int R T.
Selonick<same.
Goldbronson<Fuchs.
W Carr<Penn RR.
L Carr<same.
Weisblatt<Fabst Brew.
Holloway<NY Life Ins.
Strauss<Cox, Jr.
Aaron<Oaklinker.
Weisler<Silbermah.
Collins<McDonald.
Rosen<Loughran.
Platt<McMurthrie.
Kelly<NY Rys.
Rathbone<Koenig.
German Nat Bank of Allegheny<Bond.
Koenig<Hirsch (2.)
Mencion<CNY.
Downey<White Co.
Tarahes<Sherman.
Long<Int R T.
Jemille<Third Av RR.
Soladar<Int R T.
Barnes<Hilton.
Joseph & Bros Co<Levine.
Fisch<Fitzpatrick, Inc.
Michalisky<Greenbaum.
Beirne<Pargo.
Maguire<Barrett.
Spiro<NY Rys.
Willer<Block.
F Melton<NY Cons RR
I Melton<same.
Becker<Shea.
McCaffrey<CNY.
Abrahams<S W & W Amusement Co.
Pejansky<B'way Local Express Co.
Lyons<Adiletta.
Brooks<Mallory SS Co
Rosenblatt<Swan & Finch Co.
Hartman<Int R T.
Lillie<Whitney Co.
Bove<Town Taxi Co.
De Carvalho<Johnston
Stutland<Lipschitz.
Flever<Gussow.
Weber & Hellbroner<Holbrook, Cabot & Rolling Corp.
Levine<Rubin.
Goldstein<Int R T.
Stack<Ream.
Henry<Goldberg.
Callahan<Owens.
Perimutter<Int R T.
Aaronson<same.
McNamara<same.
Guggino<same.
Block<Marcus.
Kantrowitz<Int R T.
Wiener<Spier.
H Goodis<Curran.
M Goodis<same.
Liebholz<Barendsen.
Bauer<Vogel.
Leff<Int R T.
Fitzgerald<C RR of N J.
J Karps<Bkn Un Gas.
L Karps<same.
Scovroneck<C I & B RR.
PART XIV.—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M. Motions.
Dupay<Gabina.
Reid<Duryea.
Davis<Depew.
1st Nat Bank of M<Cochran & Co.
Goodman<Ramer.
McLaine<Co-op Apart.
Lorain Opera House Co<United Booking Offices.
Middleton<Wooster.
Warfield<Wire Wheel Corp. of Am.
Chew<Booth & Flynn.
Harper Paper Co<Mt Mill Paper Co.
Bendelari<Hutton.
Watson<Heinlein.
Chromo Chem Co<Hutchinson.
Rose<Barnard.
Stearns Co<Sire.
Menasha Woodenware Co<Landeck.
CNY<Bridge Oper Co.
Hirschberg<Cohen.
Aron & Co<Bassett.
Seaman Paper Co<Hudson Trading Co.
Elec Conveying Mach Co<Universal Safety Tread Co.
Foster<Halsey & Co.
Seaver<So. Surety Co.
Mega Pal Amuse Co<McCahill.
Collier<Shapiro.
Mackay<Tidewater Oil Co.
Cleveland<Leahy.
Burns Bros<Ironmasters Rty. &c. Co.
Deman<Reilling & Schoen.
Franklin<Hoadley.
Steele Wire Paper Mfg Co<Hartford City Paper Co.
Plowman & Co<Ingram.
Hoboken Ribbon Co<Atl Coast Line R R.
Politziner<Mutual Life Ins Co.
Stathamilis<Transoceanic SS Co.
Ashley, Drew & Nolty<Allen.
Smith & Co<Microutalcos.
TRIAL TERM—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial.
PART III.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
Turner<Crystal Flim Co.
PART V.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M.
McGuire<Miller Ga-rage.
PART VI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M.
Cullam<Greenbaum.
PART VII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Recess.
PART VIII.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IX.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M.
Leopold<NY Times.
PART X.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M.
Smith<Siegel.
PART XI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M.
Pfeifer<5th Av Coach.
PART XII.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.
Conner<Clas Co.
PART XIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.
Mfrs & Dealers, &c, Underw<Fide Brok Assn.
PART XIV.—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XV.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
McLoughlin<Ahrens.—At 10 A. M.
Psaki<Kissel Motor Car Co.
PART XVII.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Humphries<Shapiro.
PART XVIII.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Contested will:
Stephen D Tacktian. Estates of:
Stephen D Tacktian, Jr.
T Edward Hedley.
Josephine T Phillips.
Rebecca T R Gay.
Samuel Arcadon.
Issues of Fact:
Estates of:
Henry Fennell.
William Meyerback.
Louisa Varet.
John Becker.
Harrison C Harvey.
Mary I Hart.
Wills for probate:
Agnes Vaughan.
TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Contested wills.
Wassily G Schedko.
Jane Hyde.
Catherine Taylor.
Theodore Angelo.
Peter Schmitt.
Margaret E Kingsley.
George Stneck.
Thomas Gibney.
Wilhelmina Gindler.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.
Glickman<NY Rys.
Schumacher<Mann Motors Co.
Rosenzweig<Gross.
Harris<Herschkowitz.
Moskin Bros<Prosner.
Haber<Pallon.
J H & C K Eagle<Barrett.
Shea<Hart & Hutchinson Co.
Haas<Carnegie Steel.
Shapiro<Cent Un Gas.
McDermott<Cons Gas Co, (2.)
Spitzer<Deanon C Co.
Cosmopolitan Cigar Co<same.
La Bella<same.
Leuzzi<same.
Sandberg<Portfolio, (2.)
Shames<Cassell.
Stranahan<Greater N Y Live Fish Co.
Cicilian<N Y Comnty Mausoleum Co.
SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Walsh, J.—At 10:45 A. M.
Continental Ins Co<Abeles.
Employers Liability Assurance Co<Epstein.
Essyee Co of China, Inc<D Nagase & Co, Ltd.
Forman<Belt Line Ry.
Arnow<same.
Fein<same.
Mayer<Rubinner.
Cooke<Cooke Bldg.
Pierce<Donnelly.
Wemmen<Brown. (2.)
Cohen<Lederman.
Nichols<McGoldrick.
Blumenthal<Vogel.
Gordon<Kastein.
Lebenson<Appelbaum.
Wolf<Pelham Park & City Island Ry. (2.)
J C Carpenter & Builder, Inc<Beuer.
Twomey<3d Av RR.
Lundberg<Kahn.
Friedman<Gen Baking Co.
Alkana<NY Rys.
I R T<Williams.
Van Baalen<Shongood.
Thomas<Kiers.
Green<Barrett.
Lelnoff<NY Rys.
Abramson<Sherman.
Griffin<Maher.
Goldschlager<NY Rys.
Goldberg<NY Rys.
Goldhagen<Tenensapf.
SHORT CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term.
Silverman<Benenson Realty Co.
Maisman<Aronowitz.
Nitrate Agencies Co<B Brown.
O'Neill Bros Co<Norwich Pharm Co.
Royce<Marne Productions.
PART III.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Patrono Bros<Benedetto.
Morgan<Hartog.
Bloom<Finkelstein.
Foy<Hill.
Star Dial, &c, Co<Rothman.
Myers<Silverstein.
Prosperity Co<Ferber.
Reynolds & Co<Strauss.
The following cases, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:
Tishman<Claumer Mfg Co.
Decker<House and Home Co.
Met Bank<Adams & Grace Co.
Oswald<Herschmann.
Salmowitz<Globus.
Goodrich<Darre.
Van Arsdale<Bancograph Co.
Miller's Brass Fitting Co<Liberty Aeroll Burner, Inc.
PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART V.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VII.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.
Re CNY.
Am Iron Supply Co<King.
Spots & Di Martini, Inc<same.
Gen<Cruft.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J.
Orbach<Orbach.
Kues<Foran Fdy & Mfg Co.
Palmer<Rockville R E Co.
Hartford Fire Ins Co<River Realty Co.
Nathanson<Frumkes Song.
Vicht<Vicht.
Higgins<Applebaum.
Strauss<Plotin.
Pickard<Pickard.
Masiello<Masiello.
Toffievits<Toffievitz.
Klein<Klein.
Lodethouse<Int R T.
Antes<same.
Schwartz<Dreyer.
Nesson<Nesson. (2.)
Groll<Groll.
Vitale<Cottone.
Cherno<Kalisky.
Piotnik<CNY.
Stucky<Stucky.
Trogs<Volk.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Gavegan, J.
Inq. Cardo<Fox.
Verro<Union Ry.
Paston<CNY.
Gusik<Lowe, (2.)
O'Brien<West Elec RR. (2.)
Ave<Int P T.
Fazio<Gram.
Kirchner<Tietjen & Lang Dry Dock Co.
Vernora<7th Av Const Co.
Iannone<Weber-McLaughlin.
Jicha<Parks.
Weiser<J W Cornish Const Co. (2.)
Weber<Holstein.
Regenstreif<Van Buren & N Y Bill Post.
Calloway<Booth & Flynn, Ltd.
Beyrodt<Lyon.
Cotter<Union Ry.
Molshad<Rubinowitz.
Grimes<Maurocordato.
Colesante<Marrazzi Const Co.
Block<Salmawitz, (2.)
Present number reached in regular order 2,303.
PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business. Motions.
Estates of:
Max Herman.
Frances O'Donnell.
Wills for probate:
Hannah Marx.
Max Ebenstein.
Alfred W. Mueser.
Selma Eckhardt.
Philip Kuhnbach.
Louisa Bates.
Catharine Gehrtz.
Harold J. Behl.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Clark, Kelby, and Manning, JJ.—At 1 P. M.
Denberg<Schert et al.
Goldstein<Royal Cleaners & Dyers (2)
Bormstein, &c<NY Con RR Co, (2.)
Weidner & ano, &c<Ernst, &c.
Phillips<NasEIRR Co, (3.)
Flegel<Kings CoPaper Box Co.
Rosenstein<Bernard.
Robinson, &c<Fogarty.
Frank Brewery<Morrissey.
Nahmacher<Sweeney
Collova<Sorriero&ano.
Rosenberg<Spanier.
Feldman, &c<NY, NH & H RR Co.
Schwartz &ano<Eidelman & ano.
Buccllo<Barresi&ano.
Albei&ano, &c<Prieshinger & ano, &c.
Rosenzweig<Buick Motor Co.
Fitzpatrick<Commonwealth Finance Co.
Stillemaa&ano<Handelsman.
Buckley<Stafford.
Bartemeier & ano, &c<Grand Electric Co.
Maskel<D&W Rlty Co.
Raub<Schwalb.
Morissette & Co<Belldon, Inc.
Yurkewich<Cronin, &c.
Van Bargen, &c<Lederer & ano, &c.
Clotman<CNY Con RR
Fox<Snair.
TrautmanCo<NY Butcher&MeatCo&ano
Motion calendar:
Gross<Schaffer.
Simner<Goldberg&ano.
Questiaux&ano<Kampf
Nonenumarated day calendar.
Re Heaney.
Lehman<Spicer.
Meehan<Sawyer.
Re Cohen.
Steinberg<Doscher.
Moore Co<Santa Fe Ry.
SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Kelly, J.
Cohen<Budd.
Greenberg<Greenberg
Fiske<Pidgeon.
McGrade<CNY.
Re 93d St.
Earelsen<Hesse.
Re US Fidelity & Co, (Sharr-London.)
Kern<Kern.
Vazzi<McGrath.
Valaitis<Kruger.
Ostroe<Sheffield Fms.
Polo<Suozzo.
Harrison<L A D Co.
Cornet<Otis Elev Co.
Neu<Moore.
Griswold<Herman.
People ex rel La Vine<Simson, Exc Comr.
Haber<Getzoff.
Re Jersey St.
MacLeod<MacLeod.
Zimmer<Hoffman.
Randall<Stevens.
F Meyer<Clarehurst Realty Co.
E Meyer<same.
Wolper<Schreiner.
Engstrand<Lazansky
Fischer<Harris.
Ostrove<Sheffield Fms
Sheehan<NY Con RR.
Lareen<Garrison.
Ostroffe<Nass El RR.
Rattiner<same.
Cullen<same.
Lieber<C J & B RR.
Gilbert<B H RR.
Eikins<same.
Raskin<same.
Hanner<Hoffmann.
Wagner<Wagner.
Peyser<Foester.
Re Marco. (Massoles.)
Re Walsh, (Wolf.)
Re Contractors Mutual Ins Co, (Phillips.)
Eagle S & Loan<Dolan
E Volkommer<B H RR
L E Volkommer<same
I H Volkommer<same
Altman<Briody.
Wadler<Onderdonk.
PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
PART III.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Bklyn Trust Co<Englis (demurrer.)
Re CNY & lands for school site, Queens Borough.
Bklyn Un Coal<Odell.
Cherrie<Reynolds.
Archibold<Archibold.
Gorritsen Estates<CNY.
Simonson<Lenowsky.
Boyle<Gettins.
Meuer<Kuhnia.
Goldberg<Goldberg.
Teisey<Teisey.
Siegel<Perlman.
Johnson<Johnson.
Thompson<Lakewood City Develop.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

20-acre farm, 400 barrels apples, 18-acre peach orchard; chance for lake; Saddle River; $13,000, $8,000 mortgage, at 5%; 25-acre farm, brownstone house, all improvements, Montclair Heights, $42,000. Rowland, Passaic, N. J.

6 rooms, bath; modern house; all improvements; large plot; half hour out, Erie; near station; good neighborhood; $4,200; reasonable payment down, balance monthly. W. Butscher, 154 Nassau St., 3804 Beekman.

Gentleman's country home at Westfield; 13 acres, tile house, &c.; sacrifice for $20,000; worth $35,000. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted, to buy factory building (brick or concrete,) within short riding distance from New York City; must be 2 or 3 stories, with about 35,000 to 50,000 square feet of floor space, and must be in good condition; state price and all details in first letter. Room 715, Hartford Bldg., New York City.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

HILLTOP FARM.

Southeastern exposure, 40 acres, partly cultivated, some timber, good stream, extensive view, dry air, house 8 rooms and bath, barn, apple orchard; 25 miles out; ideal country home; good farm.

S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN, 120 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Rector 7718. Ridgewood, N. J. Tel. 555.

Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.

Farm, Berkshire Hills, Massachusetts.—30 acres, with 10-room house; furnished; will sell; exchange. Harris Exchange, Bryant 310.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

306-310 EAST 47TH ST.

Lofts and basement for storage.
Freight elevator, lots of light.
Rent reasonable; possession now.
Apply on premises or
Bryant 3473. John McKee.

Sublet, completely furnished of unfurnished, suite two large offices; two years lease for permanent business interests. Central Syndicate Building, 320 Broadway, Room 610, 2nd floor.

Suitable for doctor or dentist, front, back parlor; electricity; well-kept house; Times Square district. 228 West 46th St. Phone 2130 Bryant.

Lexington Av., 812.
Fine store in new building.
Ready for occupancy.

Physician, Christian, will share his well-furnished office near Columbia. Cathedral 7329.

Mail privileges; $3.00; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Desirable partitioned office space to rent in modern office building. Lojer Products Company, 70 Vesey St., 10th floor.

Will sublease room, furnished or unfurnished, to reputable party; immediate possession. Room 1526, 111 Broadway.

Very desirable office to sublet, foot 149th subway. M. M., 3013 3d Av.

55th and Broadway.—Store and lofts to lease. 243 West 55th St.

Privileges library, tel., listing and mail. A. & L., 507 5th Av. Murray Hill.

Lofts, 9,000 and 18,000 square feet, with or without power. Phone Columbus 1662.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Builder desires desk room; real estate office preferred. E 768 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

17TH ST., 206 EAST.—Business woman will share apartment with lady. Stuy. 3770, Apt. 24.

19TH ST., 119 EAST.—Studio apartment; large studio, two rooms, bath; May-Oct.; restaurant.

19TH, (Gramercy.)—Apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths; 25 West 42d. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

30TH ST., (103 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $27 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6100.

36TH, 138 EAST. (Murray Hill District.)—Attractive modern housekeeping apartment, 30-foot living room for the summer only, $250 per month; immediate possession. Superintendent.

39TH, 124 EAST. — Attractively furnished apartment, 3 unusually large, cool rooms, 2 baths; private house; exclusive neighborhood; references.

50S. — Elaborately furnished 9 rooms, 3 baths; bargain. Phone Kuba, Columbus 1278.

40 EAST 51ST ST.

Attractively furnished one, three, four room apartments, by month or year; meals.

65TH, 23 EAST.—Attractive two-room alcove and bath, $90. Telephone 4556 Plaza.

72D, 203 EAST.—Gentleman's furnished bed, sitting room, bath, folding bed, $40.

87TH, 71 EAST.—Attractively furnished 6-room apartment, June to October; $70 month. Phone Lenox 7771.

ATTENTION! — APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath, $17.50 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. HOTEL ST. LOUIS, 36 East 32d St. HOTEL SENTON, 35 East 27th St.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED
East, West Side, long, short leases.
Immediate possession or Oct. Choice bldgs.
Clark Realty, 347 Mad. Av., Vanderbilt 1450.

FIFTH AV.—Apartment, for 1 or 2 persons for Summer; $125 month; includes maid service; worth $200; grand piano; living room 20x25. Frank L. Fisher Co., 50 East 42d St., Murray Hill 8513.

FOR RENT.—Charmingly furnished apartment, front and rear, 2 large rooms and bath, maid's toilet; $150 per month. Inquire Superintendent, 144 East 40th.

LIVINGSTON PL., 17.—Six rooms and bath, elegantly furnished. Phone Madison Square 6360.

NEAR PLAZA HOTEL.—Unique and magnificently furnished, large apartment, overlooking Park; delightfully cool; responsible party only; May 1 to Oct. 1. Tel. Cortlandt 5094.

PARK AV., (at 56th.)—Housekeeping apartment for Summer months until Nov. 1; 2 rooms, including 1 master's bedroom; $225 per month; highest references required. Telephone Hanover 5792.

Six-room apartment and bath; modern improvements; till Oct. or yearly. Inquire on premises, 305 Madison Av., Malone.

UNUSUAL values in furnished apartments; east and west side. Railing Realty Co., 270 Park Av. Phone 7914 Murray Hill.

Furnished—West Side.

9TH, 44 WEST.—Six-room apartment, $150, furnished with antiques; considerable library. Call 6351 or superintendent; references required.

11TH, 128 WEST.—To rent furnished apartment, $125 a month. Holland.

12TH ST., 149 WEST.—Delightful three-room apartment; nicely furnished; until October; references.

46TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

48TH, 151 WEST.—High-class large room; bath; new throughout; service; $60 monthly.

49TH ST., off 5th Av.—Artistically furnished duplex apartment, four rooms, 2 baths, kitchenette and roof garden; well-known decorating firm. Call Murray Hill 7450. $300 monthly. Other apartments.

50TH ST., 57 WEST.—Kitchenette, tiled bath, room, living room, and bedroom; beautifully furnished.

50S, near 5th Av.—Handsomely furnished apartment, two large rooms, kitchenette, bath; $115. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

51ST AND BROADWAY.—Unusually attractive sunny apartment 5 rooms, all outside; immediately until Oct 1, $175. Circle 4060.

52D, 33 WEST.—Two large rooms, bath, handsomely furnished, open fireplaces; immediate possession. Circle 4720.

56TH ST., 27 WEST.—Will rent for $350 a month my georgeously furnished apartment consisting of three trerpendous rooms, kitchen, and bath, to married couple or bachelor from June 1 to Oct. 1; best references required. Circle 925.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Hotel Thorndyke.)
Exceptionally attractive two-room suite, with private bath; full hotel service; special weekly, monthly rate.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Handsomely furnished 4-room apartment, Hardman grand piano, $175 month; immediate possession; Apt. 8-I. Circle 4720.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Beautiful 4-room apartment; immediate occupation; eastern, western, southern exposure. Apt. I., 10th floor. Circle 3560.

57TH ST., 149 WEST.—Two large, sunny rooms, handsomely furnished, kitchen and bath, ready from May to October; seen by appointment. Phone Circle 731.

58TH, 127 WEST.—Attractively furnished 7-room apartment; immediate possession; $200 month. Tel. Circle 4535.

60TH, 245 WEST, (The New West End.)—2-3 rest bath, kitchenette; latest improvements; complete housekeeping; $60 up.

70S, WEST.—Elegantly furnished apartment, six rooms, two baths; Grand piano; $150. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

71ST ST., 115 WEST. (Near Broadway.)—Well furnished, new grand piano Victrola; 7 rooms, 3 baths; 7th floor; unobstructed view; unfurnished long time if preferred.

72D, 124 WEST. (Apt. 802.)—Will sacrifice until Oct. 1, ideal 4-room and bath apartment; can be seen any time; possession May 30. Inquire Superintendent.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

105TH AND BROADWAY.—Sublet June 1 to Oct. 1, furnished or unfurnished, beautiful 4-room apartment in new apartment house; built 2 years ago; every modern appliance, finely decorated; must be seen to be appreciated; ideal location, near Riverside Drive, subway, elevated. Hepperia, Ovardene Apts.

107TH, 522 WEST. (Overlooking Riverside.)—Handsome private residence, six spacious rooms, bath, $125; three and bath, $95; services.

111TH, 532 WEST.—Seven beautiful light rooms, possession June 1; rent $1,400. Apartment 77.

143D, 500 WEST.—5-6 rooms, decorated suit; elevator; good management; reasonable.

161ST ST., WEST.—5-6 rooms, $90 up; elevator; unobstructed view. Telephone 9236 St. Nicholas.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 420.—Six rooms and 2 baths; possession May 15 to Oct. 1, with privilege of 3 years' renewal; rental $1,800 per annum; special terms, Summer months. Apply Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 448, Just North of 116th St.—10 large rooms, 4 baths; immediate possession; $3,000; high class; references required. Hillenbrand, 1,050 Amsterdam Av.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528, (opposite Grant's Tomb.)—4, 5, 6, 7 rooms, every modern improvement; $70 to $100. Apply premises.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.—Two rooms and bath, new fireproof house; elevator and hall service; $30; business and social references required. See Supt. on premises. Van Voorst Apartments, 123 Waverly Place.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

High-class 5 or 6 room apartment wanted, below 110th St., on west side; $1,400 or $1,500; from Oct. 1. E. S., 809 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished.

Reliable family wishes to rent unfurnished house, located between 72d and 110th Sts., West End Av. and Riverside Drive; rent $2,000 to $2,500; A1 references. Address D. R., 834 Times Downtown.

Dentist desires three to five room apartment; upper floor preferred; west side, below 100th St. L. 337 Times.

Want 2 or 3 room and bath unfurnished apartment, between 50th and 80th Streets, East or West Side. E 845 Times Annex.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

22D, 152 EAST.—Small private family have two rooms, one large enough for two persons, nicely furnished, in elevator apt.; steam heat; light; in Kramerorgan Park section. P. Fox, Apt. 15.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, including water, $18 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

36TH ST., 14 EAST.—Large, sunny room, with bath.

MADISON AV., 768, (66th.)—Beautiful, large room; all improvements. Hoban, 8,518 Plaza.

West Side.

37TH, 32 WEST.—Unusual, attractive room; every convenience. Ross.

55TH, 45 WEST.—Large sunny room, bath, electricity; references required.

56TH ST., 34 WEST.—ROOM AND BATH; GENTLEMAN ONLY.

66TH ST., (Central Park West.)—Beautiful room in high-class apartment; exceptional; references, 4797 Columbus.

67TH, 142 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive rooms, single or suite; gentlemen. Buckley apartment.

70TH, 10 WEST.—Large front room; exclusive residence; breakfast optional; gentlemen preferred.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large front rooms, $8; small suite, private bath, $15.

81ST, 43 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; telephone, electricity, running water; gentlemen preferred.

71ST, 342 WEST.—Attractive double room, overlooking Hudson; piano, electricity, shower. Bernat.

71ST, 29 WEST, (near Park.)—Newly furnished large rooms; electricity, phone; $10-$15.

72D, (Central Park West.)—Large room, tile bath, parquet floor; gentleman; reasonable; phone before 11 A. M. Columbus 1242.

73D, WEST.—Very attractive double room with private bath, $20 a week; large double room with running water, $12 a week; single room, near bath; $5; large private residence; complete service; quiet location; electric light, elevator; breakfast. Thos. Columbus 4886.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Beautiful parlor floor, suitable doctor, dentist, vocal, instrumental studios; rooms with private bath; maid service, door service; electricity, telephone; ideal location.

74TH ST., 140 WEST.—Beautiful large room, bath; also small; private residence; references.

75TH ST., 327 WEST, at Drive.—Large room, bath, with or without kitchenette privileges.

75TH, 149 WEST.—Newly furnished residence; large rooms, with baths, electricity, phone; $15.

75TH, 55 WEST.—Attractively furnished large sunny front parlor; private bath; electricity, telephone.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Nicely furnished sunny room; telephone; reference; $8. Apt. 72.

76TH, 114 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, running water; gentlemen.

77TH, 168 WEST.—Attractive suite, private bath; electricity, telephone, maid service; gentlemen.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Large, nice room, adjoining bath; also smaller one; phone, electricity.

78TH, 132 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large rooms; private baths, kitchenette privileges optional.

82D, 310 WEST, (Riverside.)—Large room, bath, with kitchenette; high class.

83D ST., 28 WEST.—Handsome large and medium rooms; private baths, electricity; references.

84TH ST., 301 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large double room; gentlemen willing to share large room.

84TH, 17 WEST.—High-class rooms for careful people; immediate possession.

87TH, 340 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms, $10-$15; private house; references.

88TH, 323 WEST, Riverside.—Large rooms; private bath; all improvements.

92D ST., 214 WEST, (Apt. 1B.)—Four rooms, together or separate; well-furnished; all light, fronting Broadway; subway one block; suitable doctor.

92D, 312 WEST.—Newly furnished suite, private residence; high class people; references.

94TH, 50 WEST.—One, two, three furnished suites, with and without baths; single rooms, with running water. Smith.

96TH AND BROADWAY.—Front, running water; no other roomers; $10 weekly. E 394 Times.

107TH ST., 229 WEST.—Charming outside room, adjoining bath. Call before 3. Morton.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Overlooking Riverside.)—Cool, spacious, double, single rooms, $6-$13.

113TH, 544 WEST.—Large front room, with dressing room; suitable couple; private house.

105TH ST., 201 WEST.—Two large, clean, airy rooms, kitchen and bath; modern elevator apartment.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Two connecting, sunny rooms, overlooking Morningside; $16; reduction for help. Apt. 32.

118TH, 425 WEST.—Desirable front room; every convenience; suitable for two. Apt. 45.

121ST, 501 WEST, (Morningside Heights.) near Columbia University.—Attractively furnished light, airy rooms, $4.75, $6 weekly; exclusive use of kitchen $2.50 extra; other rooms, some large, $4.75 to $7.50; reception room, dancing. Hosteases, Mrs. Young, Mrs. Lakin. Telephone Morningside 4886.

122D, (130 CLAREMONT AV.)—Delightfully cool; large, small washrooms; gentlemen. Harrington.

149D, 462 WEST.—Large front room, running water; also room, private bath; references.

147TH, 460 WEST.—Parlor floor; also other rooms; private house. H. Miller.

150TH ST., 600 WEST.—Handsome parlor, adjoining bedroom, facing Broadway; elevator; $65. Apt. 31.

SHERMAN AV., 79.—Comfortable room, neatly furnished, double bed; near Dyckman subway station; rent reasonable. Apt. 2A.

WEST END AV., 265.—Large front room; private bath; telephone.

WEST END AV., 613.—Beautiful furnished room, with bath; first floor.

WEST END AV., 806.—Large airy front room, private residence. Phone 2067 Acad.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Business man wants light, clean room, bath, breakfast, central location; not exceeding $15 weekly; state full particulars. N 80 Times.

Business man, college graduate, desires room with refined people convenient Times Square; use of piano preferred. V 31 Times.

Officer, recently discharged, college man, wants room on West Side, between Washington Square and 60th. V 34 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms, telephone, elevator, complete service, homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up.

West Side.

58TH, 44 WEST.—Elegant rooms, private baths; table and service the best.

79TH, 114-122 WEST, (wide, parked street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

78TH, 256 WEST.—Usual house for usual people, usual prices; one large room, one small room with piano, electricity.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Medium-size room, all conveniences; excellent board; references.

87TH, 57 WEST.—Large, attractive room, excellent board, bath, telephone, electricity; convenient; Jewish house.

93D, 21 WEST.—Front rooms; L; excellent cuisine; permanent guests desired.

95TH ST., 65 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; table board.

102D, 244 WEST.—Handsome double room to family or gentleman; table guests.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; private residence, service; surroundings unusual.

120TH ST., 116 WEST.—Double room with private bath; excellent Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Family House of High Standard
20 Min. Delightful Sail Downtown N. Y.
50 Lovely Rooms, Excellent Chef & Service.
Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Comforts.
$17 up; Per Adult, with Meals.
Ten Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large double rooms, private baths, meals; one flight; singles; facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

BOARD WANTED.

Young man, Spaniard, wishes room and board with American family. C 1009 Times Harlem.

French gentleman desires room and board with private family. J 44 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Staten Island.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Facing Bay. 20 Min. Sail Downtown.
Lovely, Furnished, Excellent Chef & Service.
Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Comforts.
$17 up; Eleventh Season; Capacity 75.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

New York State.

Private family would share their well-appointed home with select party for Summer months; every comfort and convenience; in beautiful, hilly, picturesque country, away from dampness and moisture of seashore; private grounds, tennis court, Jersey cows, gardens, and fruits; fine State road direct from city; good railroad service for Summer; any one loving nature's beauties, with restful woods and drives, would appreciate this spot; references exchanged. Address Y 72 Times Annex.

Retired New York physician, living alone on his farm 2 miles from New York, would like gentleman to join him; share expenses or pay board; no objection to semi-invalid. The Farm, Palenville, N. Y.

Teacher with large Catskill residence will take limited number of girls for Summer; every advantage; first references; terms moderate. H, 3,201 Broadway.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.; city comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $12 up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1165 W. Plains.

New Jersey.

Resthaven—Care of invalids and elderly; beautiful location, 594 North Broadway, Yonkers; $12 up. Phone Yonkers 1964.

Maple Hill Health Resort, Madison, N. J. Specialists nervous and rheumatic diseases; booklet.

Country Board Wanted.

Lady and child want board in country within commuting distance; also care for child during day; must be good home. E 823 Times Annex.

By young couple, accommodations for Summer, week ends, with particular private family; tennis and bathing. S 311 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT and Cashier; young lady desires position reliable firm; 2 years experience general office work; best references; bonded. Address S 307 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Part time, 9 to 12 daily; expert, accurate, systematic. For information and reference call Y. W. C. A. Employment, Plaza 10100, extension 32.

BOOKKEEPING (Light) and Clerical Work.—Country position desired by refined and neat appearing young lady; best references. B 1207 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER — Thoroughly competent; controlling accounts; reliable; finest references. E 715 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—6 years' experience; willing, capable taking charge set books, trial balances, controlling accounts; $25. W 61 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, eight years' experience, to take full charge; would like to connect with manufacturing concern. F 363 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 4 years' experience; conscientious, accurate; best references; salary $18. S 309 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER. — High school education; competent, willing worker; $20. S 622 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER. — Five years' experience; willing, reliable; salary $20. S 622 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Thoroughly experienced; no Saturday; consider Summer resort; reference. C 1306 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, five years' experience; salary $20; desirable position preferred. E 688 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady desires position in country boarding house; Summer. E 775 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, trial balances; consider position as lodge clerk; references. E 780 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 2 years' experience, to take full charge of office. S 566 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, office manager; efficient, reliable, trustworthy; salary $30. C 158 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, translator, Spanish girl, desires half-day position. D., 263 West 125th.

COUPLE, (American,) wife plain cook; entire management widower's home; we dine with family; washing; within 100 miles of New York; state how many in family; salary $30 per week; permanent; experienced travelers. C 1004 Times Harlem.

COUPLE wishes position in country, wife as cook and husband as chauffeur; best references; long experience. C 966 Times Harlem.

GOVERNESS, visiting, morning and afternoons; refined young American lady. Y 145 Times Annex.

HOUSEKEEPERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (agency.) 314 W. 50th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined widow; 40 years; A1 manageress; hotel and private experience; finish best references; only high-class place considered; responsible. B 51 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER - COMPANION, well bred, competent woman desires position; elderly couple preferred; best references. S 154 Times.

LADY'S MAID, French; competent seamstress, disengaged May 12; best city references; wages $30. S 310 Times.

LAUNDRESS, Swiss, first-class; fine work; silk done home. Martin. Columbia 2400.

MASSAGE, licensed graduate; facial, scalp treatment. Florence Russell, 565 Broad St., one block Hudson tubes. Tel. Market 2543, Newark, N. J.

MASSEUSE, licensed, can take additional patients; references. Brook, 211 West 88th. Riverside 3329.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires lady patients; late methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

NURSE, experienced, wishes care patient for Summer. W. Y., 827 Pleasant St., East Weymouth, Mass.

NURSE.—Graduate; wishes position; city or country. S 290 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Lady of refinement; college graduate; experienced; wishes position. Miss Adams, 600 West 144th, Apt 2B.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, lady, expert verbatim stenographer, cultured, well-educated, formerly high school teacher, desires position beginning in Fall with professional man, preferably writer or lecturer; references. Roberts, 547 West 149th.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, experienced in lumber, flooring, building trades, assist bookkeeper, office details, competent, ambitious, desires to work with, not merely for; salary, start, $28. Box 475 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, conscientious, executive ability; six years' experience; high school education; minimum salary $22; unqualified references. V 655 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Five years' engineering and export experience; age 22; high school education; unquestionable reference. D 706 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience, desires permanent position with reliable firm; $18-$20. E. Lederer, 171 Morningside Av., City.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience; rapid worker; reference; American; $15. N 438 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 7 years, desires secretarial or other position of responsibility. B 17 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 18; neat, competent, refined. Miss Lester, 453 Tremont Av.; Telephone Tremont 6265.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; reference former employer; American; $18. V 647 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Typist, Office Assistant; experienced; high school graduate, capable, neat. E 772 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate, five years' experience, capable, conscientious; $25. J 42 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; little experience; capable; salary $12. Rose Schneider, 745 Forest Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.—17, neat, competent, experienced. Miss Levine, Tremont 2229.

TYPIST.—4 years' experience; conscientious; also filing, general office work. D 779 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—General office work; experienced; $18. Murray Hill 2289.

WOMAN, refined, trustworthy, good sewer, wishes situation as nurse to child over three, or maid to young miss; best reference. Domann, 112 East 54th.

WOMAN wishes washing, ironing; $3 a day. 326 East 74th St. Zeakhar.

YOUNG LADY, competent, intelligent, having 8 years' experience in bookkeeping and general office work, desires position in Summer hotel or resort; small remuneration and board. V 24 Times.

YOUNG LADY, possessing showroom and office experience, desires position of responsibility. Apt. 86, 550 West 157th.

YOUNG LADY.—Champion typist, stenographic experience, conscientious worker. V 564 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY desires position as clerical worker with a reliable firm. Sarah Stein, Lenox 5081.

Employment Agencies.

COUPLE.—Woman maid, man graduated agriculturist; charge poultry or other garden; farm, country's also other couples. Employment Agency, 29 Mechanic St., New Rochelle. Phone 2203.

BERTA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (80th.) Riverside 9463.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av., Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, systematizer, income tax expert, with varied experience as public accountant, competent to take full charge of accounting department, desires position with manufacturing or mercantile concern; salary $2,600. E 770 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, Spanish, with fair knowledge of English, wants position, head bookkeeper or cashier; references upon request. Address R. M., 32 South Elliott Place, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, public experience, technical accountancy school graduate, desires position large mercantile or manufacturing concern; complete charge. D 785 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly; books opened; systems; tax reports. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangement,. $2.50 weekly; service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst, Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, N. Y. U. man, high grade C. P. A. experience, wishes connection with certified firm. D 780 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT EXPERT.

Books opened, systematized; part time bookkeeping. Greene, 12 West 27th. Telephone Chelsea 8354.

ACCOUNTANT, able; prepares books for tax reports, monthly audits, trial balances, weekly calls; reasonable charges. Kohlen, 277 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT will keep books for firm not employing bookkeeper a few hours each day. S 567 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Accountancy trained, thorough bookkeeper, executive ability, desires connection. A 354 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 25, engaged in semi-senior capacity, 2 years' experience, desires certified change. J 40 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 31, married, experienced, A1 references; salary $2,000. T 86 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, C. P. A. experience, seeks position. D 718 Times Downtown.

AMERICAN, 22, experience office man, desires responsible position; penman; references. O 67 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, Jr., qualified semi-senior work, desires connection with accountant. B 81 Times.

ADVERTISING-EDITORIAL ASSISTANT.—Associate editor of trade magazine, possessing appreciable knowledge of printing and advertising essentials, desires connection with advertising agency or editorial department of newspaper or magazine; aggressive worker, with initiative and record for top-notch service. A 598 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE. — DISCHARGED OFFICER (26,) MARRIED, WISHES POSITION. S 636 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ATTORNEY, 30, married, desires position with automobile concern. C 105 Times.

AUDITOR.—Young man who is a university graduate and has had 3 years' public accountancy experience and 6 months as auditor of manufacturing concern, desires a position where a good knowledge of accountancy and auditing is required. J 30 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 26, desires position with firm where good conscientious work will be rewarded with promotion; absolutely qualified to take full charge and well experienced. N 470 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Correspondent, 27, assume responsibility of office; 11 years' commercial and banking experience occupied executive capacity; accept out-of-town; salary $35. S 663 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 25, thorough knowledge controls, financial statements, costs; systematic, wide awake, get-up, desires position where hard work is duly rewarded. C 977 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 36, executive ability, takes charge, controlling accounts, financial statements, corporation accounting, factory cost; $55. S 182 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, experienced, knowledge office detail, accurate figurer, student accountancy, high school graduate, desires position. Nowak, 109 West 113th St.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.—Age 36; 18 years' experience; rapid calculator; averaging accounts, systematizer; protective systems. S 806 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 35, reliable; 15 years' experience; modern methods; references. Wm. Otto, care Robberts, 115 1st Av.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, desires position as assistant or with accountant; double entry; financial statements; moderate salary. J 13 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (19,) second year accountancy New York University; two years' experience, E 694 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ledger clerk, (25;) controlling accounts, trial balances, statements; $25. N 15 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—(23), experienced, double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance, &c., S 193 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and assistant credit man, (23); experienced, initiative, results; $2,000. T 70 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 10 years' experience; open, close, trial balance; accurate; references. S 613 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CORRESPONDENT, 24, thoroughly experienced modern accounting. Robbins, 855 East 163d St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, Production and Factory Clerk; young man; best references. J 43 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, first-class mechanic, (27,) single, 7 years' machine shop experience, very careful driver, drive and do all repairs of any make car, wishes private position; punctual, willing, sober; moderate wages; go anywhere. V 27 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, WITH FIFTEEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE ON ROLLS-ROYCE, CADILLAC, PIERCE-ARROW, PACKARD CARS, AGE 30; EX-NAVY CHIEF MACHINIST; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. N 19 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR.—College man; traveled all over U. S., wishes touring position; excellent driver and mechanic; capable of handling entire trip. Write G. H. Williams, 619 West 157th St.

CHAUFFEUR, (27;) 9 years driving own car in renting business; am at present employed, but desire to change position; salary $30. C 971 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, wishes position; neat, sober; 6½ years' driving, mechanical experience; references. Thomas, 137 West 141st St., Apartment 50.

CHAUFFEUR. — Thoroughly experienced; highly recommended; able mechanic; strictly temperate; neat; pleasing personality; city or country. Telephone Greeley 4956.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, colored, reliable, sober; city or country; references. S 290 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, reliable, experienced on repairs, wishes position; best references. Phone Rhinelander 3825.

CHAUFFEUR, single, experienced, careful driver, wishes position; will go to country; references; private. Cullen, V 32 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, wishes a position in private family in city or country. Write Papuma, 90 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; 6 years' experience; 5 years at one place; best references; city or country. A 372 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, wishes position private family. Abel Tyrbon, 107 E. 126th.

CHAUFFEUR AND MECHANIC.—Couple; wife first-class cook. T. K., 249 East 61st.

CHEMIST, graduate, wishes work on dyes or paints; thorough training. E 732 Times Downtown.

CHEMIST, graduate, experienced metals analyst, desires connection with metals factory. P. 47 Times.

FARMER-GARDENER, married, wishes to assume care of private estate. "Farmer," 1,152 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

FARM SUPT.—Life experience, stock, crops, dairy, handling men, machinery. J 45 Times.

FIREBRICK MASON, experienced boilers, furnaces, desires permanency, power house, factory. P 376 Times.

GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT with executive ability; excellent worker; $30 weekly. O 65 Times.

GOLF, horsemanship, tennis, dancing instructor, chauffeur, wants place with Summer hotel or country club. P 352 Times.

GRADUATE CHEMIST, discharged soldier, experienced in compounding perfumes, disinfectants, insecticides, essential oils, desires plant or research work; will consider sales position; excellent references. S 183 Times.

JAPANESE.—Competent butler, valet; nice family; excellent references. Kita, 141 East 56th.

JAPANESE.—Excellent cook; private family; best references. Gima, 141 East 56th.

LAWYER.—Young attorney of good address, student of Spanish, desires connection with good lawyer, law firm or corporation; can make good. Yancey Shoaf, care Phoenix Refining Co., Tulsa, Oklahoma.

MACHINIST.—All factory repairs and new work; wishes steady position where 15 years' practical experience is essential. A. A., 148 Columbus Av.

MAN, colored, would care for bachelor's apartment; plain cooking; reference. S 300 Times.

MANAGER, correspondent, salesman, bookkeeper, man 37, executive ability, solicits position. D 718 Times Downtown.

MASSEUR, licensed; electrical treatments at residence. Nicholson, 112 West 125th. Morningside 9046.

MASTER MECHANIC.—All engine room repairs, elevators, millwright, and machine work; also building repairs; handle any plant. B. B., 1184 Columbus Av.

OFFICE MANAGER, (29,) college education, experienced, statistics, payrolls, office routine, executive ability, desires position. E 779 Times Downtown.

PAINTER wants work; landlord's real estate. Glasser, 270 St. Ann's Av. Melrose 9067.

PROOFREADER, expert, wants position on editorial staff of periodical or newspaper; practical printer, experienced, accurate. E 771 Times Downtown.

PURCHASING AGENT or assistant, young man, technical graduate, experienced in steel, mill practice, and sales, familiar with sources of supplies desires position, preferably with established export firm located in New York; just returned from 18 months' service in France. Y 64 Times Annex.

PURCHASING AGENT OR ASSISTANT.—Naval officer, 23, desires connection with export, steamship or industrial concern; thoroughly experienced in electrical insulating material and steamship supplies; convincing correspondent; highest credentials. Y 461 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, selling in hardware trade, wants good hardware or housefurnishing side line; commission. W. M. Berner, 678 Academy St.

SALESMAN, 24, city and road drug specialties, experience, seeks connection with reliable concern; salary or commission. Harold L. Fein, 691 Wales Av., Bronx.

SALESMAN, 27, 8 years' selling experience in city and road, sees connection with reliable concern; salary or comission. Irving Sandler, 1,480 Sealey Place, Bronx.

SALESMAN (28), discharged soldier, ten years' experience fancy linens, wishes to establish himself again; desires interview. T 107 Times.

SALESMAN, 23, high school graduate, experienced, desires position; haberdashery preferred. R 431 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced and energetic young man, 25 years old, desires position with good commercial house as secretary-stenographer and office assistant to busy executive; best of references and a clean past record; one year's army service. N 79 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, executive; excellent credentials; compensation commensurate high-grade ability. E 717 Times Down

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER with experience in bookkeeping and clerical work; excellent opportunity. Write, stating experience, age, nationality, and religion, F. 171 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by automobile accessories export house; must be well educated, bright, accurate; perfect English typist; knowledge of Spanish preferred. A 530 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, efficient, intelligent, neat appearing; experience one with realty experience; chance for advancement. Call today 9:30, Room 701, 505 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, attractive personality, fashionable publishing house; come prepared to work after 10; $20. Room 400, 489 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted, by importing concern, young lady stenographer and switchboard operator; nice position for right party. S 298 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, must also be able to work switchboard; state education, age; salary $12. Taylor Motors Corp., 1,020 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, by Christian firm, bright, industrious young lady; one with insurance office experience preferred; $15 to start. Apply Monday at Room 2329, 61 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and octaphone operator; excellent opportunity with publishing house for bright, capable girl. Wise & Co., 56 West 45th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable taking rapid dictation, in sales department. Write, giving experience, reference, salary, Box 62, 1,619 St. James Bldg.

SALESMEN, with necessary references, to sell motor trucks; direct factory connections; commission basis, with exceptional opportunity. 312 East 28th St.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced wholesale embroidery house; opportunity for advancement. Loeb & Schoenfeld, 27-33 West 23d.

STENOGRAPHER in hardware wholesale establishment; must be experienced; state age, salary, references; splendid position for right party. A 581 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, lady, experienced, with high school education or equal; pleasant work. 1,482 Broadway, Room 1203.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; must be competent and experienced. Apply Paul Wender Co., 35 Nassau St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced in office work. Apply after 10, Room 4, Shubert Theatre Building, 223 West 44th St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR AND TYPIST.—Experienced; good penman; neat appearing; strictly businesslike; unquestionable references; hours 9-5:30. M. Heineman, 9th floor, 114 5th Av.

TEA ROOM ASSISTANT; preferably with experience in planning menus; hours 2 to 7. Mary Elizabeth, 392 5th Av.

TRAINED INFANTS' NURSE, all year, Woodmere, Long Island. Apply Monday, 10 to 5. Mrs. Stamm, 150 West 87th St.

TYPIST for billing department, large manufacturing concern; state address, experience, references, and salary expected. Opportunity. 253 Times.

TYPIST, BILL CLERK.—Excellent opportunity; comptometer operator preferred. City 17 Park Place.

TYPIST, addressing envelopes and filling in. Call Schrandt & Brandt, 108 Grand St.

WOMEN to canvass membership for well known national institution; must speak Yiddish and English; splendid opportunity for the right person; commission. C 739 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, competent, assistant housekeeper and seamstress; country for summer. Call at 68 East 86th St., Apartment 7, West.

WOMAN, few hours housework; several times weekly. 302 West 92d, Apt. 64.

WOMAN to assist in cafeteria and tea room. 18 West 43d.

WOMEN, between 25 and 35 years of age, to learn our system TELEPHONE-TELEGRAPHY. Short course and permanent employment. Advancement to $105 per month. Apply WESTERN UNION, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., (near Canal and Broadway.)

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—C. P. A. seeks assistant, preferably one with public utility experience; state qualifications and expectations. Trained, Y 35 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR for high-class motion picture magazine; must be acquainted with agencies; commission only. Y 147 Times Annex.

ARE YOU THE MAN?

WE WANT A MAN WITH EXPERIENCE IN SELLING PAINT, VARNISH, AND SPECIALTIES OF THE MANUFACTURING TRADE.

HE WILL COME WITH US AT A GOOD SALARY, AND THEN, BY GETTING THE BUSINESS, MAKES PAY HIM MORE.

HE WILL TRAVEL PART OF THE EASTERN STATES, WITH NEW YORK AS HEADQUARTERS.

THIS POSITION OFFERS BIG REWARDS FOR THE RIGHT MAN.

IF YOU THINK YOU CAN FILL IT, TELL US WHY YOU THINK SO IN A LETTER ADDRESSED TO S 602 Times Downtown.

ARTIST, retoucher, who can handle mechanical subjects for engineering publication, has good opportunity to connect; pleasant working conditions; 38½ working hours per week; permanent position for good man; state experience, salary, etc. 201 Times.

ARTIST.—Landscape and figure work; must be expert with black and white; good salary, steady position; bring samples. Broda Mayer, 220 West 42d St., Room 2004.

ASSEMBLERS, thoroughly familiar with small six bolt motors and generators; apply in person, Dayton Motor Appliance Co., 18 Garden St., Hoboken, N. J.

ASSISTANT to portrait painter wanted, who can influence commissions; artist is well known for his successful work; gentleman moving in good society may add to his income by liberal percentage on price paid; letters treated as strictly confidential. Box Y 103 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—Must be rapid and efficient stenographer; preference given to one who has been in service; salary $25. P. O. Box 751, City Hall Station.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, with cost experience, age 25 to 35, in accounting department of manufacturing concern; permanent position; reply own handwriting, stating age, experience, married or single, references when available and salary expected. S. S., 209 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, capable of taking full charge of books; knowledge of automobile service station accounts and billing preferable. Write, stating experience and salary expected, Rolls-Royce, Limited, Harris Av., Long Island City.

BOOKKEEPER, one familiar handling vouchers and purchase ledger; accurate figurer and good penman essential; state experience and salary expected. E. L., 451 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER; experienced; must possess at least five years' expertlife and present satisfactory evidence of proven ability. Louis Cohen. 232 East 125th.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT.—Hours 7 to 5:30, including Sunday; weekday off instead of Sunday; call after 4 P. M. Central Park Building, Sunday, 934 7th Av., N. Y. C.

BOOKKEEPER, Elliott Fisher. Address, stating age, references, and salary desired, M. X., 277 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Experienced; must speak German. Rubber Waste Co., 152-154 Lincoln Av., corner 135th St., Bronx.

BUSINESS SECRETARY.—Young man or woman, with knowledge of the foreign exchange and banking business, perfect correspondence and full knowledge of bookkeeping, will find steady and good paying position with reliable house; those with a knowledge of French, German, and Hungarian preferred; reply stating full particulars, salary, and experience. K 228 Times.

BOYS
FOR OFFICE WORK;
PERMANENT POSITIONS WITH GOOD FUTURE.
We pay $9 a week to start and $10 a week after a month of satisfactory service to boys who have graduated from school; age 14 to 17; half a day Saturday.
OPPORTUNITY FOR PROMOTION TO CLERICAL AND MECHANICAL POSITIONS.
Apply by letter only.
Public Telephone Department,
Room 202, 24 Walker St.,
New York City.
NEW YORK
TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Instruction.

FILE CLERKS WANTED.

Big demand in business houses for file clerks who have had TRAINING. Many large concerns depend upon our school entirely for their file clerks. Well-trained file clerks are scarce. They get good pay and fine opportunities for promotion. In four weeks we train you thoroughly in all leading systems of filing, also indexing and cataloging. And we assure you a position when you have learned the work. Every student receives PERSONAL INSTRUCTION, and practices with finest modern office equipment. Evening and afternoon classes. Enroll at once for new classes starting Monday, May 12. Call, write, or phone Franklin 2261.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St., Near Broadway.

DON'T BE A ONE-SYSTEM FILING CLERK.

Our graduates know how to operate ALL systems and are in demand by the customers of ALL filing equipment manufacturers. School in light, airy quarters. Instruction based on our five years of experience. Extensive equipment. Large teaching staff. *POSITIONS SECURED FOR GRADUATES.* Intensive touch-typing course separate or inclusive. Visitors always welcome. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses.

NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
1,170 Broadway—at 28th Street,
(formerly Singer Building.)
Branches: Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia.
Phone Madison Square 6097.

WOMEN ARE INVITED
to attend a series of informative lectures on technical business subjects at Pace Institute. The first lecture of the series, "FUNDAMENTALS OF DOUBLE ENTRY," will be given by Homer S. Pace, C. P. A., on WEDNESDAY, MAY 14, 6 P. M. Tickets for this lecture are limited in number. Make application to Registrar, Pace Institute, 30 Church St., New York.

ARE YOU A SQUARE PEG
in a round hole? Thousands are holding positions to which they are not suited—they do not know their own capabilities. A character analysis will determine your qualifications and tell you in what vocation you will achieve the greatest success and happiness. Character readings by appointment. Call, write, phone Chelsea 4064 for Booklet K. Alerton Institute, 96 5th Av., New York.

GOOD ENGLISH BUILDS BUSINESS.
Good English is a basic requirement for business success; most men and women need training in English—sentence building, vocabulary enlargement, report and letter writing. Do you? Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for free bulletin, "Your English," and for details of a new early evening class now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

$15
THIS WEEK, MAY TERM
NIGHT SCHOOL
pays for COMPLETE SHORT COURSE IN STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING, or TELEGRAPHY; DAY SCHOOL, $25. Positions Guaranteed. Established 1884.
GAFFNEY'S SCHOOL,
5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

For Commercial or Professional Life—
THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' individual instruction; graduates registered. V. M. Wheat, Director. 55 West 42d St. Phone V-4039 for catalogue.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required. All year.

COME ANY TIME AFTER 5 P. M.
to the Drake Business School Speed Club (20 to 175 words a minute). Individual instruction in Shorthand, Typewriting, Accounting, English. Tribune Building. Phone Beekman 2723 for our new catalog.

BEAUTY CULTURE.—Hairdressing, manicuring, all branches taught; days, evenings; graduates earn $25-$50 weekly; circular explains. Prof. Rohrer's Famous School, 119 West 42d St.

THE AT HOME SYSTEM AUTOMOTIVE DRIVING INSTRUCTION meets the needs of the woman of refinement. 297 Metropolitan Tower. Phone Gramercy 1790.

AUTO driving lessons, $1; reasonable by hour; private, 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.; State examination, license. LEON, (Phone Circle 1764), 231 West 50th.

FRENCH conversation and grammar taught by experienced young woman; Fall class now forming; also private lessons. K 157 Times.

TRAIN for acting and elocution; day, evening appointment. C 128 Times.

LADIES-GIRLS, learn telephoning; complete course, $10. Chief School, 5 Beekman St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY,
93 Nassau St. 489 5th Av.
STENOGRAPHERS-BOOKKEEPERS, $15-$25.

LANG AGENCY, 115 Broadway—Stenographers, typists, clerical; excellent permanent opportunities. Call immediately.

ROSE WEBBER AGENCY, 1,009 Tribune Building.—Stenographers, typists, bookkeepers, dictaphone, $10-$25.

STENOGRAPHERS, $10-$25; bookkeepers, hill. Flatiron Building.

HELP WANTED—Male.

CLOTHING SALESMAN.

Real producers, who are not afraid to tackle a new proposition, and know how to put it across; we have a line of overalls and work clothes entirely new in conception, superior in quality, for which there is a great, big immediate market. We are ready to pay liberally on either salary or commission basis for men who can get results quickly. We will not entertain applications from any but men of proven ability, and letter must contain full particulars of experience, territory covered, kind of goods sold, and volume of business to receive any consideration; state where personal interview can be arranged. Y 146 Times Annex.

COMPOSITOR.—Union; good pay; steady work. Apply 8th floor, McGraw Hill Co., 10th Av. and 36th St.

COPYHOLDER, to assist proofreader in night composing room; good pay, steady work. Apply 8th floor, McGraw, Hill Co., 10th Av. and 36th St.

COPYHOLDER, first-class, for night shift; steady work; good salary; opportunity for bright young man. Address P. O. Box 80, Station D, New York.

DESIGNER FOR LADIES' TAILORED AND MACRINE-MADE HAT MANUFACTURER; MUST HAVE KNOWLEDGE OF PRICES OF MATERIAL, &C.; WRITE EXPERIENCE; STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. B. C., 802 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DETECTIVE, experienced, retail department stores; state salary required and experience. D. W., 441 Times Harlem.

DIRECTOR for boys' clubs Wednesday and Friday evenings. Address Box 250, 1,515 3d Av.

DRAFTSMAN.

Experienced patent draftsman for mechanical and electrical inventions; large manufacturing corporation in Springfield, Massachusetts; exceptional opportunity; when replying, give full particulars regarding nationality, training, and experience; submit drawing, and state salary desired; all applications will be considered confidential, and drawings returned if requested; position available immediately. Reply "L. W. R." P. O. Box 22, Springfield, Massachusetts.

DRAFTSMEN.

First class jig fixture and tool designer, also high grade machine designers, detailers and tracers; desirable openings given with large organization for men who can qualify along the above line; state experience fully. compensation expected and when available. Location, North side, near N. Y., 230 Times.

DRAFTSMEN.—Layout men on pumps and turbines; discharged army men given first consideration; state in first letter education, experience, and salary expected; modern plant. Midwest Engine Company, Hill Pump Works, Indianapolis, Ind.

DRAFTSMAN; architectural; familiar with suburban work. Robert C. Hutchinson, 126 Liberty St.

DRIVER for Ford truck; experience required. Twin Bros., 329 Columbus Av.

DROP FORGERS and HEATERS wanted, 3 or 4 first-class men, for work on board drop hammers; steady position; good wages; well-ventilated shop. Endicott Forging and Mfg. Co., Inc., Endicott, N. Y.

ESTIMATOR, first-class, for builder's office; give experience, and references. K 134 Times.

ESTIMATOR, experienced in taking off quantities for architectural bronze; state age, experience, and salary. S 305 Times.

EXPORTERS.—An important firm of English brass valve, &c., manufacturers and American exporters of pipes, fittings, wire nails, &c., are extending New York office; wish to negotiate with experienced individual who would be competent to take management of sales on salary or would be interested to absorb a firm similar lines already established. Apply by letter, with particulars, to Rowland Dixon, Plaza Hotel, New York.

FARMERS, single; experienced with pigs and cows; also understands plowing and general farming; salary $60 month and board. Apply 9:30 A. M. MacNiff Co., 54 Vesey St.

FOLDING BOXES.—Man wanted, thorough knowledge manufacturing folding boxes. E 773 Times Downtown.

CARPENTER, outside superintendent; must understand store front construction, cabinetwork, and carpenter work in all its branches; must have some knowledge of general building construction; only those need apply who have executive ability; permanent position. Apply Room 1306, 347 5th Av.

JEWELER WANTED; HIGH-CLASS MAN ON FINE PLATINUM JEWELRY; GOOD WAGES; STEADY WORK. CALL CARTIER, 2 EAST 52D ST.

LACQUERER.

Wanted, experienced man for lacquering silver-plated hollowware; steady employment; state experience, wages expected, and give references. Box 13, 208 Broadway, Brooklyn.

LEATHER WORKERS.
TIFFANY & CO.
require first-class leather workers on bags and pocketbooks.
TIFFANY & CO., Forest Hill, Newark, N. J.

LINOTYPE OPERATOR wanted immediately; also floor man; steady situation; union; day work; $29. Times-Herald, Lorain, Ohio.

LINOTYPE OPERATOR for book and job work; best plant in the South; nonunion; 48 hours weekly. Byrd Printing Company, Atlanta, Ga.

LINOTYPE OPERATOR for night shifts on straight matter; good salary; steady job. Address P. O. Box 30, Station D, New York.

LINOTYPE OPERATORS.—Good pay, steady work; union. Apply 8th floor, McGraw Hill Co., 10th Av. and 36th St.

MAN, handy with tools, for farm at Madison, N. J.; $15 a week and board. Apply 2 P. M. MacNiff Co., 54 Vesey St.

MEN to canvass membership for well-known national institution; must speak Yiddish and English; splendid opportunity for the right person; commission. C 740 Times Downtown.

MILLER.

Experienced man, familiar with ore reduction; must have had charge of milling department; state age, salary expected, and when available; give detailed references. Box 45, Suite 1035, 150 Nassau St.

NOTICE TO A. E. F. MEN.—Beginning Tuesday, May 6, a special school on salesmanship for A. E. F. men will be conducted in the offices of The New York Times-War Volumes Sales Department, 215 West 43d St. Classes will meet each evening from 7:30 to 9. We are developing executives from our own organization, and to those men who are first willing to learn the art of salesmanship, then make good selling on a commission basis, our organization offers fine opportunities. Arrange for enrollment in classes.

NURSE.—Surgeon's office; nose and throat experience; $60 per month, with room and board. K 93 Times.

OFFICE BOY.—Young man, industrious, willing to run errands and assist around office; good opportunity for advancement. Apply in person, with handwritten application. 1600 Grand Central Terminal.

OFFICE BOYS, two, wanted by a large and well-known fire insurance company; opportunities for advancement. A 548 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, 16, BRIGHT, CLEAN-CUT; GOOD OPPORTUNITY. APPLY 1-2, BEDFORD MILLS, 80 LEONARD ST.

PROOFREADER.—A1 nonunion reader, for night shift; good salary; steady work; clean plant; 45-hour week; call any time after 9 A. M. Fairchild Press, 8 East 13th.

PROOFREADER, Text and Advertising.—Union; good pay, steady work. Apply 8th floor, McGraw, Hill Co., 10th Av. and 36th St.

PUBLISHING HOUSE
WANTS A STOCK MAN TO TAKE FULL CHARGE OF BOUND STOCK OF BOOKS; EXPERIENCED MAN DESIRED.
Apply to
THOMAS Y. CROWELL CO., PUBLISHERS,
428 WEST BROADWAY.

SALESMAN, traveling, with good following, on popular line of children's colored dresses; strictly commission basis; none others need apply. S. Roenman & Co., 18 West 21st.

SALESMEN, to represent publishing house in New York City and elsewhere throughout country, including men with executive ability for district managers; salary and liberal commission. C 160 Times.

SALESMEN, with stationery experience; good opportunities for live wires; salary or drawing account. Keystone Carbon Paper Co., 115 Maiden Lane.

SALESMAN.—Bright, live-wire man, to take complete charge of branch store; must furnish first-class references and be financially responsible; salary and commission. K 108 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, with established trade for high-class shirts; commission, drawing account. Empire Mfg. Co., 603 Broadway.

SALESMEN wanted; experienced grocery specialties men preferred; liberal commission arrangement; a few good territories opened. Call before 11 A. M. 351 Fulton St., Brooklyn, Room 11.

SALESMEN to sell marine instruments; splendid opportunity; salary or commission. A 520 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN calling on paint trade and hardware stores, out of town, to handle creosote oil and other coal tar products; commission basis. Hammar Supply, 30 Cortlandt St.

SALESMEN and ambitious men who believe they can sell; our corporation, a large financial institution, awake to peace possibilities now building a national sales organization on the system of developing our own executives, such as salesmen and managers. The present outlook for business and the demand for manpower make this opportunity remarkable for men of character and force to join and rise rapidly both as to commission, income and position. The requirements are principally earnestness, energy and unswerving loyalty. We are engaged in the biggest and most important phase of modern business; if you are 25 years of age and over, and really looking for a chance to connect with a live and growing banking house which appreciates effort and rewards results selling their securities, reply in confidence to this advertisement, giving telephone number and address, being assured that due consideration will be given. Commission basis. Box W 425 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.

THE CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY desires several salesmen to call on its customers; excellent opportunity for making $35 a week at the start and advancing in position; experience selling gas appliances not necessary. commission basis; reference required. Call in forenoon at 140 East 15th St. Ask for Mr. Schachter.

SALESMEN
for city only, on well advertised office equipment line, sold to large mail order offices and banks; only men of good appearance, age 28 to 45, with highest references and A-1 past record considered; salary or drawing account and bonus, promising $2,500 to $4,000 first year for real men who prove ability and dependability in our line; rapid advancement thereafter. Bring your references to Julius Mentzel, 913 Park Row Building.

SALESMAN.—A manufacturer of a well known advertised automobile accessory has opening for a producer; one experienced in selling goods on the road will be given preference; line is widely distributed; trade is established; capable man can secure big volume of business, and make splendid earnings on proposition we have for him; salary or commission will be paid to one who can prove that he is a producer. Box Y 55 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.
THE VINDEX COMPANY wants an experienced salesman who is acquainted with the furnishing goods trade in New York City, especially the Bronx, to sell their high-grade line of dress shirts and men's and ladies' athletic underwear; drawing account and commission. Apply at once, 260 Church St., and ask for Mr. S. S. Shapard.

SALESMAN, traveling; permanent position for experienced specialty salesman; write fully, stating age, experience, trade you call, cabinet and line of drug labels and boxes to the retail drug trade in New York State; salary, commission, with drawing account. Address Court Label Cabinet Company, Bradford, Penn.

SALESMAN WANTED.—Large coat house making a snappy line of ladies', juniors', and children's coats requires an experienced, energetic traveling salesman for the southern territory; also one for New York and New England States; must come well recommended; good opportunity for right man; commission. Box K 99 Times.

SALESMEN.—Learn the value of a real security, one that is paying dividends of 8%, payable quarterly; financial institution, many years' established, is increasing its capital; easily explained; prior experience not necessary; commission. Spence & Co., 1 Madison Av., N. Y.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, high-grade stock salesman with clientele to sell securities of an old-established company doing Government work and paying dividends; active market on New York Curb; splendid opportunity for right man; salary; references. A 484 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced fuel oil salesman, acquainted with the trade, capable of handling 100,000-barrel contracts and of earning $10,000 to $20,000 a year on commission. Address, stating experience, S 309 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced fashion, to sell dress books; must be well acquainted with dress manufacturers; good chance to make $5,000 a year and commission. French-American Fashion Publishing Co., 210 5th Av.

SALESMAN, experienced, sausage casings, with established trade; state territory covered, experience, territory covered, and former connections in strict confidence; commission. B. G., 124 Times.

SALESMAN to sell Ford cars on commission basis; territory Greater New York; opportunity for a live wire. MacMorris Auto Co., 1,574 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN wanted to sell high-grade office device, (commission basis;) check protector men preferred. A 482 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to sell spices and flavoring extracts to wholesale grocery and hotel trade; excellent opportunity for man of energy, experience, and established clientele; salary basis. V 606 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted to sell hotel, restaurants, and clubs; must know glass, china, and housefurnishings; experienced preferred; on strictly commission basis and expenses. Address Salesmen, K 56 Times.

SALESMAN for metropolitan district with previous record and standing, in commercial soap trade; domestic and export; commission; full particulars first letter; confidential. Y 30 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, live; infants', children's coat house open for salesman with following; wonderful opportunity for a man capable of obtaining results; commission basis. Rosh-Mayers, 122 West 27th.

SALESMAN. — Exceptional opportunity offered to energetic, ambitious salesman to sell advertising display showcases; state qualifications, salary, &c. A 604 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Established cotton goods house has opening for salesmen with experience in selling gray goods; good opportunity is offered to ambitious young men; salary or commission. K 225 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to sell ladies' wash goods trade; office trade; also must be capable to do inside work; salary and commission; great opportunity for a live wire. Y 141 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, experience cotton thread trimming; salary, commission. Crown Thread, 179 5th Av.

SECURITY SALESMEN.

If you are making $100 weekly and want to make more, this is the best opportunity you have ever had; combination oil and utility proposition; best men in the country identified with it; indorsed by 30 biggest banks in New York and Chicago; we offer you permanent connection and chance to make from $500 month up; commission basis. Rishell & Co., 1906, 220 West 42d St.

SHIPPING CHARGE CLERK; thoroughly experienced; large wholesale flower and feather manufacturing firm; one capable taking entire charge of order and delivery department; good opportunity and high salary. Behrman & Co., 58 West 36th.

SHIRT SALESMAN, with experience, to cover N. Y. City with a popular line of shirts on straight commission basis; must have large following. Metropolitan Shirt, 584 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; young man between 19 and 20 years of age; prefer high school graduate; must be rapid; good opportunity for right man. Call 2 P. M., Monday, 3 Park Row. Ask for Mr. Wurtzel.

STENOGRAPHER.—18 to 22; excellent opportunity learn advertising business; state experience and salary desired; Christian firm. V 29 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent; give full particulars as to experience and references. S 224 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-Assistant Bookkeeper.—General office work. Phone Gramercy 2080.

STOCK SALESMEN!!

ONE OF THE BEST KNOWN SALESMANAGERS IN AMERICA has just undertaken a three-million-dollar stock issue of a large established corporation, with a big, going business paying 8 per cent. dividends, having extensive business connection with other big companies and having well-known bankers and men of affairs on its board. He needs TEN EXPERIENCED SECURITY SALESMEN to help him organize a field force on commission. The stock has large speculative possibilities. CAN YOU QUALIFY? Address, giving telephone number, W 65 Times.

STOCK SALESMEN to sell a dividend-paying security; proposition is of real merit; commission basis. Write A 540 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN wanted; experienced; best proposition ever offered; big money earned by live-wire men; commission basis. Incorporated Company, Room 205, 335 East 149th St.

TEMPLATE MAKERS and mechanics to operate punching machines for structural shop. Harris Structural Steel Co., New Market, N. J., or apply 1,480 Broadway, N. Y. C. Good housing.

TYPIST for billing department large manufacturing concern. Address, stating experience, references, and salary expected. "Opportunity," 253 Times.

WATCHMAN-ENGINEER, man with stationary license wanted; steady work. Address Watchman, Box 48, Long Island City.

YOUNG MAN, familiar with clerical work, writing, putting tickets, &c., in large shirt house; good opportunity, steady position; salary to start, $18. Lumberg Nast & Co., 361 Water St., corner Montgomery.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN with lots of enthusiasm and initiative to demonstrate different furniture articles; if you are willing to study each article thoroughly and to work hard we have an excellent steady position for you; state age, salesmanship experience, and salary expected if you want your application considered. A 586 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN
with talent for drawing can learn lucrative trade; excellent opportunity for advancement.
KOPPELMEDT MFG. CO.,
136TH ST. AND WILLOW AV.

YOUNG MAN, EXPERIENCED IN OFFICE WORK; MUST BE QUICK AND CAREFUL WORKER. APPLY MAX MAYER & SONS, 890 BROADWAY.

YOUNG MAN, age 17 or 18, wanted in office; good penman; references; advancement. Commercial, E 304 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17-18, required office large steel corporation; state age, experience and salary expected. A 584 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in gents' furnishing store. Schiller, 182 Park Row.

Instruction.

GOOD ENGLISH BUILDS BUSINESS.
Good English is a basic requirement for business success; most men and women need training in English—sentence building, vocabulary enlargement, report and letter writing. Do you? Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for free bulletin, "Your English," and for details of a new early evening class now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

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in a hole? Thousands are holding positions to which they are not suited; they do not know their own capabilities. A character analysis will determine your qualifications and tell you in what vocation you will achieve the greatest success and happiness; character readings by appointment. Call, write, phone Chelsea 4064 for booklet, Merton Institute, 96 5th Av., New York.

$15
THIS WEEK, MAY TERM
NIGHT SCHOOL
Pays for COMPLETE SHORT COURSE IN STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING, or TELEGRAPHY; DAY SCHOOL, $25. Positions Guaranteed. Established 1884.
GAFFEY'S SCHOOL,
5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and bulletin 49 which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

STENOGRAPHERS wanted; demand never so great; we qualify you in 30 days by the Syl-lab-ic system. Moon's School. Central Branch, 50 East 42d.

TRAIN for acting or public speaking; day, evening; appointment. C 127 Times.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED.
Three up-to-the-minute men to handle accident and sickness insurance, either whole or part time, for an old and reliable company; commission basis; answer today. Massachusetts Accident Company, P. O. Box 5226 Boston, Mass.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

AEROPLANE MOTOR 120 H. P., new.
HUDSON 1917 4-pass. sport.
ISOTTA-FRASCHINI 120 H. P., new.
MERCER 22-72 4-Pass. sport.
PIERCE 36 H. P. limousine.
PACKARD twin-six coupe; special body.
STUTZ 1917 4-pass. sport special.
SIMPLEX 1916 4-pass. sport.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 8-cyl. 4-pass. 1917.
GILHOOLY & WHALEN, 157 West 56th.

BENZ touring car; Bosch self-starter and electric light; Victoria top, wire wheels, two spare wheels with tires. Columbus 5178.

Kaplan, 214 West 65th St.

BUICK 1918 six, model E 49; original paint; mechanically perfect. Residence, 416 79th St., Brooklyn.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK, 1917, D-45. Little Six touring. Smith, 154 West 124th. Morn. 151.

BURRELLE'S
AUTO SHOW
of RECONSTRUCTED MOTOR CARS.
ROLLS-ROYCE 4-Pass. SPORT.
ROLLS-ROYCE 4-Pass. VICTORIA.
CADILLAC 1919 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC 1919 4-PASS. PHAETON.
CADILLAC 1918 4-PASS TOURING.
CADILLAS 1917 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
DANIELS 1918 4-PASS SPORT.
DANIELS 1918 COUPE.
DANIELS 1917 SPORTING ROADSTER.
DANIELS 1918 COLLAPSIBLE BROUGHAM
DANIELS 1917-7-PASS. TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 4-PASS. SEDAN.
PACKARD 1918 3-25 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
PACKARD 1918 3-25 TOURING.
PACKARD 1917 FLEETWOOD TOWN.
PIERCE-ARROW Collapsible Sedan, Series 4.
KISSEL 1919 SPEEDSTER.
CHANDLER 1918 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
MARMON 1917 "34" CHUMMY ROADSTER.
MARMON 1917 LIMOUSINE.
MARMON 1917 BROUGHAM-LANDAULET.
SIMPLEX 4-PASS. FLEETWOOD SPECIAL.
MERCER 1918 4-PASS. SPORT.
MERCER 1917 ROADSTER.
MERCER 1917 SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SPORTING FOUR.
STUTZ 1917 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
STUTZ 1917 6-PASS TOUR.
OWEN MAGNETIC 1917 LANDAULET.
MURRAY 1918 BROUGHAM.
MURRAY 1917 7-PASS. TOURING.
WILSON 1917 SEDAN.
ISOTTA-FRASCHINI SEDAN, LATEST Imp.
FIAT FLEETWOOD, LATEST Importation.
MANY OTHERS. OPEN EVENINGS.
1,680 Bway., Entire Bldg., Formerly Iceland.
The MOTOR TRANSPORT CORPS moves the army. Enlist in the M. T. C.

CADILLAC 1918, 7-Passenger Touring.
Cadillac 1917, 7-Passenger Touring.
Cadillac 1917, 4-Passenger Phaeton.
Cadillac 1917, Victoria.
Cadillac 1917, Brougham Limousine.
Hudson 1917, 4-Passenger Sport.
Lancia 1915, 4-Passenger Sport.
Mercer 1917, 4-Passenger Sport.
Marmon 1917, Club Roadster.
National 1918, Newport Club Roadster.
Packard 1918, 6-Pass. Judkin Sedan.
Packard 1917, 4-Pass. Phaeton, Fleetwood.
Overland 1917, Club Roadster, Continental.
Stutz 1917, Bearcat Speedster.
Stutz 1915, Bearcat Speedster.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC. EST. 1902.
1,076 Broadway. Circle 65. Open Evenings.

CADILLAC 1919 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC 1918 LIMOUSINE.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
COLE 1918 ROADSTER.
HUDSON 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
MERCER 1918 RUNABOUT.
MERCER 1917 4-Pass. Touring.
PACKARD 1918 FLEETWOOD SEDAN.
PACKARD 1918 Fleetwood Town Car.
PIERCE 4917 "66" TOURING.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 16-VALVE SPEEDSTER.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 7-PASSENGER.
MARMAN 1917 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER, 16 VALVES.
OLDSMOBILE 1917 SEDAN.
HUPMOBILE 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1917 TOURING.
HUDSON 1917 SPEEDSTER, WALTON SP.
OLDSMOBILE 1917 SPEEDSTER.
WHITE 1917 TOURING, 16 VALVES.
CHANDLER 1918 7-PASSENGER.
NATIONAL CHUMMY, WIRE WHEELS.
MANY OTHERS.
LOBELL-ABORN, 239 WEST 55TH ST.

CADILLAC 1917 7-PASSENGER.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER, 16 VALVES.
OLDSMOBILE 1917 SEDAN.
HUPMOBILE 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1917 VICTORIA.
HUDSON 1917 SPEEDSTER, WALTON SP.
OLDSMOBILE 1917 SPEEDSTER.
WHITE 1917 TOURING, 16 VALVES.
CHANDLER 1918 7-PASSENGER.
NATIONAL CHUMMY, WIRE WHEELS.
MANY OTHERS.
LOBELL-ABORN, 239 WEST 55TH ST.

CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1918 4 PASSENGER.
CADILLAC 1917 AMESBURY TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 TOURING, 7 Pass.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
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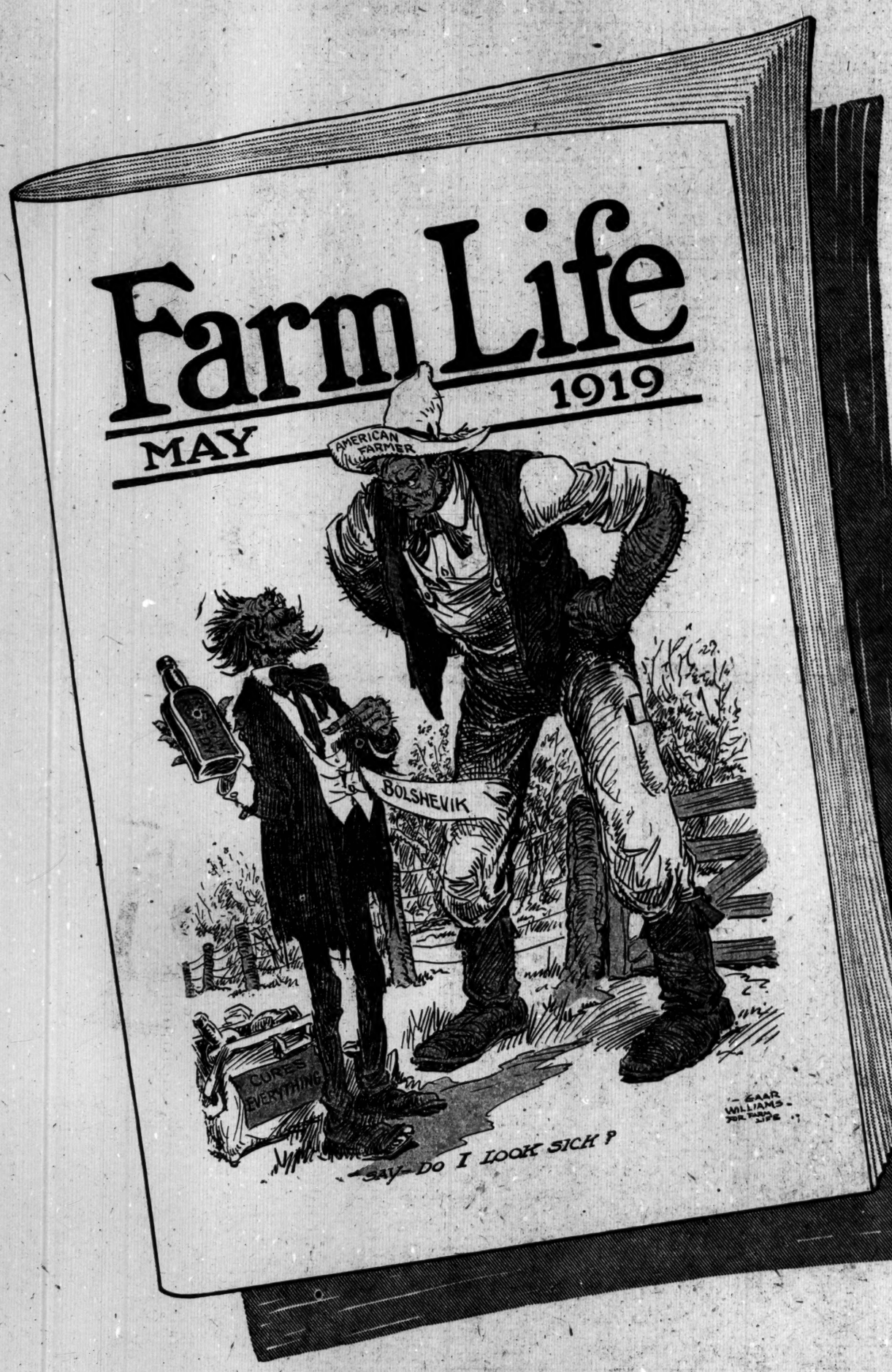

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